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St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

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VOL. 37.—NO. 270. ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 17, 1887. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER, FIFTEEN CENTS A WEEK.

CRAWFORD'S

Tuesday.

Silks for a Song!

Striped and figured summer silks, 37 1-2 cents; reduced from 50 cents. Plain pongee silks, 32 1-2 cents. Printed pongees, stripes and figures, 40 cents; were 60 cents. 250 pieces plain pongee silks for draperies, scarfs, etc., in all the newest high art colorings, including exquisite "old" yellows, golds, reds, and the beautiful electric blues, heliotropes, serpent green, etc., etc., 35 cents a yard; reduced from 50 cents. Crawford's given the St. Louis silk trade a black eye. Those 24-inch pure silk moires, superb fabrics, reduced from $2.50 to $1.50, is the finishing stroke. Great variety grays, slates, browns, greens, mode shades, all fashionable colors, at $1.50. New pure silk crashes 40 cents a yard; wash like linen. White China silks, 65 cents; magnificent brocade bridal silks, $1.25; were $2. The latest novelty, 27-inch printed China silks, best made, specially beautiful designs, $1.15; narrower, 90 cents yard. Pure silk gros-grains, heliotrope shades, pink, white, all desirable colors—85 cents. The biggest chance you'll ever have; worth $1.50 at regular prices.

D. CRAWFORD & CO.

FOR ALL

One-Minute Coffee Pots

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DWINELL, HAYWARD & CO.'S

THREE-POUND CANS

Royal Java and Mocha Coffee

FOR SALE BY ALL

First-Class Grocers

AND AT THE

DELICATESSEN LUNCH ROOMS.

GREELEY-BURNHAM GRO. CO., Agents

THE ONLY McNICHOL.

Go Early Before the Rush.

Home I had none, no comfort beside;
Pleasures—unknown to children or wife;
Time dragged along and let us abide
Like thousands who lead such an unhappy life;
Now quit of all worries I'm unhindered, free;
I can tell how it was, and truly I speak:
I took the good counsel a friend gave to me,
I bought from McNichol and paid by the week.

My home is as fine as any could wish,
Nothing is lacking for comfort or style;
From elegant furniture down to each dish—
I never go home that my wife doesn't smile.
Well, how can she help it with everything good,
Novel, new-fashioned, all shining around;
From carpets to buffets of beautiful wood
Only the best at McNichols' I found.

I think now how foolish a man is to wait
Until he can somehow a fortune obtain
Before he will alter his desperate state
And over his own little kingdom to reign.
McNichol has made it so easy to live
That poor men like millionaires furnish as well,
Just on the one plan that will help them to give
Each week something down, and this we tell.

It ever a good thing has struck on our town—
A cyclone of luck—it was surely the man
Who came all our wishes, ambitions to crown.
McNichol, who started his installment plan.
Why, who would remain poor, hapless to roam,
With never a spot for a treasure to grow,
When now its so easy to get one a home
And pay on the terms I'm so happy to know.

Spring slipped in on us in her summer clothes; in fact, house-cleaning must be done at once. Don't worry over old carpets and glue old bureaus. Do the sensible thing, make home attractive the easiest way, pay what you can if not all at once, but do bring up the children in an atmosphere of brightness. Such lovely things now—go to

THE ONLY McNICHOL (Trade Mark),

1022, 1024 and 1032, 1034 Market St.

Oldest Established House in the City.

BEN WALKER,

Removed to 17 N. Broadway, Opposite the Court House.

Large Stock of Unredeemed Pledges FOR SALE.

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Fine Clocks, Silverware, Musical, Drawing and Surgical Instruments, Opera and Field Glasses, Stenographs, Poker Checks, Playing Cards, Boxing Gloves, Guns, Revolvers, Trunks, Satchels, Clothing, etc.

Highest amount loaned on all personal property. Business confidential.

BEN WALKER.

Genuine Carbolic Smoke Ball, Only $1.80.

Prescriptions a Specialty AT LOWEST Rates.

ANTI-MONOPOLY DRUG STORE,

S. W. Cor. Sixth and Market sts.

Drugs, Patent Medicines, Etc., 10 to 20 per cent less than at any other place in the City.

Druggists Outside City Write for Quotations.

ESTABLISHED 1859.

CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING.

SUITS CLEANED IN SIX HOURS.

	Cleaning.	Dyeing.
Coat	$1 00	$2 00
Pants	50	1 00

W. SURBLED,

N. 6th st., bet. Market and Chestnut sts.

Orders by express promptly attended to.

HOTELS.

The New Merchants' Hotel,

S. W. COR. 12TH & OLIVE.

Newly Refitted and Refurnished Throughout.

Rates, $2 per day G. W. JENKS & SON, Props.

HOTEL VENDOME.

Broadway and 41st Street, New York.

AMERICAN PLAN.

Centrally located. All the latest improvements. Cuisine and service unexcelled. Special rates to permanent guests.

L. STERNFELD, Manager.

EVERYBODY IS DELIGHTED

With our new "REXHEIM PAPERS" and the LATEST NOVELTIES in our CURTAIN DEPARTMENT. We carry the largest variety in all grades in our line of goods. CALL AND SEE THEM.

NEWCOMB BROS. Wall Paper Co.,

Paper Hangings, Curtain Materials, Etc.

303 and 305.....NORTH BROADWAY.....303 and 305



EMPIRE SOAP CO., ST. LOUIS.



PAPER HANGERS' SHEARS.

I carry all the different shapes and sizes of Paper Shears, and of strictly first-class quality. My River Brand is the BEST. Also, Paper Hangers' Knives and everything in FINE CUTLERY.

A. J. JORDAN, 612 WASHINGTON AV.

ROACHES, ANTS, BED-BUGS

And all other insects can be exterminated by using our

PURE DALMATIAN INSECT POWDER.

Guaranteed free from Yellow Ochre or any other adulterant. One Pound wooden boxes (full weight), 50 cents.

Mellier Drug Co., 711 Washington Av.

The J. M. Ward Furniture, Stove and Carpet Co

The Cheapest House in the city to buy FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES and HOUSEHOLD GOODS on

Monthly Payments at Lowest Cash Prices

PIANOS, ORGANS, BABY CARRIAGES, GASOLINE STOVES and ICE-BOXES.

1111, 1113 and 1115 FRANKLIN AV. Open Every Night Until 9 O'clock.

Alexander's Drug Store,

N. W. Corner Broadway (Fifth) and Olive Sts.

ALEXANDER'S Medical Preparations are unrivaled.

ALEXANDER'S BEEF, IRON, WINE and PEPSIN, a Nutritive Tonic. Valuable in cases of Dyspepsia, Nervous Depression and Loss of Appetite.

ALEXANDER'S COUGH MIXTURE, successful for 25 years.

ALEXANDER'S BALSAMIC CREAM, an elegant preparation for the face and hands, making them smooth and soft.

ALEXANDER'S CORN REMOVER does remove Corns.

PERFUMERY and FANCY TOILET ARTICLES.

Prescriptions accurately prepared by competent apothecaries, under the supervision of M. W. Alexander, graduate of Philadelphia College of Pharmacy.

J. & C. MAGUIRE'S

MALT EXTRACT

A healthful, agreeable, invigorating and exhilarating (non-intoxicant) beverage and nutritive Tonic, easy of assimilation, thereby assisting the digestive powers in their functions. It is LIQUID FOOD and tends to give sustenance to the system, no brain and nerve food can equal it in stimulating the functions of those organs. Its strengthening power is beyond conception. The weak and debilitated, old or young, will find in this Extract medical properties that will surprise them; the nursing mother it will strengthen and create a copious flow of milk, full of nutriment, upon which the child will thrive and be restful.

It may be used as a drink after meals, and will be found highly beneficial. It will stimulate the mental faculties, and prevent nervous depression. This Extract will serve as a valuable medium for taking QUININE, as it covers the taste and adds to its effect. It affords great relief in Dyspepsia; Physicians who have used it are highly pleased with its effect and recommend it. Although possessing the finest medicinal qualities, it is palatable and pleasant to the taste as the finest wines or cordials.

Try it and be convinced of its excellence. No household should be without it.

Prepared under the direction of JAMES MAGUIRE, Chemist and Druggist. Established 1841.

For Sale at MEYER BROS. & CO., Wholesale Druggists, and at Depot, 1117 South Eleventh Street, St. Louis, Mo.

Men's Balbriggan Underwear.
Men's Fancy Cotton Underwear.
Women's Balbriggan & Gauze Vests
Women's Jersey and Gauze Vests
Children's Gauze Underwear.
Boys' Balbriggan Underwear.

VARIETY GREAT. PRICES THE LOWEST.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.

LATEST EDITION

LASHING LANSDOWNE.

EDITOR O'BRIEN WARMLY RECEIVED BY THE IRISH OF TORONTO.

The Nationalist Makes a Rousing Speech—Germany Alarmed Over Boulanger's Mobilization Plan—Count Herbert Bismarck in Dublin—Marriage of Lord Salisbury's Eldest Son—Prairie Fires in Manitoba—Foreign News.

TORONTO, May 17.—Mr. O'Brien arrived in the city at 11 o'clock to-day from Montreal, by the Canadian Pacific Railroad. Although the hour of setting out from Montreal was very late—midnight—large crowds accompanied him to the railway depot, cheering and waiving their hats. He stood on the rear platform of the sleeping-car surrounded by the special correspondent of New York and Chicago newspapers, and by the time the train made a start his arm was swollen from hand-shaking. The crowd sang in excellent chorus, "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow," and "God Save Ireland" in which Mr. O'Brien himself joined, and as the cars moved out from the platform he took off his hat and exclaimed, "God prosper you all. God save Ireland." Then the cheers arose again. "Three cheers for the American press," was the refrain, taken up and echoed and re-echoed until those on the car could hear no more. A little later a lone man rushed across the track and, looking defiantly at Mr. O'Brien, shouted: "Three cheers for Lansdowne," and then disappeared in the darkness. "Poor fellow," remarked Mr. O'Brien, "it is a good omen. 'Buckshot' Forster shouted in the same hurried way 'No Home Rule,' but it was the last we ever heard of him for he died next day. That unknown man's voice is the first in favor of Lansdowne I have heard since I came to Canada."

THE ARRIVAL AT TORONTO.

Fifty miles from here several Toronto newspaper correspondents boarded the train and showed Mr. O'Brien the morning papers, offering their opinion at the same time that there would be no riot, though some disapproval might be shown. This has certainly been true so far. Long before he reached the depot passengers in out going trains and groups of people lined along the tracks on either side, peered in anxiously with anything but kind looks on their faces, and would exclaim, as they pointed with what looked more like the finger of scorn than of curiosity, "That's him!" At length the depot was reached at exactly 11 o'clock, and before Mr. O'Brien could rise from his seat, surging crowds who filled the platform and blocked all the passage ways overflowed into the cars, and the editor of United Ireland was swept from his seat and carried almost off his feet into a carriage which was in waiting. The first man to shake him by the hand was J. A. Mulligan, President of the local branch af the National League. Mr. Mulligan is the law partner of Sir John MacDonald, the Canadian Premier. The crowd was made up of most of the

REPRESENTATIVE IRISHMEN

n town, and as they passed from the cars to the carriages at the Union Station, where the train drew up, the first manifestation of feeling was shown. A roar of cheers, which swelled higher and higher in volume as Mr. O'Brien was recognized, greeted the Irish agitator, mingled with some coos, which, however, caused only a ripple on the surface. It has been remarked upon very much, this cooing. Slight hisses have been heard now and again, but no hooting. The coos did not seem to trouble Mr. O,Brien a bit, however, and he passed into a carriage with members of the committee amid files of policemen on foot and mounted under command of Inspector Ward. The police were supplied with several rounds of ball cartridges and from under their belts the polished barrels of gleaming six-shooters peeped out in ominous readiness.

O'BRIEN'S REPLY.

Mr. O'Brien replied as follows amid tremendous cheering: "Mr. Mulligan and Gentlemen—I assure that not for the first time nor the fiftieth time since I came to Canada, my heart has been overflowing with gratitude for the wonderful way in which our fellow-countrymen here in Canada have steered Kilbride and myself in difficulty and trial. If we were to live a hundred years we could never forget it for you, nor never forget you for the way in which you risked the dangers you had to face face in siding with us against that great and powerful man who has left hundreds of poor men, women and children homeless far away in Ireland, in Lugacurran. (Loud cheers, hoots and groans.) I can not express my sense of the way in which our excited fellow-countrymen have behaved in this mission. [Cheers and groans.] If the London Times had its way it would be literally

TREASON TO LOVE US,

and death to defend. Thank God the London Times is not going to have its way here (groans for the Times) in Toronto, nor anywhere else very much longer. (Great cheering and some hoots and hisses.) When I speak of the heroism our people have displayed in this matter, I need not say that I do not refer to mere threats of personal violence or attacks, because I take it for granted that on this free soil of Canada at this time of the day, no citizen of Canada is going to attempt to intimidate us by wild threats or by flourishing revolvers, or by brandishing anything of that kind in our faces. [Cheers and some hoots.] Our countrymen in Canada have had much more serious and substantial social and political risks than that to face in taking our part and arraying themselves with us against the powerful influences which are against us in Canada to-day."

LANSDOWNE'S UNJUST ACTION.

"It is easy enough and cheap enough to find summer friends, but this is a matter which tests to the core the sincerity of our people in Canada in their love of Ieland. [Cheers and applause.] The old instincts of your Irish hearts burst through every difficulty and danger to be with us in our struggle in behalf of the poor and oppressed. (Doud cheers and some hoots.) God bless you and God prosper you for the good will the whole Canadian people have shown? (Cheers) for the fair play they have given me (renewed cheers). The more this subject is argued out in a reasonable way by reasonable men and by intelligent and liberty-loving men, the more will the stamp of public condemnation and reprobation be put upon Lansdowne's unjust action. [Loud cheers and some hoots.] And the sooner will the poor people of Luggacurran return once more to their humble homes in peace and in triumph, wit blessings on your heads." (Loud and prolonged cheers, mingled with some hoots and hisses.)

England.

MARRIAGE OF THE PREMIER'S SON.

LONDON, May 17.—Viscount Cranborne, member of Parliament, and eldest son of Lord Salisbury, was married to-day to Lady Cicily Alice Gore, daughter of the Earl of Arran. Among those who witnessed the ceremony were the Prince and Princess Christian, the Duke and Duchess of Teck, and a number of aristocrats.

Ireland.

COUNT HERBERT BISMARCK.

DUBLIN, May 17.—Count Herbert Bismarck arrived in Dublin yesterday. He is the guest of the Marquis of Londonderry, the Lord Lieutenant.

France.

FISHERMEN'S PROTEST.

PARIS, May 17.—A deputation of fisherman from Norman and Breton ports called upon Foreign Minister Flourens yesterday and asked him to protest against the Newfoundland fishery bill stopping the sale of bait to Frenchmen. M. Flourens promised to bring the matter before the Chamber of Deputies.

A GERMAN SPY ARRESTED.

A German named Hassler has been arrested at Dijon as a spy. He had served in the Prussian army, and had in his possession lists of all Alsatians living in the neighborhood.

GERMANY ALARMED.

BERLIN, May 17.—The Kreuz Zeitung and the Berlin Post urge the necessity of Germany's mobilizing her army in the event of Gen. Boulanger's plan being adopted. The Post further recommends the withdrawal of all the reserves and all horses fit for war purposes from Alsace-Lorraine, for fear the troops may use what they have learned from Germany against Germany herself.

MGR. ROTELLI'S INSTRUCTIONS.

ROME, May 17.—Mgr. Roteili, the newly-appointed Nuncio to France, has received private instructions from the Pope, relative to the course he is to pursue in his efforts to bring about a complete removal of the differences between the Vatican and France, and will start immediately for Paris. He will bear a letter from the Pope to President Grevy.

Italy.

RECONCILIATION WITH THE VATICAN.

FLORENCE, May 17.—Sig. Fazzari, a member of the Chamber of Deputies, writes to La Nazione that he believes an entente between Italy and the Vatican could easily be attained if the Pope would direct the ecclesiastical authorities of the Vatican to support at the next election for the Chamber of Deputies, candidates favoring snch a reconciliation. The writer says King Humbert is powerless to act unless public opinion points that way. It is necessary, therefore, that the Pope, continuing his policy of conciliation should so act as to make possible the election of a large majority who favor reconciliation. The moment has come for decisive action. Let the Pope take the initiative and Italy will be grateful to him. This letter of Signor Fazzari has been much discussed in Parliamentary circles in Rome.

Germany.

THE BRANDY TAX BILL.

BERLIN, May 17.—The Reichstag Committee yesterday, by a vote of 19 to 6, adopted the first clause of the brandy tax bill. This signifies the passage of the whole bill.

Russia.

WOULD-BE ASSASSINS EXECUTED.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 17.—The five men who took the most prominent part in the plot to assassinate the Czar on March 13 were executed yesterday.

The Czar and Czarina have arrived at Riazan, on their way to the Don Cossack's country. They were welcomed by the Marshals and members of the nobility.

Belgium.

STANLEY'S EXPEDITION.

BRUSSELS, May 17.—Dr. Junker, the Russian explorer, in an interview with a reporter of the Associated Press to-day said he had received letters from Emin Bey dated last November. In those Emin Bey said the route between Uganda and Wadelai was open. Dr. Junker says he thinks that the success of Stanley's relief expedition is, barring accidents, assured by the fact that the routes are open.

Egypt.

SUNK IN A COLLISION.

LONDON, May 17.—The British steamer Caldera, bound from Pondicherry for Marseilles, has been sunk near Suakim by collision with the British steamer Goorkha, from London for Calcutta. The Goorkha was badly damaged. The crew of the Caldera were saved.

The Dominion.

PRAIRIE FIRES IN MANITOBA.

WINNIPEG, Manitoba, May 17.—Dispatches received from various points throughout Manitoba report serious losses during the past week to settlers by prairie fires and heavy windstorms. Near Branton Hills Messrs. Black, Cregan and Crompton were burned out. At Bamsley, Katepewe, Gladstone and McGregor several settlers lost their stables and buildings. At Plum Creek Crosthwaite's agricultural warehouse was blown down and the roof of the Crescent Hotel blown off.

WELL ATTENDED.

Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F. Convenes This Morning—Daughters of Rebecca.

The Grand Lodge of I. O. O. F. met this morning at their hall, northeast corner of Fourth and Locusts streets, at 9 o'clock. This s the forty-ninth annual meeting of the Grand Lodge. The following officers were present: D. A. Smith, Grand Master; A. Redheffer, Deputy Grand Master; J. T. Gmelict, Grand Warden; E. M. Sloan, Grand Treasurer; Henry Cadel, Grand Representative; A. A. Wheeler, Grand Representative; Rev. L. T. Munturn, Grand Chaplain; W. H. Dawson, Grand Marshal; G. D. Gray, Grand Conductor; T. P. Ripley, Grand Guardian; Chas. Milford, Grand Herald. From seventy-five to eighty representatives were present at the opening. Addresses from the Grand Master and the Grand Secretary were read and referred to appropriate committees. The Past Official and Grand degrees were conferred upon a number of Past Grands. The session will continue through to-morrow, when the election of officers will take place.

DAUGHTERS OF REBECCA.

The Convention of the Daughters of Rebecca held a meeting last night, at which the State Secretary presented her annual report, which shows the society to be in a flourishing condition. The choice for the next place of meeting was between St. Louis and Sedalia, but after discussion it was decided to meet here again next May. The secret work of the order will be exemplified at the hall to-morrow. The hop will take place at the Pickwick to-night instead of to-morrow night as previously stated.

Features of the entertainment will be an address by R. A. DeBolt of Trenton and an exhibition drill by Canton Paran, No. 1, of this city.

PONDIR'S POINTERS.

HISTORY OF THE CREDIT MOBILIER TOLD THE PACIFIC COMMISSION.

A Wall Street Broker Tells an Interesting Story, With Jay Gould as an Interested Listener—The King of Financiers Takes the Stand and Makes a Statement Regarding His Connection With the Union Pacific.

NEW YORK, May 17.—The continuation of the investigation before the Pacific Railway Commission, this morning, found the well-known broker, John Pondir, on the stand. Pondir went over the old story of the Credit Mobilier, in which the names of Jim Fisk, Jay Gould, Oakes and Oliver Ames, John B. Alley and others figured prominently and which has been made familiar to the public by the investigation of the old Wilson-Poland committee. Pondir took occasion to vindicate Oakes Ames, saying that he was an honorable man, and was killed by the infamous stories told concerning him.

When asked if John B. Alley was dead, the witness said he was as good as dead; that he was poor. Pondir attempted to show the connection of Mr. Blaine with the Credit Mobilier. He said that when Tom Scott was elected President of the Union Pacific, Scott told the witness that he had eighty-two bonds which belonged to Mr. Blaine which the Union Pacific would have to pay. The stock was shown to witness. It was not stock of that company, but he did not know what stock it was.

Mr. Pondir was dismissed with a request to furnish his books for the use of the commission, and left the chair to find the king of financiers, Jay Gould, whom he had been abusing soundly, sitting directly behind him. He greeted him with familiarity, and said he had left a little for Mr. Gould to explain to the commission. Mr. Gould accepted this pat on the back smilingly, but said nothing, being absorbed in the contemplation of a lot of figures he held in his hand.

GOULD ON THE STAND.

Jay Gould was the next witness. He had resided in New York since 1858. During the past twenty-five years he has been connected with railroads. His first connection with the Union Pacific was in 1873. In the spring of that year he met Horace F. Clark in Chicago. He spoke so highly of the property that he sent an order to New York to buy at 35 and scale down. Mr. Clark was sick and about to die and his stock was sold. "My orders catching it, the stock began to go down and I was anxious," continued the witness. "I asked Mr. Alley what was the matter with Union Pacific; it went down to 15.

FUNDING THE DEBT.

"He said that it had an immense floating indebtedness, and $10,000,000 in funds due. I found that Sidney Dillon and Oliver Ames could be relied on among the directors, and we went to work to fund this floating debt. I had 100,000 shares of the stock at that time. I became a member of the Board in 1874, and was a member of the Executive Committee. Sydney Dillon, Oliver Ames, F. Gordon Dexter continued to hold office as directors. As we improved the property the stock went up. I went over the road twice a year, while a director. I had no interest in the suit of James Fisk, Jr., against the Union Pacific. I think David Dudley Field was one of Mr. Fisk's lawyers. He has acted for me. I deny emphatically that I had any connection with the Union Pacific before 1873. I never took any interest in the Kansas Pacific until 1878 and recall nothing of the proposed consolidation with the Union Pacific as early as 1875. There might have been something in the press about it, but I am not responsible for what floats about in the papers; remember nothing of a consultation with Col. Thomas Scott at the Continental Hotel, in Philadelphia, concerning a proposed consolidation of the roads in 1875; nor do I remember of any action looking to a unity of interests between the Kansas Pacific and Colorado Central at that time. The Colorado Central was a purely mineral road at that time. It had a connection with the Union Pacific to Cheyenne." Mr. Gould produced a Union Pacific time-table with map to explain the connection of the roads.

"Don't you know, Mr. Gould, that there was an agreement in 1875 for a union of the Kansas Pacific and Colorado Central whereby the stock of the Kansas Pacific was to be increased $20,000,000."

"Now that you recall it, there was; but it was never consummated. We were trying to force a pro rata with the Kansas Pacific, and this was one of the attempts. I think I must have seen Col. Scott in this connection, for the St. Louis people had a great deal of confidence in him. The branch connecting with the Union Pacific and Colorado Central was built before 1878, but I don't remember exactly when. The effect of building this line was to lessen the earnings of the Denver Pacific. I have an indistinct recollection of an agreement in 1875 whereby the Colorado traffic was surrendered to the Kansas Pacific, the Union Pacific taking all west of Cheyenne. I increased my interest in Union Pacific from 1873 to 1878. I owned about 200,000 shares in 1878. The entire issue was 375,000 shares."

INTERMENT OF DR. WALTHER.

Imposing Ceremonial at the Evangelical Lutheran Trinity Church.

At 12 o'clock noon to-day the funeral services over the body of the late Rev. C. F. W. Walther were held in the Evangelical Lutheran Trinity Church, corner of Eighth street and Lafayette avenue. The church was crowded, between 3,000 and 4,000 persons being within the walls, while around the church, for a distance of two blocks in either direction, the pavements were so crowded the police could with difficulty keep an open way for persons wishing to pass on. Capt. Frangel, with a squad of twenty-five police and two sergeants, Hail and Campbell, kept the crowd in order and directed the movement of the carriages. The carriages were drawn up on Eighth street and Lafayette avenue, and under the direction of the four mounted marshals were moved into the line at the appropriate times. The church interior was draped, festoons being carried across the front of the organ loft, and the galleries; the pillars were swathed in black the pulpit and altar were covered with crepe. The body of the deceased President of Concordia Seminary, lay under a catafalque in front of the altar, where it had been lying in state since last Friday. From the day of his death, Saturday, May 7, until Friday, the body lay in state at the Seminary.

The crowd began pouring into the church at about 11 o'clock and an even stream continued until the services began with the singing of a hymn by the congregation. President C. Schwan of the General Synod delivered the funeral oration. It was a eulogy of the deceased, delivered with great fervor and effectiveness.

Prof. Craemer of the Springfield (Ill.) Theological Seminary from the altar spoke of the many worthy works of the dead man and of the lessons death taught. The students from Concordia Seminary sang a choral, and the congregation was dismissed. When the church was emptied the members of the General Synod, some 250 in number, who had come here from Fort Wayne, Ind., in a body, viewed the remains. The casket was then placed in the hearse by the following pall-bearers: Prof. H. Guinter, Prof. F. Preper, Prof. E. Lange, and Revs. G. Stoeckhardt, Otto Hanser, S. Schaller, George Wangerin, H. Sieck, L. Jansow, C. C. Brandt, Wm. Achenback, N. C. Bartels, Schwankosky, Henry Birkner, and Marten.

The cortege was formed headed by a detachment of mounted police; next came the Marshals, Charles Ude, Wm. Ude, Schutz, J. G. Hase and H. Ellerman. students of the seminary, young men's societies, officers of the Synod, pastors, teachers, elders of the city congregations, pall bearers, hearse, relatives and finally friends followed. The line was of great length, reaching over eight blocks. At Saxon Cemetary on Gravois road the coffin was placed in the grave. Pastor Otto Hauser of Trinity pronounced the words of interment and Pastor H. Sieck the benediction. With a responsive choral service lead by Paston Wangerin, the rites were concluded.

A LONG FIGHT.

The Builders' Troubles—The Montauk Split—A Big Boycott.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 17.—The conditions of the lock-out are still unchanged. Both sides remain firm, and give no indication to come to an understanding and resume work. The bricklayers declare themselves as ready to work for any employer who agrees to pay on Saturday. They admit that the demand which at first caused the lock-out is not now the question at issue. Many of them, especially the Germans, would be inclined to recede from their latest demand and go to work, but for the fact of their having learned that the master builders will insist on lopping off many of the cherished privileges of the union. This attempt to curtail the sway of the union, its members declare, they are prepared to resist to the last extremity.

The master carpenters, the lime-dealers, the master painters, the stone quarrymen, and, in fact, all contractors, have come to the conclusion that now it is their turn to make demands on their men. This will formally be done at a meeting of the representatives of the various trades at the Builders' Exchange to-morrow. Three delegates will be present from each trade, and a code of laws for the government of employer and employe will then be perfected. A master mason who has taken an active part in the recent proceedings of his association said that the code, among other things, would insist on the right of the master masons to engage all the apprentices they can work, that the walking delegate must be abolished and that the foreman must not belong to unions. All workmen who apply for employment and who profess their willingness to submit to the terms of the code will then be put to work.

The employers repudiate the accusation that they are engaged in a crusade against unions. On the contrary, they say they are strongly in favor of well-conducted unions. They freely admit the wisdom of men combining for their protection and advancement, but they claim the union, by its arbitrary demands and absurd proceedings, has become intolerable, and as the reformation which it needs to make it beneficial to its members cannot be effected from within they propose to accomplish it. The brick-layers act as if the present situation to them is quite agreeable, and that they are satisfied with the prospect for the future. They say word has been received from the executive officers of the International organization, announcing that none of its members would come to Chicago to take the places of the men locked out.

A large number of men left the city yesterday. They went to Sycamore, Ill., to Omaha, and Wichita, Kan., where work had been secured for them.

A general lockout of the carpenters will be inaugurated by the Master Carpenters' Association to-morrow night. The master carpenters have determined to support the masons.

The Montauk Fight.

NEW YORK, May 17.—For about the tenth time in two years the case of the Montauk Association, Knights of Labor of Brooklyn, in its struggle for separate existence from District Assembly 49 of this city was rehearsed last night and the conclusion was the same as on all previous occasions. T. B. Barry and T. B. Maguire, were appointed a special committee of the General Executive Board to make the investigation, and they met committees from the Brooklyn association and 49 in Pythagoras Hall last night. The two sides to the controversy were ably represented, but the result was apparently a foregone conclusion. It was reported after the meeting that the Montauks would not get a charter, and as the local assemblies comprising the association have been suspended and are not, therefore, considered members of the order, it remains for them to declare what they will do now. It was said that Mr. Maguire asked the Brooklynites, among other questions, whether they would return to the fold of 49. They said they would not, neither would they pay up their dues to that assembly. It was stated that they had performed all the duties of Knighthood and had done nothing to forfeit their membership. They desired only home rule and if they did not have that they would get along outside the order. Their field was Brooklyn and Long Island, which was large enough for them, and there was plenty of work to do there. They were determined to do their best for labor and could exist regardless of the order.

A Big Lock-out.

HAVERHILL, Mass., May 17.—Owing to the failure of a compromise being agreed upon last evening between the Executive of the Knights of Labor and the Manufacturers Association, in regard to the troubles at Chick Bros' shoe factory, forty manufacturing establishments closed their doors this morning, throwing out of employment about 3,000 persons. The State Board of Arbitration has been appealed to and hopes are entertained of a speedy settlement.

MATTERS IN COURT.

Cases Before Judge Thayer To-Day—Divorce Proceedings Under the Dome.

Judge Lubke to-day granted a decree of divorce to Mrs. Annie P. Brown against Henry M. Brown. They were married in July, 1883, and the separation took place in January of the present year. Mrs. Brown charged her husband with drunkenness and cruel and barbarous conduct, and failure to support. When they separated he told her to go and scratch for herself. He frequently threatened to kill her.

Judge Thayer will go to Hannibal next week to sit in the new division of the United States District Court.

Letters of administration were granted to-day to Charlotte Lunstroth on the estate of Henry Lunstroth. The estate is valued at $1,250.

Judge Seddon to-day decided in favor of the defendants the Atchison case against the Atchison minors for board and clothings. The plaintiff was the uncle of the minors and as members of his family the court construes the board and clothing in the light of gratuities. The uncle's proof was insufficient to establish his claim.

G. E. Wetzel entered a suit to-day in the Circuit Court against A. S. Knapper to recover $746.73 on a note.

The suit of Fritz Keitel against the Cable & Western Railroad Company, a claim for personal injuries sustained by a buggy accident on the cable track, was called before a jury to-day in Judge Seddon's court.

Judge Dillon has overruled the motion for a new trial of the Ashley divorce suit.

A petition for incorporation of the Boss Bricklayers' Aid Association has been filed in the Circuit Court and assigned to Judge Dillon's division.

The following judgments were rendered in the Circuit Court to-day: State to use of Florence Powers against Helen J. Powers and bondsmen, judgment for penalty of bond and damages assessed at $4,353.36. James Brooks Johnson vs. John Moran, judgment for plaintiff for $636.70; Schwab Clothing Company vs. Henry and Solomon Zork, judgment for $269.10; Carl Weantrock vs. August Zimmer, judgment for defendant for $100.

The following cases in the Circuit Court were dismissed to-day: Sherman vs. Post et al; Bradley Manufacturing Company vs. Starrock. Whiting et al. vs. Lassaig; Smith vs. Terre Haute & Indianapolis Railroad Company; A. B. Mayer Manufacturing Company vs. Peter B. Mathiason.

Michael H. Bruce entered a plea of not guilty to-day in the United States District Court on the charge of cutting timber on Government land. His personal recognizance was taken for appearance at the November term of the Court.

In the proceeding against John L. Bernecker and bondsmen, a claim against a distiller, the garnishment as to the German-American Bank and B. F. Engelke was dismissed to-day in the United States District Court.

He Married the Girl.

In the Criminal Court this morning a nolle prosequi was entered in th esse of Fred Voepel, a youth who was indicted for leading astray Katie Glaser of No. 4022 St. Ferdinand avenue. The boy married her, hence the nolle prosequi. Justice Kane performed the ceremony.

MAULING THE ICE POOL.

THE BUTCHERS RESOLVE NOT TO DEAL WITH ASSOCIATION MEN.

Evidence That Inside Dealers Are Getting Shaky and Are Cutting Prices—James L. Huse Admits That the Prices Are Too High—The Opposition Spreading Over the City—Anti-Pool Dealers.

The ice pool has a case of shakes to-day. It received a terrible blow last evening from the stalwart Butchers' Union. The union at a meeting heard the report of its committee to the effect that the Ice-Dealers' Association had decided not to sell ice to the butchers for less than 35 cents a hundred, and the butchers resolved at once to buy no more ice from the pool men. Mr. O'Brien of Halohan & O'Brien was on hand and offered to sell all the ice they wanted for from 16 cents to 20 cents a hundred in the cars.

A CANVASS OF UNION MARKET

disclosed the fact that the butchers mean to stand by the resolution and will not pay more than they paid last year, which was 25 cents. This, they say, is as much as ought to be paid when ice is more plentiful and was put in cheaper than last year.

Another fact was disclosed by the canvass of the market and this is that some of the retail ice-dealers are weakening on pool prices, and rather than give up good customers will sell below schedule rates. The big butchers get special reductions from the committee and others who do not get these special reductions refuse to pay the full price and the retailers in the pool find some way of getting around it.

The butchers are valuable customers. There are 500 in the union, and they average over $2 a day in ice expenses, which makes a total at the lowest estimate of $1,000 a day. The sum of $1,500 is nearer the truth, and the total may run over that. The withdrawal of this amount of custom from the pool cannot but be a severe blow. The butchers in the market say that they will buy from outsiders to get cheap ice, but that it is hardly necessary, as members of the pool quietly meet the outside prices, and while ostensibly selling at 35 cents collect only 25 cents or give rebates. Another trick is to put in enough ice to make the cost 25 cents and charge for an amount that figures up 35 cents. They put in say 250 pounds and charge for 200 only. This is an indication that when it comes down to keeping trade the pool agreement does not amount to much.

The lowest special reduction to butchers is about 27½ cents a hundred, but the dealers even go below that to retain custom.

THE ACTION OF THE BUTCHERS

need only be followed by a few other trades or by a few combinations to pull the rip-cord in the pool balloon and cause a collapse. There is too much ice in the country to admit of an attempt to control prices in this high-handed way. Combination will defeat it for the trades, but the most difficult problem is how to gain a reduction for families. Combinations are harder in this case, and the only way is to get ice from from the cheap men and refuse to take ice from the pool men as long as the present price is maintained.

MR. JAMES L. HUSE,

secretary of the Huse & Loomis Ice Company, one of the strongest firms in the wholesale ice business, said to-day that the Retail Ice Dealers' Association had put the prices too high, and had invited opposition. "They were hungry," said he, "because they had not made any money for several years and wanted to make up for it. I warned them not to go to high, but they did it. I think the price for butchers and for families too high, and yet I think the price charged last year too low. It should have been between the two."

This is a pretty frank admission from an ice man who is in the pool and it means a good deal. It means that the profits on the business are simply enormous. Wholesale men are far from blameless, however, and they put up the price to the retailers in the first instance, and unwarrantably, because they had more and better ice put up at cheaper cost than they had last year. The retailers say that with the price offered by the wholesalers they had to advance prices. There is a good deal of extortion about it in both cases.

JOSEPH GERARDI

of the Planters' House says that he has been buying ice for years from Huse & Loomis, and without a particle of warning after the ice harvest was all over the price of his ice was increased 50 cents a ton. He says at the rate he gets ice he could have built himself an ice-house, put up his own ice and saved money on the season. The other hotels who have not contracts extending over several years have been treated in the same way. The gouge is general by the pool dealers.

The shaky condition of the retailers, who are losing custom right and left, has been shown by the efforts they make to retain custom and to drive away outsiders. Much of this liberal spirit is to be feared and the people will do well to encourage the outsider, as the pool is resorting to just such tricks to break up opposition and then to return to the monopoly prices. The opposition, however, is of a kind that is likely to stay all summer. Opposition dealers are springing up on all sides with plenty of fine ice back of them.

Paul Young one associatiation dealer, has sold out his business and quit, and a large part of his old route is occupied by an outsider.

ANTI-POOL DEALERS.

Wm. H. Buehler of 4401 Easton avenue, who is on the regular list of association dealers, sent his card to this office to-day as an outsider selling below pool prices and he is in partnership with Thomas Kennah, at the northeast corner of Twentieth and Poplar streets, where they advertise anti-pool pure Northern ice at reasonable prices.

Another dealer is David O'Connor, 2906 Manchester road, who sells ice to families at 40 cents, grocery and other stores and saloons at 25 cents and butchers 30 cents.

A Peoria ice man who has a representative named Reece here selling ice sends it down by barge to the city and has a large custom at reasonable rates, and an ice manufacturing company of Cincinnati offers to sell ice at half the association prices. The ice was put to a test at the Southern and it required twice the time to melt it that it required to melt lake ice under the same conditions.

The dealers selling below pool prices already mentioned are Halohan & O'Brien, Main and Palm streets, and W. V. Miller, 1308 North Tenth street.

AT WORK AGAIN.

The Interstate Commission at Washington—Discrimination Against Nebraska.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 17.—The Interstate Commerce Commission, the members of which are now in the city, will to-morrow hear argument upon the petition of the Illinois Central Railway Company asking for a permanent suspension of the operation of section 4 so far as that road is concerned. A hearing will also be given the Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific Railway Company, the Alabama Great Southern Railroad Company, the New Orleans & Northeastern Railroad Company, the Vicksburg & Meridian Railroad Company, and the Vicksburg, Shreveport & Pacific Railroad Company, forming what is known as the "Queen & Crescent System," upon their joint petition; also asking for permanent suspension of the fourth section, so far as the same affects their system.

The Commission is in constant receipt of communications asking for decisions in hypothetical cases. To each of these requests the Commission replies declining to consider any but bona-fide cases, which are regularly filed and authenticated by the affidavits of the parties in interest.

Protesting Against Discrimination.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 17.—The Railroad Commissioners are continuing their demands upon the Burlington management in Nebraska in the matter of the radical discriminations that exist on the tariff sheet in the matter of freights from Chicago and St. Louis to Omaha and Lincoln. The Railroad Commissioners find that Lincoln, and, in a secondary way, the South Platte country in Nebraska, are suffering from these discriminations.

Robbed By Highwaymen.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

MOBERLY, Mo., May 17.—R. R. Ray, a fireman for the Wabash Railroad, was knocked down last night by three thugs and robbed of $70. He received severe injuries, but is not fatally hurt. He had just drawn his pay from the Wabash pay-car.

SOCIETY CHAT.

Happenings of Interest in Local Social Circles.

Mrs. M. J. Byrnes of Washington avenue gave last night the last of her series of Monday receptions. A game of bean bag was the special feature of the evening. The prizes, won by Miss Clara Mitchell, Miss Fannie Kimball and Miss Nettie Harney, consisted of beautiful bunches of roses. The gentlemen who won prizes were Messrs. Harry Newington Lem Burr, and Swazey.

Mrs. Byrnes wore white corded silk, veiled with black thread lace, combined with black velvet, trimmed with jet.

Miss Johnson, half-mourning toilet of black gros grain trimmed with dull jet.

Miss Mamie Lamb of Hannibal, black faille richly trimmed with black jet, and garniture of cardinal ribbons.

Miss Genevieve Von Phul, white pique, with gilet, cuffs and collar of black velvet.

Miss Fannie Kimball, pink crepe, with full draperies looped high on the side. The corsage cut in deep points, and filled with white tulle, full long sleeves of white tulle.

Miss Virginia Kimball, white India muslin, with bebe waist and garniture of blue ribbons.

Miss Nettie Harney, light gray organdy, made with high, tucked corsage; broad belt of blue with blue sash; blue ribbons at the throat and corsage bouquet of pink roses.

Miss Irene McNeil, green and white striped faille with full draperies; the deep pointed corsage cut round and filled with lace drawn up to the throat; puffed lace sleeves reaching to the elbow. A becoming large white hat completed the toilet.

Miss Neal, white albatross cloth combined with white surah; the corsage cut high, with vest and collar and cuffs of the silk.

Miss Lutie Kimball, white India muslin, made simply with garniture of blue ribbons.

Miss Margie Bakewell, blue nun's veiling, with loose full draperies looped high on the side, and trimmed with white lace; corsage en V, filled with lace.

Miss Belle Rowland, silver grey satin, made dancing length, with bouffante draperies and deep flounce of white lace; Pompadour corsage, with fichu of white lace.

Miss Nettie Wherry, black gros grain, with gilet of light blue silk.

Miss Mary Hill, pale blue nun's-veiling with soft full draperies trimmed with white lace, corsage high with garniture of lace.

Misss Josie Thatcher, heliotrope faille with draperies of cloth of the same shade, corsage montant of cloth and silk combined.

Miss Daisy Billon, apple-green silk, with pardessus and draperies of black Chantilly lace; corsage low and sleeveless, with lace covering the shoulders and arms, flots of green ribbons confining the draperies.

Miss Eliza Clendennin, white India linen, made dancing length, with collar and cuffs and sash of apple-green faille.

Boggs—Phelps.

This evening at 8 o'clock Miss Lulu Phelps, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Phelps, will be married to Mr. George B. Boggs, formerly of Canada, now of this city and connected with the Missouri Pacific Railroad. The ceremony will be performed at the Delmar Avenue Baptist Church by Rev. Dr. Harris, pastor of that church, and will be followed by a reception at the residence of the bride's parents, on Sheridan avenue, to which about fifty guests have been invited.

The bride will wear a handsome gown of white satin, en traine, finished with a pleating of lace around the bottom and arranged in full poufs at the back. The tablier is covered with poufs of illusion, with a panel of pleated satin on one side, the pleats confined by large bows of satin ribbon, and a hip pannier of satin, finished with lace on the left side. The corsage is cut square and filled with tulle, and puffed tulle sleeves reaching to the elbow, where they are met by long kid gloves. The veil of illusion will be worn with a spray of orange blossoms, while the corsage bouquet and the flowers which she will carry in her hand, will be Nephitus roses and lilies of the valley. There will be one couple in attendance, Miss Lillie Werner and Mr. Will Ironside. Miss Werner will wear white embroidered muslin, made short, with full puffs at the back, and Pompadour corsage filled with lace. She will carry a bunch of white roses.

Mrs. Phelps, mother of the bride, will wear black and grey-striped silk, trimmed with black lace, and corsage en V, filled with tulle, corsage bouquet of heliotrope and tea roses. Miss Ida Phelps, white India muslin, trimmed with deep ruffles of embroidery; bebe corsage, drawn close about the throat under a band of blue ribbon; a broad blue sash defining the waist.

Master Willie Phelps will also be of the bridal party.

Mr. and Mrs. Boggs will reside for the present at 2345 Park avenue; later they will go East for a brief visit.

Notes.

Miss Grace Bauman entertains the Mosaic Club this evening.

Miss Mary Boyce of Delmar avenue gives a handsome dinner party this evening complimentary to Miss Johnson of New York.

This evening an entertainment for the benefit of St. John's Episcopal Church will be given at Liederkranz Hall. A little comedy will be given, also a series of beautiful tableaux from "Lalla Rookh," that character being taken by a South Side belle, noted for her beauty and grace.

Mrs. W. G. Smith is visiting her niece, Mrs. Mattie Kennedy.

Mr. and Mrs. John Harney and family will leave to-morrow for California.

Mrs. Loker, nee Thatcher, has arrived from Denver and is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Des Loge.

Miss Ida Payne, who has been the guest for the past six weeks of Miss Jessie Tutt, has returned to her home in Nashville, having been delightfully entertained while here.

Mrs. Montine Pallen and daughter, Miss Nettie Pallen, are still at Lincoln Flats. They will leave early in June for the East.

Mrs. Dr. Bryson and little son have returned from a month's sojourn in Florida.

Mrs. F. M. Coppinger has returned from a visit to her sister, Mrs. Spaulding, at Lebanon, Ky.

Miss Irene Rivers is entertaining the Misses Penn of St. Louis County this week.

Mr. Arthur Warren returned yesterday from Eureka Springs. Mrs. Warren and daughter will remain there a few weeks longer.

Mrs. Dr. Thomas J. O'Reilly left with a party of friends last week to spend a few weeks in California.

Mrs. Raymond Papin, who has been spending the winter in California, has returned.

Miss Edith Jones left last week for Califonia where she will reside in future.

Miss Mary Kavanaugh is visiting Miss Fanuie Kemper at St. Charles.

Miss Dora Taylor has returned from a visit to her aunt, Mrs. Bernard Protte. Her engagement to Dr. Nelson of Virginia is announced.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Peckham left on Saturday for the Eastern resorts.

Mrs. Duroll is with her daughter, Mrs. Remme, located at the Planters' House, having spent the winter in Calfornia.

Miss Dollie Aldridge is visiting Miss Cora Moorhead at Montgomery City.

Mrs. Dr. Engleman is entertaining her sister Mrs. Roesch from Germany.

Mrs. Eiseman of Laclede avenue has returned from a visit to her mother at Cincinnati.

Misses Edith and Jeanette January have returned from a visit to their relatives in Louisville, Ky.

Sundry Stealings.

Henry Werner's residence, No. 2268 South Jefferson avenue, was entered by burglars yesterday afternoon during the absence of the family and $35 and a revolver stolen from a trunk. Entrance was effected by forcing open the basement door. It is supposed that the burglars are some boys, who were seen about the house, as they threw aside a valuable gold chain, which was in the trunk.

James Walker's room, No. 1825 Olive street, was entered yesterday morning and $7.50 stolen.

George Mathews' dye-house, No. 312 Olive street, was entered Saturday night and a suit valued at $10, belonging to E. S. Reynolds, a workman at the place, stolen.

GREAT reduction sale at the Globe to-morrow.

New Warrants.

Maggie Wilburt is charged with stealing $10 from William Lyons.

George Thompson is accused of stealing a rubber coat.

Peter McGuire was jailed on a charge of stealing $2 from Emma Foact.

May Grady charges Tillie Nelson with the larceny of a shawl.

FLATTERING FIGURES.

SHOWING HOW THE CITY'S MONEY HAS BEEN HANDLED.

Mayor Francis' Annual Message to the Municipal Assembly—Health Commissioner Stevenson Preparing to Surrender to His Successor—A Short Interview Between Statesmen—O'Malley to Nelson—Municipal Matters.

Mayor Francis was closeted at the City Hall to-day preparing his annual message for the Municipal Assembly. The message will include the reports of the heads of departments for the fiscal year which has just closed. If the message is completed by 7 p. m., it will be forwarded to the Council to-night. The work on the message prevented his honor from considering names for the remainder of the slate. A notice reading: "The Mayor will not be in to-day," was hung on the door of the executive office early this morning, to confront and repulse the army of politicians which assaults the Municipal headquarters every morning. As the gaze of statesmen fell upon the sign they turned away, but lingered about the outside offices to see that no other fellow passed in. The Mayor appeared in the main offices occasionally, but announced the fact that he was too busy to consider applications.

The report, which is in the course of preparation, makes a very good showing. The total receipts from the various sources devoted to the payment of the expenses of conducting the city government amount to $3,500,000. The revenue collected for interest on public debt amounted to $1,500,000; on other accounts $950,000, making a total revenue of about $5,950,000. Under the new bond arrangement the revenue for payment of interest on the public debt need not be so large. By the taxation rate bill now before the Municipal Assembly the citizens within the old limits will be given the benefit of that condition of things by a reduction of $90,000 in the taxes, which is equivalent to a decrease of the rate from 2.55 to 2.50. To this equalizing arrangement the new limits residents are unwilling to agree. Within the last two years the total taxable values have raised from $211,000,000 to $215,000,000, the increased valuation coming from the new limits where values have been increased about $9,000,000, while along Main street, Second street, and in certain localities the decreases aggregate over $4,000,000. The surplus revenue collected for interest on public debt has been allowed to accumulate in the sinking fund, out of which $837,000 was paid on the matured principal during the year, still, however, leaving a total indebtedness of $22,000,000. This is not in excess of other cities, however. In the case of Chicago, which is the only large city whose indebtedness is put down much below St. Louis, its advantage is only apparent, not real. The city carries an indebtedness of $12,000,000 on its own account, while it is saddled with by far the larger portion of the Cook county debt which foots up nearly $16,000,000. The financial showing for the year is regarded as very good.

Health-Commissioner John D. Stevenson packed up his private papers to-day and awaited the arrival of his successor, Dr. George F. Dudley, prepared to give him any points required on taking up the management of the department. Some days ago it was reported that Mayor Frances intended to appoint Gen. Stevenson to the position of Superintendent of the House of Refuge. This could not be done at present, unless the Mayor secured the consent of the Board of Managers of that institution. As he has the selection of the new Board, however, the plan is perfectly practical, though it will probably not be carried out unless requested by the friends of the outgoing Health Commissioner.

The position of Superintendent of the House of Refuge pays $1,200, with an allowance of $300 for matron, which position may be filled by the Superintendent's wife, and furnishes a residence and living.

The Merchants' Terminal.

The Railroad Committee of the House of Delegates has had all the evidence on the merchants' terminal bill submitted to them. Chairman Sullivan was asked to-day if his committee would report the bill to the House to-night. He said that the question had not yet been decided, but he is of the opinion that the report will be submitted this evening

"I Am, Etc.—Whose Dog Are You?"

President George W. Allen of the Council and Delegate Tom Wand of the House met this morning in the Mayor's office, when the following bit of badinage was pleasantly exchanged:

Allen: Hello, Ed Fox. How are you?

Wand: None of your—— business, Mr. Ed Noonan.

O'Malley to Nelson.

Every word in Webster's unabridged is expected to do duty at the Council Chamber to-night when Councilmen O'Malley and Nelson meet. It is generally understood that Nelson's scathing criticism of Mr. O'Malley's advocacy of Tom Cleary's salary bill will not go unanswered. Nelson may be better in his deliberate denunciation, but O'Malley's impromptu eloquence is Ciceronian in its flights.

SHE SWALLOWED STRYCHNINE.

A Pretty German Girl Attempts to Commit Suicide.

The quiet neighborhood of Carr and Sixteenth streets was profoundly disturbed about noon yesterday, when it was noised abroad that Miss Bertha Brandt, a pretty young girl living with her parents at No. 1011 North Sixteenth street had, early in the day, made a desperate attempt on her own life by swallowing a large quantity of strychnine. Miss Brandt is a pretty little German-American, 20 years of age. It was some four years ago that her sweet face, her large and expressive blue eyes, and her quiet and retiring disposition captured the heart of George Gruener, who was then a young man of 20, and who had finished his apprenticeship as a butcher. Bertha and George were fond of each other, and the latter boarded at the house of Bertha's father. As time passed by the young butcher saved his earnings until he had accumulated sufficient to start in the business for himself. This he did about two years ago at Biddle Market, where his stall was well patronized. In time, too, he and Bertha became engaged, so the neighbors said, and were to be married on a day not very far off. George's business at the market, however, did not prosper so well as most people thought, and three months ago he was forced to ask an extension of time from the marketmaster on his rent bill. He told the master that he could not collect his outstanding bills. He paid the rent shortly afterwards. Yesterday morning it appears that before departing for the market he had a quiet talk with Bertha. A friend of the family said that he told her his calculations had failed, and that he had not obtained certain money he had counted on, and for that reason the wedding must be put off.

Whether it was this information or some subsequent development that prompted her is unknown, but shortly after George had left the girl swallowed part of the contents of a half-ounce bottle of strychnine which her father purchased ten years ago to kill rats, and had hidden it away on the top shelf of a closet.

Dr. Guhman, whose office is near by, was hastily called, and applied the usual remedies, without much result. The girl was seized with convulsions at intervals of a half minute and a minute at first, and afterwards at intervals of four minutes. This lasted until 1 o'clock, and at 4 p. m. she was a trifle better. She was interrogated as to why she had attempted to kill herself, and her only reply was the sighful one, "Oh! I had trouble," and she would say no more.

Dr. Guhman attended the girl for most of the night and waited on her again this morning. To-day she was much better, and she will recover. The police endeavored to suppress the circumstances in the case, and Mrs. Brandt, Bertha's mother, could not be induced to speak of her daughter to-day at all. The bottle which contained the poisonous drug was made away with by the girl's mother.

Col. Fred Grant's Appointment.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 17.—Gov. Hill to-day sent the name of Col. Fred Grant to the Senate for Quarantine Commissioner.

ABOUT TOWN.

THE American Protestant Association, the transactions of which were published in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH, adjourned last evening until Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.

AT the meeting of the Teachers' Committee of the School Board last night the resignation of Miss Emma H. Arnot, third assistant of the Penrose School, was received and accepted, and Miss Mary T. Powell was appointed third assistant of the O'Fallon School.

M. C. CALKINS writes to Chief of Detectives O'Neill from Jacksonville, Ill., that W. L. May, the gas-burner man arrested here the other day, defrauded him out of $55. He says the man sent him to Jacksonville to canvas, and he has remained there ever since.

ROBERT BUCHANAN, who was run over by a train near Robert avenue, South St. Louis, yesterday morning, died at his residence, No. 711 Biddle street, at 7 o'clock last night. Buchanan had formerly been employed as a night foreman in the Iron Mountain yards.

The I. O. O. F. degree team of Canton, Mo., arrived at noon on the steamer Gem City, and to-night will exemplify the degree work on the floor of the Grand Lodge. They will repeat the work to-morrow night.

Mr. LeDoux of Silver City, at the request of Wm. F. Wernse, 210 North Third street, visited the Pauline mine and took an average sample from shaft No. 1 at a depth of 62 feet, which he expressed to St. Louis, and by assay test by Prof. Heckelman, it yielded 604 ounces in silver per ton, valued $570.78 per ton. Manager Fritsch writes under date of May 12 that he shall ship a car load of ore on the 20th, and he thinks the mill run will be about $350 per ton. He will assort the grades.

Enthusiastic Land League Meeting.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

MOBERLY, Mo., May 17.—Patrick J. Melody, the Irish Land League organizer, addressed a large meeting here last night and organized a branch of the League with fifty members, comprising many of the most prominent native Americans as well as Irish citizens of this place. A set of ringing resolutions were adopted denouncing the coercion measures of the British Parliament. Great enthusiasm prevailed, and there will be another meeting to-night.

The Bridal Bulletin.

Name.	Residence.
Wm. C. Smalts	1459 Webster av
Katie Magher	1915 Carr st
Joseph S. Golden	Ft. Scott, Kan
Huldie Sievers	2240 Randolph st
John Stueber	1512 North Market st
Clementine Jungman	1510 North Market st
Chas. O. Johnson	1111 Ohio av
Josephine Anderson	3443 S. 13th st
Geo. B. Boggs	3516 Page av
Mary L. Phelps	2739 Sheridan av
Ferd B. Goebel	2100 N. 11th st
Babethe Henrich	2100 N. 11th st
Julius Kurz	1828 Cass av
Matilda Damme	1446 Hogan st
August C. Reinhardt	2206 Eugenia st
Carrie Mulford	4145 Belle av
Frederick Vebel	City
Katie Glaser	Cote Brilliant av
Michael Mitchell	3169 Iowa av
Lizzie Koenig	3169 Iowa av
Frank Jud	175 Anna st
Rose Hilger	1825 S. 10th st
Paul Grenzer	2916 2d Carondelet av
Maggie List	3203 S. 7th st
Lee Wilson	Chesterfield, Ill
Maggie Freeman	Jerseyville, Ill
Albert Scharfenburger	809 Allen av
Mary Veas	1719 S. 7th st

PURE 18-KT. gold WEDDING RINGS. Wedding invitations, the finest, lowest prices. *Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., Cor. 4th & Locust.*

LIFE ON THE CONGO.

People Who Have No Manners and Beastly Customs.

The domestic habits of the Congo negroes, as related by Explorer Taunt, are interesting and often amusing. There is a certain tribe who shave their heads, only leaving small tufts of hair. These tufts are arranged in all sorts of fantastic shapes, and give to the wearer a very unique appearance. Then there is the chief of a great and powerful tribe in the vicinity of Leopoldville who makes his beard grow in the same manner and appearance as a Chinaman's pig-tail.

The manner of burial among the natives is very peculiar. Upon the death of a chief, the body is swathed in clothes until it resembles a hogshead. Then the head of the body is shaved clean. The body is left above ground in this state until the hair grows out, when the remains are interred in the ground.

When about eighteen days' journey above Bangala, on the Congo, Lieut. Taunt was horrified at the sight of the natives. He says that they had anchored to cut some wood for the engine. In a short time the boat was surrounded by a crowd of hard looking natives. The horrible feature of their appearance was that each had an ivory button on his upper lip. This extended some two inches over the lower lip, and the button, which was about the size of a quarter of a dollar, was buttoned right through.

While hunting in the woods he found an old tom-tom, or drum. It was made of a log about five feet long. A long, oblong hole was pierced in the top of the log, which had been dug out as much as possible. When struck on either side of the hole with a stick the log emitted a sound which could be heard for several miles. The longer the distance the more unearthly the sound.

The Congo method of execution is most revolting. Among certain tribes the person to be executed is taken out into the market-place, where he is buried to his neck in the earth. His brains are then dashed out, and a cord fastened around his neck to which is attached a stick. This is driven perpendicularly into the body and both left there to decay.

What's in a Nose?

From the Court Journal.

A new journal is to appear as the organ of the science of nazography. According to La Science en Famille, the author of the system states that nazography permits of divining the character, habits and inclination of people by a simple inspection of their noses. According to this science, it is desirable that the nose should be as long as possible, this being a sign of merit, power and genius. For example, Napoleon and Cæsar both had large noses. A straight nose denotes a just, serious, fine, judicious and energetic mind; the Roman nose, a propensity for adventure, and a wide nose with open nostrils is a mark of great sensuality. A cleft nose shows benevolence—it was the nose of Saint Vincent de Paul. The curved, fleshy nose is a mark of domination and cruelty. Catherine de Medici and Elizabeth of England had noses of this kind. The curved, thin nose, on the contrary, is the mark of a brilliant mind, but vain and disposed to be ironical. It is the nose of a dreamer, a poet, or a critic. If the line of the nose be reentrant—that is, if the nose is turned up—it denotes that its owner has a weak mind, sometimes coarse, and generally playful, pleasant or frolicsome.

Unveiling an Indian Idol.

From the Reno Gazette.

A rock which the Sioux Indians, near Fort Yates, D. T., have worshipped for generations as the petrified form of a young squaw, was formally unveiled the other day and dedicated to peace and plenty. It appears that the white settled in the vicinity have long supposed that this specimen of nature's art-work exerted a restraining influence on the Indians, but of late the rock has been removed from its original resting place and it was feared that with its removal its charm had disappeared. So the suggestion was made to Sitting Bull that the statue be placed upon a permanent pedestal and unveiled with appropriate ceremonies. This pleased the chieftain and 5,000 Indians assembled to take part in the strange medley of Christian and pagan rites by which the unveiling was accompanied.

WE CALL PARTICULAR ATTENTION OF BUYERS

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ENGLISH SERGE SUITS at $15.00

In Blue and Black, elegant fabric, our own importation—Coats, Sack and Cutaway, made half-lined. To our grand display of LIGHT-COLORED SUITS, in Cheviots, Cassimeres, Worsteds, and the most Stylish American, English, French and Scotch Suitings, all tailor-made, and THEY FIT TO PERFECTION. To our Superfine French Drap d'Ete Suits, or separate Coats, Vests or Trousers. Coats of same, cut extra length, for clergymen. To our Fine Dress Suits, Prince Albert, Four-Button Cutaway and Sack style, made of Black and Colored Diagonals, Wide and Narrow Wale, Corkscrews, Tricots and Piques, of the most celebrated French and English manufacture.

☞THEN LOOK AT OUR PRICES. See what a difference it makes to you, when you save all jobbers' profits.

BROWNING, KING & CO

Corner Broadway and Pine St. *D. C. YOUNG, Manager.*

THE LAST VOTE.

THE COUNCIL TO TACKLE THE DUST AGAIN.

Strong Probability That the Duross Bill Will Go Through as Amended—Character of the Changes Made by the House—The Absence of All Obstacles to Prompt Action.

To-night the Council will have a chance to repeat the excellent record which it made several weeks ago when it so promptly passed the Duross bill. As the amendments, as has been shown in the POST-DISPATCH, do not affect the general basis upon which the bill was originally passed, the Council is lucky in having no obstacle to prevent it from taking prompt action.

The only amendment which some may think is not entirely about a matter of detail is that including the Gravois road in the territory to be sprinkled. But it is a fortunate thing for the bill, which needs prompt action, and for the Council, which wishes to proceed intelligently, that to that body the amendment is a "chestnut." It was thoroughly discussed in the Council when the bill passed first, and those who read in the POST-DISPATCH the exhaustive report of the discussion will remember that the Council then was possessed of a great deal of information. They knew the distance the water would have to be hauled; they knew the number of cemeteries which give a marble fringe to that old road, and they knew of the desire of the people of that locality. Some members were then in favor of including it or of striking out Florissant avenue and the Bellefontaine road, so that there might be no discrimination against the southern portion; but it was finally passed without it.

The chief reason was because the temper of the House was untried.

A PROPHETIC CONVERSATION.

After that first vote in the Council, a prominent member was going home in a street car with a POST-DISPATCH reporter and their conversation turned on this very subject.

Said the Councilman: "It may strike my friends as funny that I should vote against the Gravois road amendment when my friends and kindred are sleeping so near that road that its dust blows upon their graves, and where I make frequent visits. But I voted for the bill as it stood because I don't know what the House is going to do in the matter. It might prove that the Gravois road would too heavily load down the bill, and so I think it best to let it go to the House the way it is. If the Gravois must be included let the House place it in the bill and send it back. Everybody can see that it is safe not to try to do too much at once. What we want is to get the House to agree with us that the city ought to be sprinkled. That done, the rest will come of itself."

DANGER OF A DEAD-LOCK.

That was over two weeks ago and it shows clearly the wisdom of the Councilman. He personally wanted Gravois road sprinkled. His journeys were to the cemeteries in the south more than to those of the north. He was opposed to discrimination, and yet he felt that on its experimental trip the sprinkling bill should be handled carefully. He sunk his personal feelings for the sake of the city's good, and now his prophecy has come true. The House has added the Gravois road. This time there cannot be any doubt of the House's attitude. That body wants the Gravois road sprinkled. By a vote of nearly three to one it said so last Friday night. If the Council says to-night that it will not include the Gravois road, there will be good prospects for a deadlock. Now, the people don't want deadlocks. They may be edifying spectacles in Congress or in Legislatures, but when 80,000 citizens have signed a petition asking for a certain thing, any deadlock on a matter of detail will have a strange look. The people were never so anxious about the election of the best United States Senator that ever worried a Legislature, as the citizens of St. Louis are to-day about the sprinkling bill. They want it, and they must have it.

SENTIMENT OF THE COUNCIL.

The feeling among the members of the Council to-day points to the adoption of the amended bill as it came from the House. They do not feel that the measure should be endangered by any stickling over small points, when so much good is to flow from the adoption of the bill. The amendments providing for sprinkling "partially" improved streets, and for letting all contracts are clearly within the original intentions of the Council and will not interfere with prompt action.

Carondelet Jottings.

Capt. O. E. Hines of Lead Hill, Ark., is the guest of Mr. Eugene Le Marchal.

Police-Justice Meegan fined Emil Semm $3 this morning for driving an unlicensed vehicle.

Police-Officer Pat Collins arrested Jim McDonald and T. Murphy, two notorious crooks, last night, who were wanted for robbery. The couple were taken to the Four Courts this morning where a warrant for burglary was sworn out against them.

The funeral of Wilson Heulet took place this afternoon from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Capt. Samuel J. Boyd, 6709 South Michigan avenue, at 2 o'clock, to Bellefontaine Cemetery. The funeral was largely attended by friends and relatives.

James Meegan, the newly appointed Justice of the Police Court, took possession this morning. Judge Von Gerichten, the retiring justice of the court, delivered an address, thanking the assistants of the court for their kindness shown him. Prosecuting-Attorney Chapman and Clerk F. J. Poupeney also made speeches. The quartette marched from the Court-room over to Schiemp's, where a lunch prepared for them was served. No other change has been made thus far in the court officials.

Maj. Donald C. McVean, an old veteran of the civil war, and formerly stationed at Jefferson Barracks, died last night after a lingering illness at his residence. The deceased was about 50 years of age, and was major in command of a Wisconsin volunteer corps during the war. About ten years ago, he came to Jefferson Barracks, where for a few years he was station agent for the post. For the past two years he was the proprietor of the sutler's store and also postmaster for the Barracks. His death is greatly regretted by all the boys in blue. The funeral will take place to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock and proceed to the National Cemetery, where his remains are to be interred.

A Corkscrew Cast to Windward.

From the Norfolk Landmark.

Does anybody think Mr. Reagan could beat the gallant Maxey to-day if that Senatorial election had to be tried again.

Horticulturists are endeavoring to ascertain where the flowers grow that are artificially reproduced on the new hats and bonnets.

REAL ESTATE.

A NUMBER OF LOCAL TRANSACTIONS AND PREPARATIONS FOR OTHERS.

Competitive Plans for the Gould Building at Seventh and Chestnut Streets, to Cost More Than $500,000—A Rumored Big Sale Off—Purchases Made To-Day—Offers Declined.

About two months ago the firm of Blackmer & Post, manufacturers of sewer pipe bought fifteen acres of ground at the intersection of Arsenal street and the old Manchester road. The property also fronts 2,000 feet on the Oak Hill & Carondelet Railroad, with a depth of 310 feet. The company has needed larger facilities for some time than afforded by its present factory on Summit avenue, in the railroad valley, and it has been determined to erect new works on the tract recently acquired. J. B. Legg has been ordered to draw plans for necessary structures that will involve an outlay of at least $100,000 for buildings alone. The main structure will be a three-story brick factory 80x210 feet. Besides this there will be a number of smaller buildings, storage-houses, dry kilns, boiler-houses, etc. In connection with the works it is the intention to erect on the property a number of one-story brick cottages, built with the idea of furnishing neat and comfortable homes to such of the workmen as desire to rent from the company. A large building, suitable for a general store, will be constructed, and the company will aim to make their factory the nucleus of a prosperous village. The improvements contemplated will have the effect of materially advancing values in that locality.

DECLARED OFF.

Negotiations for the property at the southwest corner of Sixth and Pine streets have been declared off for the present, the owner refusing to entertain the offer of $140,000 made a few days since. A year ago he expressed a willingness to sell at $111,000 but could find no takers.

A HITCH.

A hitch occurred in the plans of the syndicate that recently announced its intention of building on the quarter of the block at the northeast corner of Sixth and Pine. The key to the situation was in a 50-foot lot on the corner, owned by Augustus B. Ewing. This could not be bought at a price considered reasonable, and as a consequence further improvement on that portion of the square is very problematical.

A QUEER PROVISION.

G. R. Wilson sold to Mrs. Jessie Straub a lot fronting 75 feet on University street by a depth of 140 feet on Twenty-fifth, the consideration being $2,250. The purchaser will erect two two-story flat buildings on the property, to cost between $7,000 and $8,000. A peculiar feature of this sale is in the express stipulation that no liquor shall be sold on the premises for four years from the date of purchase, under penalty of a reversion of the property to the grantor in the deed.

NO SALE YET.

The corners of Sixth and Chestnut streets have been in a state of ebullition the past few days owing to conflicting reports of a sale in the neighborhood to Gould and others. It now turns out that a syndicate has been negotiating for possession of the northeast corner of Sixth and Chestnut, owned by the Taylor estate. The property by the terms of the will cannot be sold. There is a twenty-year lease on the property, and for this the syndicate have been making offers that have, as yet, not reached the point where it may be classed as a bona-fide transfer. If negotiations are successful, it is proposed to erect a structure to accommodate one of the clubs that has for some time been seeking quarters between Ninth and Fourth, Market street and Washington avenue. The club desires the use of a whole building, has good financial backing, and has offered advantageous terms of rental to any individual or syndicate that would erect a suitable building for its use.

EXTENDING A ROAD.

It is stated on good authority that in the event of the Citizens Railway being cabled to the intersection of King's highway and Easton avenue, for which estimates of grade and cost of drainage are now being figured, that further progress will be made in the very near future towards extending the line to Forest Park along King's highway. This will be good news to owners of property in that section, as it will constitute a line of transfer north and south, the advantage of which to residents along the route cannot be overestimated. There are a number of large negotiations pending in connection with tracts of residence property along the present and proposed route of the Citizens' Railway which will be hastened to a conclusion as soon as future facilities of travel become settled upon.

PLANS FOR THE GOULD BUILDING.

Invitations for competitive plans for the Gould building, to be built at the corner of Seventh and Chestnut streets, will be issued in about two weeks. A number of both local and outside architects will be given a chance to compete for the prize. It is not known as yet what the cost will be, as no definite plan of building has as yet been decided on. At least a half million dollars will be put into the structure, and possibly much more.

OFFERS REFUSED.

An offer was made by Thomas Noonan of $25,000 for the property on the southwest corner of Eighth and Chestnut. It was not accepted. The sum of $10,000 was offered for the building No. 806 Chestnut by Duffy & Co. This tender met with a like fate.

EXAMINING THE TITLE.

The titles to the Forsyth property, lately sold on the contingency of perfection of title to a syndicate for $185,000, are still undergoing examination. A claim has developed against a strip running through the center of the land which may delay negotiations for a transfer. This claim, it is said by the representatives of the Forsyth heirs, has no valid foundation, but the fact remains that it may prove a subject of controversy unless decisive steps are taken to clear the title from even the cloud of a future law suit.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Treasurer Hyatt Visits the Department—Ben Perley Poore's Illness.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Mr. Hyatt, the newly appointed Treasurer, visited the treasury department this morning, and was presented to all the officers of the Treasurer's office by Assistant-Treasurer Whelpley. He says he will not take charge of the office before next week, as it will require several days to perfect his official bond and to comply with certain other requirements. He returned to Norwalk, Conn., this afternoon.

Ben Perley Poore Ill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 17.—Maj. Ben Perley Poore was taken seriously ill this afternoon in his committee room at the Capitol. The nature of his illness is not yet known, but he was unconscious for awhile.

BELLEVILLE.

A Fire and no Water—Raid Upon Unlicensed Dogs—Notes.

At an early hour this morning a fire broke out in the residence of Mr. Stephen Strittmatter, near the Cairo Short Line Depot. The inmates were awakened by a suffocating smoke and managed to escape from the burning building. An alarm was turned in and the Fire Department responded quickly, but owing to a recent order of the Council prohibiting the use of the fire plugs, and the consequent necessity of taking the water from cisterns, the firemen labored under a great disadvantage and could not prevent the complete destruction of the building, with its contents. The loss was about $700. The inability of the Fire Department to cope with the fire with any degree of success was used to-day as an argument for making a contract with the Water Company immediately, even at the old price of $75 a plug if a reduction could not be secured, and a special meeting of Council to take action in the matter will probably be called for to-morrow evening.

Miss Adaline Weiler, a daughter of Mr. Wm. Weiler and Mr. Harry Stuart of Denver, Col., were married in St. Louis yesterday afternoon. They left on the evening train for their future home in Denver.

Three professional dog-catchers from St. Louis have been hired to catch all unlicensed canines in this city, and the old warehouse of the Reuss Mill has been rented for a pound. To-day was the first day the canine catchers made the rounds, and they succeeded in landing twenty-five dogs in the pound. There were several stormy scenes between the owners of captured dogs and the captors, and Mr. J. W. Seifert, the livery stable man raised such an awful row when his dog was carried away that he was arrested for disturbing the peace by using violent language and showing an inclination to fight.

Identifying a Murdered Man.

CHICAGO, May 17.—Developments to-day show that the unknown man who was picked up in a lumber yard Sunday morning was murdered, and from papers found on him the police think he was J. M. Howard, County Attorney of Porter County, Ind.

ROUGH ON BILE PILLS

Little but good. Pill Taking Made Easy. Small Granules. Small Dose. Big Results. For Sick Headache, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Constipation. Starts the bile, relieves the bilious stomach, thick, aching head and overloaded bowels. Easy operating. Don't disturb stomach. Druggists or mailed. 10c. and 25c. E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J.

BUCHU-PAIBA Great Kidney Cure

BUCHU-PAIBA

Remarkable Cures of Catarrh of the Bladder, Inflammation, Irritation of Kidneys and Bladder, Stone or Gravel Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Dropsical Swellings, Incontinence or over Continence, Diseases of the Kidneys and allied Organs in either sex. $1. Druggists or Ex. 6 bots., $5. E. S. Wells, Jersey City, N. J.

BANK STATEMENT.

REPORT of the Condition of the THIRD NATIONAL BANK of St. Louis, Mo., at St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, at the Close of Business on the 13th Day of May, 1887.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$2,132,215 15
Overdrafts	2,224 80
United States bonds to secure circulation	90,000 00
United States bonds to secure deposits	250,000 00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages	114,787 18
Due from other national banks	1,133,486 40
Due from state banks and bankers	32,327 20
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	175,530 18
Current expenses and taxes paid	22,362 34
Premiums paid	68,437 50
Checks and other cash items	25,958 79
Exchanges for Clearing House	235,724 87
Bills of other National Banks	178,057 00
Fractional currency (including nickels and cents)	36 38
Specie	433,545 00
Legal tender notes	390,417 00
United States certificates of deposit for legal tenders	140,000 00
Redemption fund with United States Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	4,050 00
Due from United States Treasurer other than 5 per cent redemption fund	1,000 00
Total	$5,430,159 29

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$1,000,000 00
Surplus fund	200,000 00
Other undivided profits	68,044 97
National bank notes outstanding	81,000 00
Dividends unpaid	5,228 00
Individual deposits subject to check	2,015,487 29
Demand certificates of deposits	70,822 29
Certified checks	5,177 09
United States deposits	239,644 93
Due to other National Banks	1,020,401 71
Due to State banks and bankers	729,373 81
Total	$5,430,159 29

State of Missouri, County of St. Louis, ss.:

I, T. A. Stoddart, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

T. A. STODDART, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of May, 1887. C. D. GREENE, JR., Notary Public.

Correct, attest: JAS. M. FRANCISCUS, WM. T. WILKINS, GEO. W. PARKER, Directors.

LET'S DUCK THE PARSON.

A NEW JERSEY VILLAGE IN THE THROES OF A RELIGIOUS STRUGGLE.

Two Preachers Threatened With Tar and Feathers—Rev. Mr. Switzer, Deposed From His Church, Secures the Assistance of a Revivalist and Abuses Mr. Leach, a Prominent Citizen of Parkridge, N. J.—A Rough-and-Tumble Fight During Services.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

PARKRIDGE, N. J., May 17.—This little village of less than 600 souls is in the throes of a religious struggle which involves the whole community and threatens two preachers with tar and feathering. A preliminary threat to throw one in a pond was made Sunday night and would have been carried out but for his promise to leave the town within twenty-four hours. James Leach, the well-known stationer of New York City, lives on the hill here, and beside his house is the First Congregational Chapel. Opposite this church is a new tent, covering an area of 15x75 feet, where the Rev. Mr. Switzer preaches. This gentleman had been the pastor of the chapel, but it is alleged he did not come up to the expectations of Mr. Leach, so he had to resign, and since then he has not been sparing in his remarks about the stationer. Five weeks ago Rev. Mr. Mason, a revivalist, appeared and, it is alleged, followed in the abusive path mapped out by Mr. Switzer. Mr. Leach soon learned of what was going on but refrained from interfering. The trouble culminated Sunday night, when Mr. Leach walked into the tent where Revivalist Mason and the Rev. Switzer were holding forth. There was a large assemblage in the tent. Mr. Leach took a seat and listened to the service. All went well until Mr. Switzer began his sermon, in which he excoriated the citizens of this place and picked out Mr. Leach's name for special mention. Said he, "Mr. James Leach, the prince of hell, the prince of the devil, with all his imps, is under this tent. The Lord told me in a vision to-day that I must preach against him and his evil influences. For thirteen years Mr. Leach, the Superintendent of the Sunday-school, where the Lord bade me come here, had been educating men of this town as devils."

MR. LEACH GETS "MAD."

This proved too much for Mr. Leach's temper and jumping up he walked toward the platform, and, pointing his finger at the speaker, exclaimed, "You're a liar and a blackguard." The congregation began to exclaim at this juncture. The clergyman resumed his sermon, disregarding Mr. Leach's presence, and repeated his former statement. Mr. Leach sprang upon the platform and grabbed the minister by his black beard, pulled him from the platform and knocked him to the ground. Standing near was Mr. Switzer, and Mr. Leach angrily exclaimed, "You are responsible for all this slander." Then he knocked the other clergyman down. The excited crowd who witnessed the affair, and several lusty young fellows laid violent hands upon Mr. Mason and started with him up the road shouting, "Let's duck the parson." But the members of the little community of worshipers followed and commenced shouting and to cry that they were martyrs, and the air was filled with cries of, "Crucify our leader, the man of God as you crucified Christ his Savior." Mr. and Mrs. Mason renewed their attacks upon Mr. Leach and his townsmen, and it seemed as if serious trouble would occur and the people would tear down the tent. Finally at midnight the imperiled minister was brought back to the tent, and through the efforts of Mr. Bates, the clergyman, the people were induced to withdraw, and on condition that the tent be closed and Mr. Mason leave the city at once they were promised immunity from further rough usage. In a short time the usual tone of the village was restored and the crowd dispersed. Mr. Mason did not leave the village yesterday, although he was up bright and early and was seen in the tent. Mr. Switzer did not appear at all.

MR. MASON'S STATEMENT.

The POST-DISPATCH correspondent called at the house where he is boarding, and the clergyman was found walking up and down the piazza. "The Lord sent me here and the Lord will take me away again," said the preacher. "If you want to know why I came here read Jeremiah 1, 10. When I came here I went to Mr. Leach and asked him if he would let me preach. He would not. He asked me who sent me here. I told him the Lord did. I said: 'The Lord sent me here, and the Lord will find me a house,' and you see I have found a home with these good ladies here. Do I look like a man who had been abused? No. There is no mark upon me. They came with intent to kill me. I believe that, so help me God. But God prevailed, and my life was spared to do His work."

"Do you intend leaving the village to-day?"

"The Lord will tell me when to go."

"But is there not danger in your staying?"

"The Lord will direct."

Mr. Mason was non-committal on this point, but said that there would be church at the tent on Thursday, Saturday and Sunday nights.

"Will you tell me this: When were you ordained?" asked the reporter.

"The Lord ordained me and I went."

"Where did you first preach?"

"I never preached. I teach the word. I was once as bad as any of them years ago, but from see I am the spirit of God. That man Leach is a pugilist, to judge by the way he handled me."

As the reporter was leaving, all four present began singing a hymn.

MR. LEACH'S STATEMENT.

Mr. Leach was seen at his house. "The real cause of the trouble," said he, "is the disappointment of Mr. Switzer to become the pastor of the large Reformed Church here. He has caused trouble in every church that he has entered for the past six years. As soon as a member refuses to supply him with money he has abused him, until he finds himself driven from the church to a tent, with only a few followers. Being afraid to speak out his malice as much as he wished, he imported this man Mason, a total stranger, to do his dirty work. The people have stood it as long as they intend to and the meetings will have to be stopped or serious trouble will result. Switzer now calls himself a Baptist, but to the credit of that denomination they have refused to ordain him."

Mr. Leach said that he did not believe either clergyman was possessed of their full faculties and cited several instances to support his opinion. One case was when an old gentleman named Van Rider, on one occasion, left the church when ill during service and as he was going out Mr. Switzer called out, "There goes one of the old devils." Mr. Van Rider shortly returned and was greeted with a similar remark.

"It is rumored about the village" continued Mr. Leach, "that unless he leaves the village he will be tarred and feathered, but I am determined to set my face and influence against any such proceedings. I shall use all peaceful methods, but Mr. Mason must leave here."

No church meeting was held last night, but the citizens held a meeting and appointed a committee to notify Mr. Switzer and Mr. Mason not to hold any more meetings and to tell them that if they did they would receive a coat of tar and feathers. The committee saw Mr. Switzer, who said: "Come Thursday evening with the tar and feathers, we shall hold the meeting open and be ready for you."

THE [illegible]burg & Boeckeler Lumber Company [illegible]eave to inform their friends and patrons that notwithstanding the loss of their planing-mill by fire this morning, they have made arrangements by which they are prepared to fill all orders for flooring, siding, ceiling and all kinds of planing-mill work on short notice. Respectfully,

SCHULENBURG & BOECKELER LUMBER CO.
St. Louis, May 13.

Fell From a Window.

John Hampell, a young malster, living at 2205 South Broadway, fell from the window of his room last night to the pavement below and was killed. He had been drinking beer with a companion, Richard Lehman, and both were trying to sleep off its effects. Hampell went to the window, and, leaning too far out, fell to the ground. His body was found about midnight, stark naked, lying in the gutter. It was taken to the Morgue.

GREAT reduction sale at the Globe to-morrow.

4TH & LOCUST STS. 4TH & LOCUST STS. | LOWEST-PRICED HOUSE IN AMERICA. | 4TH & LOCUST STS. 4TH & LOCUST STS.

DIAMONDS!

We offer more positive value in our new collection of Diamond Rings, Studs and Collar Buttons, at $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $25, $30, $35, $40, $50, $65, $75, $90, $100, $125, $150, $175, $200, $250, $300, $400 and $500, than can possibly be obtained elsewhere in America, and as the duty on Diamonds is but 10 per cent, we can guarantee to sell cheaper than those not directly in the trade can purchase in Europe. ☛ We also offer incomparable values in Diamond Ear-Rings and Lace Pins at $25, $35, $40, $50, $65, $75, $90, $100, $125, $150, $175, $200, $250, $300, $400 and $500.

WATCHES!

Every Watch sold by us is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, and it is with pleasure that we can refer to the thousands of wearers of our Watches who are to be found in every State and Territory, each carrying the name of "Mermod, Jaccard & Co." upon the dial.

Solid Gold Watches for Ladies at $20, $25, $30, $35, $40, $50, $60, $75, $90 and $100. Solid Silver Watches for Gents and Youths at $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $25, $30 and $40. Nickel-Silver Watches at $6, $7, $8, $10 and $12. Gents' Solid Gold Watches at $35, $40, $45, $50, $60, $65, $75, $90, $100, $125 and $150.

HOUSEKEEPERS,

We assure you that our prices on Solid Silver and Silver-Plated Tea, Table and Dessert Spoons, Cups, Ice-Pitchers, Casters, Goblets, Butter Dishes, Cake and Fruit Stands, Tea Sets, Waiters, Nut Bowls, and Knives, Forks and Carving Sets, are lower considerably than can be obtained elsewhere, and our goods are much finer, all being stamped "Mermod, Jaccard & Co." and warranted.

Daily in our Art Rooms is heard the remark, "I am surprised at these low prices for such lovely goods. I had always supposed you were a high-priced house, but I see how greatly mistaken I have been." We ask you to come personally and see how very low in price and handsome in style are our Brass Fire Sets, Candlesticks, Lamps, Plaques and Ornaments; also, the Vases, Bisque Figures, Albums, Clocks, Pocket-Books, Nail Sets, Work and Jewel Boxes, and you will surely patronize us.

☛ 500 at $5 ☚
Finest Quadruple Silver-Plated ICE-PITCHERS Come and see them
—AT THE—
Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co.'s,
Cor. 4th and Locust Sts.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Cor. of 4th and Locust Sts. Cor. of 4th and Locust Sts.

☛ REPAIRING ☚
Watches, Clocks, Music Boxes, Silverware and Jewelry executed in the best manner at the Lowest Prices. ☛ Remounting of Diamonds our specialty.
Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co.,
Cor. 4th and Locust.

HIS NOSE HIS FORTUNE.

DEATH OF M. HYACINTHE DUFLOS, A FAMOUS PARISIAN CHARACTER.

An Actor Whose Nose Made Plays Popular—M. Schannard, the Last of the Bohemians of Paris—An Archdeacon's Predicament—The Austrian Repeating Rifle Secured by the British Government—Waiting for Bloodshed—England's New War Ships.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

PARIS, May 17.—M. Hyacinthe Duflos, popularly known as "Hyacinthe of the Palais Royal," whose sudden death was announced Sunday, was a character so prominently Parisian, that a few particulars concerning him may prove interesting. Of him it might be truly said, that his monumental nose was a fortune, not only to himself but for the dramatic authors who wrote for the popular theater to which Hyacinthe was attached. No matter whether the piece in which he played was good or bad, his appearance, thanks chiefly to his nose, was the signal for loud laughter, which spread from the ranks of the unsophisticated strangers to those of the blase habitues of the Palais Royal. Hyacinthe was one of the most eccentric persons imaginable in private life. He dressed atrociously, and walked about Paris in a greasy overcoat, the pockets of which were generally stuffed with provender of all kinds, while a black felt hat decorated his massive head and overshadowed his gigantic nose. He had an appetite equal to that of Gargantau, and according to the tradition spent ten hours at his meals. He died in his house at Asnieres, in a manner which, considering his gastronomical tendencies, may be called in harness, for he was engaged in partaking of his evening soup when he suddenly fell back in his chair dead.

M. SCHANNARD.

The last of the Bohemians of Paris may be said to have passed away in the person of M. Schannard, immortalized by Murger, who has just died at his residence in Rue des Archives, at the ripe old age of 64. Few of his eccentric but gifted companions lived for any length of time, but M. Schannard, turning his feet from the land of Bohemia with its poverty and misery, set up as a toy merchant and succeeded after a while in gaining a very comfortable livelihood, which kept him afloat long after the comrades of his youth had passed prematurely to their graves. He thus managed to belie the dictum of Murger, who wrote that a Bohemian life was the prefnce either of the academy, the hospital, the Hotel Dieu, or of the morgue. A few months ago M. Schannard or Schanne published his memoirs, thinking, perhaps, they might prove as popular as his dead friend's sketches of Bohemia. This realized, however, compared to Murger's writings, what stucco is to marble, and served rather to "rob vie de la Boheme" and the Quartier Latin of some of that legendary poetry with which they had been invested by the artistic fancy of the gifted but eccentric writer, who drew public attention to the life led by struggling students and artists on the Southern bank of the Seine. Schannard was first introduced into print when Murger was writing, at 75 francs a month, in the Paris newspapers, "His Scenes de la Vie de Boheme." His friends used to visit the Cafe Modus, where they met other Bohemians such as Privat D'Anglemont, the chronicler of Parisian low life, Delva and even M. Auguste Vitu, who, at present, is one of the most distinguished dramatic critics. Schannard up to the last visited many of his acquaintances, and was a welcome guest down to the time of his death at many literary and artistic dinners.

EUROPEAN GOSSIP.

An Archdeacon's Sad Plight—England's New Vessels of War.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, May 17.—The Archdeacon of Winchester, while showing some ladies over the grand old cathedral a day or two ago, with the object of demonstrating the monstrous size of the pipes of the organ which is in course of repair, crept into one which lay on the floor and then stuck fast in the pipe. As he had the key of the cathedral in his pocket and had locked the door the situation was somewhat critical. At length, however, the workmen engaged in repairing the organ came back from dinner and extricated the venerable gentleman from his predicament.

THE AUSTRIAN REPEATING RIFLE.

The British War Office has obtained possession of the new Austrian repeating rifle, which is said to be capable of firing eighty shots per minute.

"WAITING FOR BLOODSHED."

The editor of Vanity Fair says: "I met an Irish friend the other day who had been on a visit to his distressed fatherland. In reply to my inquiries as to how he found things going on over there, he said: 'They are getting very warm indeed. Men are standing about the towns and villages all day long, discussing the coercion bill and waiting for the bloodshed to commence.'"

ENGLAND'S NEW WAR SHIPS.

Three vessels of war have been added to the English navy during the past week, namely, the steel armor-plated turret-ship Sansparel, which was launched at Blackwall; the torpedo cruiser Raccoon, and the composite sloop Buzzard. The Sansparel is the biggest ironclad ever launched in England. She is to carry two 110-ton guns, besides a powerful subsidiary armament, and will be capable of a speed of 17 knots. The estimated cost of the vessel is £825,000, but by the time she is finally put into commission the dock yard authorities will have almost brought her cost to a full million sterling.

COLOGNE'S PUBLIC EXECUTIONER.

The Public Executioner at Cologne has just died. His coffin, built some time ago, is carefully kept in his rooms. In his will he asked to be buried in his official dress. The Cologne Executioner is the only one in Germany who employs the guillotine. In all other places the axe or the two-handed sword is used.

NEW LITERATURE.

The Court and Society Review has begun publication of a serial story entitled "Lord Saville's Crime; or, a Tale of Chiromancy."

AN EDITOR IMPRISONED.

Emil Barde, editor of Freisinnige Zeitung, Berlin, has just been sentenced to four years' imprisonment for offending Prince Bismarck by publishing an article entitled "Rumors of War Circulated by a Reptile Press."

Spinal Weakness and Lung Troubles.

56 PRINCE STREET, NEW YORK, March 25, 1884.

Having been troubled with pains in back and chest during the last winter I was compelled to remain at home unable to attend to business, until I was advised by a friend to try one of ALCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS. After applying one to my chest and one to my back, in three hours I found relief which I had not got in over *three months*. I cheerfully recommend them to persons having spinal weakness and lung troubles. HENRY J. GALLAGHER.

LOCAL NEWS.

Jas. Anderson, a colored soldier, was arrested for desertion last night.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Broughton have taken apartments at 2009 Forest avenue.

J. Toensfeldt gives a picnic to his pupils and their friends at Forest Park Friday.

The operation of the western section of the Cable road was resumed last evening.

Katie Stevens was arrested in Barr's yesterday afternoon with some stolen goods in her possession.

The Guild of St. John's Episcopal Church will give an entertainment at the Liederkranz Hall to-night.

Dr. Ludwig Bremer delivered a discourse before the Academy of Science last night on micro-organisms.

Geo. Mueth, arrested for passing counterfeit money yesterday, was held for the November term of the Federal Court.

The body found in the river yesterday was identified as that of Herman Meyer. The Coroner returned a verdict of accidental drowning.

The body of John O'Malley, a yard cleaner in the employ of the Bridge & Tunnel Company, was found in the tunnel. He had been run over and killed.

Matthew Maher of 1308½ North Eighth street, had a fight with Frank Walker last night in which he received two scalp wounds. He was sent to the hospital.

At its meeting last night the St. Patrick's Parish Fund Association decided to try to wipe out its debt by asking members to contribute a certain sum annually.

A man giving his name as Henry Carrigan was arrested last night as a deserter from Jefferson Barracks. He had an expired leave of absence made out to Frederick Curtis in his pocket.

Trunks! Trunks! Trunks!

I have now in stock the largest and most complete assortment of traveling goods in the West—steamer, Eugenia, Saratoga and sole-leather trunks for ladies and gents. Bags and satchels of every style and description, in fact, everything needed by the traveling public, and at remarkably low prices.

P. C. MURPHY,
Third and St. Charles Streets.

Heavily Fined.

Gottlieb Kleisby was before Judge Cady this morning on four charges of indecent exposure. The testimony showed that Kleisby, who is a man about 40 years of age, has been in the habit for over a month past of entering a shed in an alley back of Colored School No. 4, on Papin street, west of Jefferson avenue, and making all sorts of gestures to both white and colored children in the neighborhood. It was a most disgusting trial. One charge against him had to be nolle prosequied, as the testimony concerning his offense on that date was very weak; but he was salted in the other three cases, being fined $100 in the first, $300 in the second and $300 in the third; a grand total of $600.

KEEP COOL.

500 FINEST ICE-PITCHERS, AT $5 EACH.

Buy one of the splendid pitchers early from the MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., Corner 4th and Locust.

SHINING WHEELS.

HOW THE BICYCLISTS' PARADE WILL MOVE.

Order of Saturday's Procession—The Route to Be Traversed—The Coming Conclave of Cyclers—Candidates for the Offices—The 100-Mile Road Race—Stone's Withdrawal—Notes.

The officers and aids of the meet parade held a meeting last night at the Missouri Club-house and completed arrangements. The aids are: Bicycle division, A. C. Stewart, Louis Chauvenet, John Fry, H. W. Baker, Edward Stettinius, J. A. Seddon, Lindell Gordon, H. W. Belding, W. M. Brewster; tricycle division, Dr. H. H. Keith, A. Moore Berry and E. W. Pattison. The route of the parade as finally adopted is: Form on Twentieth and Locust, east on Locust to Fifteenth, to Washington avenue, to Fourth street, to Chestnut, to Eleventh, to Olive, to Fifteenth, to Locust, to Twenty-eighth, to Pine, to Grand avenue, to Lindell, to Forest Park. The parade will move at 10 a. m. Saturday. The order of the parade as decided on last night will be as follows:

ORDER OF THE PARADE.
Escort of Mounted Police.
A. K. Stewart, Peacemaker.
President Beckwith, Grand Marshal,
Ned K. Oliver, Bugler.
Prof. C. H. Stone, Chief Aid.
L. A. W. Clubs, ranking in Order of Age.
Missouri Division.
Unattached League Members.
Missouri Bicycle Club, L. A. W. members.
Missouri Club, Tricycle Division.

The aids above mentioned will ride alongside of the different divisions. The beauty of the parade will depend in a great measure upon the uniformity of speed and the meeting last night did a wise thing in selecting such a steady, sure rider as Old Reliable Stewart to set the pace. The Missouri Club's active membership, all except six, are now members of the L. A. W., consequently nearly the full strength of the club, ninety members, will be shown in the parade. The only strictly League club in St. Louis is the Eurota, which will be out in force.

NOTES.

The tickets all unite on T. J. Kirkpatrick of Ohio for President and H. W. Hayes of Massachusetts for Vice-President. On the member of the Executive Committee there is not so much unanimity. John C. Gulick of New York stands for re-election, and on account of the excellent way he handled ex-Secretary-Editor Aaron in the recent row he made a fine impression on the membership. The only candidate in the field against him is George R. Bidwell, also of New York. The selection of these officers will be made at the meeting of the Board of Officers at Entertainment Hall, Friday morning at 9 o'clock. The Board is composed of the general officers and the chief consuls and representatives from each State, who will be represented in person or by proxy.

Prof. Gleason will probably give a special exhibition of the taming of horses that shy at wheels, for the delectation of the wheelmen. If he would guarantee that he could break in one of the Manchester road mules he would catch every local and visiting wheel man.

The train arriving Thursday morning will bring the Boston visitors.

The Road Race.

The withdrawal of Percy Stone from the Clarksville road race on account of sickness takes nearly all local interest out of that contest. Instead of tearing over the Belt road Percy is now lying at his home in this city. His illness is nothing serious, but completely prevents his entering the race. The trouble with him was that he began training too late. He was warned by the POST-DISPATCH weeks ago that he was fooling away valuable time, and that he could not get in trim in a few days. But he thought better, and on reaching Clarksville a week ago plunged into severe training, with the result that his system, unequal to the strain, succumbed. This will prove a great disappointment to local cyclists, who believed him able to do some good work against the Eastern cracks. Although not feeling well he had shown up excellently in practice, and climbed the hills faster than any of them except Rhodes. He was never in better preparatory condition for training than when the spring opened, and if he had started in then with light work he would be in splendid shape now instead of lying on his back. He hated to leave Clarksville, and could not be induced to come home until the steamboat blew her whistle. Then he suddenly yielded. It was dangerous to give him a chance to repent, and so as there was a buggy without a horse standing outside Percy was hussled into it, wrapped in blankets, the boys grabbed the shafts and hauled the St. Louis champion to the boat in the rain.

NOTES.

Reports from Clarksville continue to come in. The latest is that Rhodes of the Overman team is surprising everybody with the way he races up the hills. He takes them all on the fly and they don't seem to bother him in the least.

Frazier is suffering from a cut in the calf of the leg received in a fall from his wheel. He was spurting down one of the big hills when the Star broke where it always does, just above the little wheel. The consequence was Frazier and the wheel went over forward together.

Both Rhodes and Nelson have taken their brakes off and spurt down the hills like demons.

The start in the road race next Monday will be at the top of the long hill southwest of Clarksville instead of on the Dover stretch as last year.

There seems to be an impression that Crocker, the last arrival, is the dark horse.

A. H. Overman of the Overman Wheel Company, Boston, arrived in the city this morning, and left at once for Clarksville.

The road race will be started Monday about 10 a. m.

"Truth is Stranger Than Fiction."

There has never been a time in the history of the world that the woolen mills of America turned out such beautiful and choice fabrics, rich in design and finish. Famous is showing a line of young gents' ($14 to $18) suits this week at $7.50, that are made of the purest wool, in nobby styles and patterns.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The contract for the Manchester (England) ship canal has been let for $25,000,000.

Ligon & Neal's livery stable at Lebanon, Tenn., was totally destroyed by fire yesterday.

The miners in the Hainant, Belgium, are drifting into a strike, and troops are kept ready.

The lightning passed over the wires and set fire to the telephone office at Uniontown, Ky., Sunday night.

Robert Cummings was arrested yesterday at Eatontown, N. J., for beating his 10-year-old child to death.

Geo. Millington shot and killed L. O. Kennedy at Millington, Tenn. They had been enemies for a long time.

P. J. O'Donnell will be executed at Silver City, N. M., and Jasper Thomasson at Socorro, N. M., on Friday.

Gladstone will spend part of his Whitsuntide vacation in Swansea, Wales, where he will probably be given a great reception.

The failure of Leky, Hirsonfeld & Co., a great woolen house, and three or four smaller firms has upset the woolen trade of Berlin, Germany.

During a row in a house of ill-repute at Jelloo, Tenn., Sherman Dougherty and Monroe Haines shot each other to death Monday night.

Jim Robinson, a colored man, cut Ed. Collins in the Omaha jail yesterday, with a sharpened shoe spring. They had a quarrel some time ago.

The principal of Grammar School No. 28, New York, has discovered tin types of the school girls taken nude. The photographer will be prosecuted.

At the request of the Japanese Government Secretary Whitney has ordered the admission into the Naval Academy of H. Nire, a Japanese youth of noble family, aged 17 years.

Jacob Boyer, a railroad conductor, was found dead at Tyrone, Pa., Monday night. Maggie McCann, to whom he was paying attention, has been arrested on suspicion.

Edward Wilson, insane, shot and mortally wounded Geo. Osmond, a volunteer deputy sheriff, who was assisting at Wilson's arrest at Plaqueman, La., yesterday. Wilson was fatally shot.

Annie Bowers, a colored nurse, poisoned a 4-year-old child of Mrs. Robert West in Barnwell County, Ky., with concentrated lye. The girl says she gave it to the child supposing it was butter.

It is said the Bulgarian Regents are talking about proclaiming King Charles of Roumania Prince of Bulgaria, thus joining the Balkan Provinces into one. England is said to be at the bottom of the scheme.

Treasure to the amount of over $25,000,000 has just been discovered in the palace of the late Maharajah. The Government has promptly taken it as a "loan," and the native papers denounce the action. The Financial Secretary of India was present at the unearthing.

Auguste Gerard de Meley, husband of the diva, Giulia Grisi, was sentenced yesterday in a Paris court to one year's imprisonment for attempting to extort money from his sister-in-law by means of a forged order. He is 71 years old, and when he was sentenced fainted away.

While delirious from drink, George Muir, a telegraph operator at Albuquerque, N. M., stabbed himself, then jumped from the roof of his boarding-house and running through several yards attempted to drown himself in a pool, but became exhausted from the exertion and died on the bank.

John Gleason, a white convict in the Lincoln (Neb.) Penitentiary, was set upon Friday by Andrew Jackson, a colored convict, and horribly murdered. The details have just been made public. The men were carrying a ladle filled with molten iron when Gleason stumbled and fell. Some of the iron splattered on Jackson, who became enraged and struck Gleason with an iron bar, felling him in the pool of molten metal. Before assistance reached him he was burned to death.

THERE are many accidents and diseases which affect stock and cause serious inconvenience and loss to the farmer in his work which may be quickly remedied by the use of Dr. J. H. McLean's Volcanic Oil Liniment.

REYNOLDS' BLASPHEMY.

A Follower of Col. Bob Ingersoll Prosecuted in New Jersey.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., May 17.—The trial of Charles B. Reynolds for blasphemy at Boonton, came up in the Morris County Court yesterday. Reynolds was present and pleaded not guilty. Col. Robert G. Ingersoll, the counsel for the defendant, asked for an adjournment as he had engagements, and the case was set down for Thursday. The general impression is that both Col. Ingersoll and the defendant are anxious to have this case come to trial, and that if it is decided in their favor the Morris County people have not heard the last of Reynolds' lectures. The case of Reynolds is remarkable inasmuch as it will be the first trial for blasphemy which has been heard in the courts of New Jersey for at least half a century. Reynolds was formerly a clergyman, in which capacity he attracted no great attention. Then he became an infidel and was more successful. Last autumn when he was living in Boonton, he scandalized the inhabitants by freely attacking the Bible, God and the Christian religion. Then he issued a pamphlet in which he ridiculed Christ and declared that the Bible taught immorality. He attacked Christianity with all the bitterness of Ingersoll and none of the wit. The result was that the Grand-jury indicted him for blasphemy, finding "That he within the jurisdiction of the court, unlawfully and wickedly did wilfully blaspheme the holy name of God by contumaciously reproaching his being and his province, contrary to the form of the statute in such cases made and provided, and against the peace and dignity of the State."

In November Reynolds supplemented his utterances by a lecture before the Liberal Society of Newark, in the speech there he said that the Goddess of Liberty on Liberty Island, turned her back on New Jersey because he had been arrested in that State for expressing his convictions. In the presentment of the Grand-jury the following passages from Reynolds' pamphlet were specified as being those on which the indictment was found:

REYNOLDS' BLASPHEMY.

"This Bible described God as so loving that He drowned the whole world in his mad fury, because it was so much worse than He (knowing all things) ever supposed it could be. An all-wise God who got out of patience with such a world, which was just what His own blundering had made it, and knew no better way out of the muddle than to destroy it by drowning!

"The Old Testament records for our instruction in morals, the most foul instances perpetrated by God's own saints, and the New Testament endorses these old wretches as examples for all good Christians to follow.

"Now, reader, take time and think calmly over it. A Jewish girl becomes the mother of God Almighty. The child of the young Jewess was God. Christ is God. God cried and screamed, flung about his arms. God made dashes into space with his little arms. God stared foolishly at his own little toes, smiled when he was comfortable, cried when a pin pricked him. God was nursed at Mary's breast.

"God lay in a cradle and was rocked to sleep. God caught the measles, and was quite sick when cutting His teeth. God caught mumps, whooping cough, scarlet fever; God learned to walk, and often tumbled down and made His little nose bleed; God was spanked when he was naughty, etc."

When the case was called on October 18, it was postponed on account of the illness of Col. Ingersoll, who acted as the defendant's attorney. Reynolds has since been under $500 bail.

Purchase Artistic Wedding Presents

at the leading art dealers, Redheffer & Koch, 1000 Olive st.

CALLING A HALT.

A Gambler Shot—Embezzler Hoke—Found Dead—Damaged by Rain—Illinois Items.

CHICAGO, May 17.—The Mayor has issued an order to stop the filling-in of the lake front. The Citizens' Association is contesting the right of the Illinois Central Railroad Company to such accretions. George Jordan, a young gambler, was shot in the abdomen yesterday by William Dunstan, the result of a quarrel over dice. Dunstan surrendered.

PEORIA, May 17.—The Court has set the trial of J. Finley Hoke, who was brought back from Canada for forgery and embezzlement, for the 24th of the present month. There will be an array of legal talent in the case.

SPRINGFIELD, May 17.—It is reported that the brigade encampment plan for the Illinois National Guard has been abandoned and encampment by regiments will be substituted.

STREATOR, May 17.—Miles Cavanaugh of this town was found dead in the outskirts yesterday afternoon. The affair is a mystery and the Coroner's jury returned a verdict of cause unknown.

MCLEANSBORO, May 17.—The heavy rains on Sunday and yesterday washed out the lower portions of the town, doing some damage to property.

GOLCONDA, May 17.—John Clark was accidentally shot and killed yesterday while out hunting.

ANNA, May 17.—The new Lutheran Church at Dongola was dedicated last evening.

The Oldest and Largest

Toilet soap manufacturers in the United States unhesitatingly recommend Colgate's Cashmere Bouquet.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest and Gossip From the Adjacent Towns.

Bowling Green, Mo., May 16.—The Circuit Court is in session.——Sheriff Fielder went to St. Louis yesterday to consult a doctor for a serious stomach trouble.——Mr. and Mrs. Gabe Reeds of Louisiana, Mo., visited here last week.——Mr. Shaw and wife of Slater are visiting here.——Mr. Diggs Frier returned from Kansas Saturday.——Miss Carrie Eby attended, as a delegate, the temperance convention last week at Louisiana.——Elmer Richards of Pine Bluff, Ark., is here visiting his parents.——J. M. Rodgers of Clebourne, Tex., is in the city.——Miss May Harris has returned from her trip to the South.——The Methodists will give a strawberry and ice cream festival Thursday evening at the Bactholdi.——A great many people from here will attend the bicycle race at Clarksville on the 23d.——Mrs. Mary Frier is seriously ill.——Mrs. Jaynes of Hannibal is visiting her sister, Mrs. Strauss.——The O. S. Presbyterians are holding a series of meetings here.

Cape Girardeau, Mo., May 15.—The Philomethian Society entertainment of last Monday night was postponed indefinitely on account of the accidental drowning of J. D. Wilson, one of its members.——Circuit Court has been in session at Jackson this week. The principal case was the trial of Charles Ohlendorf for the murder of Arnold Taggil on a flatboat near Neely's Landing, in April, 1886. He was acquitted by the jury after a two and a half hours' session in the jury-room. The motive assigned was the $6,000 insurance on Taggil's life assigned to Ohlendorf.——Dr. Jas. Buchanan of Carthage, Mo., and lady passed through here on Friday on their way to Kentucky.——Miss Lucy Damron of Vienna, Ill., is the guest of Mrs. D. W. Wilson.——Mrs. W. V. Leich is entertaining Misses Annie Fowler of Lexington, Ky., and Mattie Fowler of Paducah, Ky.——Mrs. Louis Houck has returned from a trip to Hot Springs, Ark.——Rev. and Mrs. G. A. Gordon of Campbell Hill, Ill., are guests of Mrs. W. A. Woods.

St. Charles, Mo., May 17.—Miss Fannie Jennings of St. Louis was visiting friends in this city Sunday.——Mr. John Goehler of this city and Miss Lizzie Koelling of Jonesburg, Mo., were married at 12 M. to-day at the home of the bride's parents.——Messrs. N. Bullett and Al Shaw returned Sunday to this city from Texas.——Five car-loads of horses and mules, wagons, etc., belonging to contractors having the grading contract of the Central Missouri, arrived here Saturday night.——Miss Jennie Christy returned Saturday from Ferguson, Mo., where she assisted in giving a very successful performance of the Alaska Sisters, Friday evening, at that place.——Friday night's Episcopal Church ice cream festival was indefinitely postponed.——The Salisbury Base Ball Club of St. Louis disappointed the St. Charles Browns, Sunday, by not appearing, having accidentally missed the train.——Mr. J. E. Greffet and family of St. Louis were guests of Mr. Frank Lalvre and family Sunday.

GREAT reduction sale at the Globe to-morrow.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

C. W. Knapp, Cleveland, O.; D. R. Diffendiffu, Lebanon, Mo., and Jas. McKenna, St. Paul, Minn., are at the Hotel Barnum.

S. F. Lyne, Slater, Mo.; T. Compton, Davenport; John Rogers, South Boston, Mass.; Edward Ptacnik, Unihuahua, Mexico, are at the Planters'.

James Dunton, Ellsworth, Kan.; M. J. Tucker, Advance, Ark.; Mrs. E. Milver, Montezuma, Cal.; S. L. Donnelly, Kansas City; S. D. Felt, Hamilton, Tex.; Chas. Tillotson, Chicago, Ill., are at the Everett.

W. B. Safford and wife, San Francisco; F. Carter, Springfield, Mo.; Geo. Atwood, Rolla, Mo.; B. R. Walker, New Orleans; Dr. Parkhill, Irving, Ill.; C. M. Wood, Hillsboro, Ill., and James F. Quinn, New York, are at Hotel Hunt.

C. L. Vanderpool, Kansas City, Mo.; J. F. Brinckshoff, Waco, Tex.; A. F. Sweetser, Kansas City; T. J. Moss, Higbee, Mo.; J. W. Ming, Mrs. M. A. Ming, Marshall, Mo., and T. L. Montgomery, Kohoko, Mo., are at the Laclede.

Jas. Pauly, Minneapolis; L. L. Kensinger, Calhoun, Mo.; W. E. McKinley, Howard, Mo.; J. C. Knowlton, Texarkana, Tex.; Wm. Bridwell, S. C. Harrison, Savannah, Mo.; J. D. Price and wife, Stanberry, Mo., are at the St. James.

J. S. Ambrose and wife, Springfield, Mo.; N. B. Potts, Warsaw, Ill.; F. Doherty and wife, Comfort, Tex.; Chas. T. Stratton, Springfield, Ill.; Mrs. J. B. Icking, Nauvoo, Ill.; Jno. H. Delano, Murphysboro, Ill., are at Hurst's.

Mrs. J. M. Crutcher, Paris, Mo.; James T. Lloyd, Shelbyville, Mo.; Mrs. Mattie Bodinet, Paris, Mo.; S. C. Schenck, Toledo, O.; Tinsley Brown, Hamilton, Mo.; C. H. Sombower, Reading, Pa.; Charles M. Mayloru, Albany, N. Y.; John S. Kelly, Windsor, Mo.; G. S. Young, Holden, Mo.; James A. Price, Weston, Mo.; Charles D. Dorcas, Kansas City, are at the Laclede.

J. M. Whitehill and family, Arkansas City, Ark.; Jas. Murphy, W. V. Kelley, Springfield, O.; R. O. Cowan, F. W. Cowan, C. E. Newton Ottawa, Ont.; J. P. Long, Paris, Ky.; J. D. Young, Hanover, Pa.; John W. Wheeler, Orange, Mass.; E. H. Stut, Nashville, Tenn.; E. L. Hankins, Detroit; F. W. Olives and wife, Altoona, Pa.; S. Adone, Galveston; Fred Woodward, Denver, Colo.; A. A. Robinson, R. E. Wells, Topeka, Kan., are at the Southern.

THERE is nothing makes a woman blue like the nervous, tired feeling. Hood's Sarsaparilla knocks it.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.,

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

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Six months	4 00
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One month	65
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One year, postage paid	$1 00
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All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed

POST-DISPATCH,
515 and 517 Market street.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

Editorial Rooms	581
Business Office	558

TUESDAY, MAY 17, 1887.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIC—Prof. Gleason's Horse Show.
PEOPLE'S—Louise Pomeroy in "Adirondacks."
STANDARD—Reilly and Woods' Combination.
MUSEUM—Open Daily from 1 p. m. to 10 p. m.

MATINEES TO-MORROW.

PEOPLE'S—Louise Pomeroy in "Adirondacks."
STANDARD—Reilly and Woods' Combination.

The indications for twenty-four hours, commencing at 3 p. m. to-day, for Missouri are: Colder, threatening weather, with local rains, followed by clearing weather; northerly winds, becoming variable.

THE Legislature is hard at work attempting not to pass a railroad law, and the prospects of its success are good.

THE sprinkling ordinance returns to the Council to-night, backed by the signatures of more than seventy-five thousand petitioners.

EACH day at Jefferson City discloses new elements of unconstitutionality in any attempt to enforce the Constitution of Missouri.

THE ice-pool is only testing the submissive temper of the people. It is ready to dissolve as soon as they show fight. It cannot stay without their consent and support.

THE opening attack on the ice pool by the POST-DISPATCH yesterday afternoon was promptly followed up by the Butchers' Union at its meeting last night. The ice pool must melt and dissolve.

SEVERAL members of the Legislature now take the position that the Legislature has not the right to pass a railroad law at a special session after it has failed to pass a railroad law at the regular session.

THE Granite Mountain people might reduce their taxation by converting their mining shares into railroad shares and consenting to let the State collect one-fourth of the tax it collects from individual property.

THE POST-DISPATCH will take great pleasure in publishing free of charge the names, addresses and rates of ice-dealers who are engaged in the fight against the ice pool, and will take additional pleasure in reporting the success of their business.

THE eight-hour law as applied to the carriers' department of the Postal Service means that a day's work begins at 8 a. m. and ends at 8 p. m., with a little midnight spin around the route to keep the carriers' legs from getting stiff in luxurious idleness.

IF it is only the unexpected that happens the universal expectation of a regular Belfast massacre at Toronto warrants the hope that O'BRIEN'S argument there will not be punctuated and emphasized by wanton murders of his persecuted countrymen.

LANSDOWNE in his letter to his Orange supporters in Canada does not dare to justify the outrage against which O'BRIEN is protesting. He lays it all on his agents and says he hopes to clear away the misunderstanding which somebody has wickedly planted in the minds of his tenants.

THE Weather Bureau has kept the streets well sprinkled most of the time for weeks past. The cleanliness, the beauty of the lawns, and the delicious, refreshing temperature accompanying this suppression of the dust nuisance is a foretaste of what we can have all summer by imitating the example of Milwaukee.

ENGLISH Toryism is hard pressed to invent ways of preventing the Irish from sending representatives to Parliament. The latest suggestion is that no one shall be permitted to sit in Parliament who receives any pecuniary assistance from alien sources. The cheapest way to end Irish agitation would be to give the people of Ireland their rights, but the Tory mind does not take kindly to that idea.

THE wholesalers of the ice-pool are blaming the retailers for putting the retail price too high. The retailers, in great fear of the pool on the one hand and of outside competition on the other, are trying to hold their dissatisfied customers by intimating that the pool price is not to be maintained; that another conference soon to be held will result in a reduction of prices. They even assure customers confidentially that bills will be made out satisfactorily and in disregard of pool prices, if the favored customer will only keep the secret and not get them into trouble with the wholesale "combine," which they say is to blame for the price fixed and has the power to ruin any retailer who cuts or allows rebates. But it is evident that this shaky condition of the "combine" will last only while it is menaced with competition. That danger removed, the extortion will be rigidly enforced, and the only way to break up the pool is by patronizing the dealers who are fighting it. If the public combatively sustains them the pool will melt away and disappear as quickly as one of its little 10-cent cakes dissolves under the rays of the morning sun.

CORPORATION LAW.

A RECENT decision of the Ohio Supreme Court that a railroad company is liable to be deprived of its charter and its corporate existence for entering into such contracts as have generally been made between railroad companies and the Standard Oil Company is all the more important that it is based upon no new legislation, but upon old established law, common to all the States. That such contracts for rebates and discriminations as would make common carriers mere monopoly builders were against public policy, and would not be enforced by the courts, has been the uniform declaration of the courts. But what remedy was available to the public if both parties to such contracts voluntarily chose to enter into them and abide by them? The Ohio decision is that "no granger statutes" are needed to enable the State to intervene as the protector of the public. In a quo warranto proceeding at the relation of the Attorney-General of Ohio, the Supreme Court of that State has overruled all demurrers and held in effect that these Standard Oil contracts involve abuse and misuse of corporate franchises which the State has power to prevent by injunction or to punish by taking away the corporate life of the railroad company, if the proof justify such severity of punishment. That this is sound law we have no doubt, and in the light of such decisions all the new legislation proposed for railroad regulation wears a mild, indulgent and benevolent look for the erring corporations.

USURPING OFFICE.

CAREY, a candidate for re-election as Sheriff of Buchanan County, was beaten by ANDREWS, but claimed the right to retain the office on the ground that ANDREWS was of foreign birth, unnaturalized and ineligible. ANDREWS proved that during his minority his father was naturalized and that United States law, according to a long and unbroken line of decisions, made the naturalization of the father equivalent to the naturalization of the minor children. But the Circuit Judge who had jurisdiction of the contest aided CAREY in his usurpation of the office by delivering a decision reversing the settled decisions of all the other courts in the United States. The State Supreme Court has reversed this freakish decision, as everybody knew it would, but CAREY is expected to continue his usurpation of the office to the end of the term by simply taking a pretended appeal to the United States Supreme Court, which will, of course, not come up till after the next election. Even if ANDREWS was disqualified, CAREY was not elected, but the law continuing incumbents in office until their successors are elected favors this sort of usurpation where the local court can be used to aid and abet it. A judge so incompetent or dishonest as to be made use of as this St. Joseph judge was should be impeached and removed, and there certainly should be some law to punish and prevent such a manifest usurpation as CAREY is practicing so successfully.

THE Constitution of Missouri has for eleven years forbidden a greater charge for a short haul than for a longer haul which includes the shorter, and for eleven years it has been the sworn duty of the Legislature to enforce this prohibition by effective remedies and penalties. To wrangle at Jefferson City over the question whether it should be enforced or not is to insult the sovereignty of the people, violate a sacred public trust and willfully aid an anarchic conspiracy to overthrow the fundamental law of the land. This is the long and the short of the situation in which the extra session finds itself, and the only honorable way out of it is so obvious that no honorable and self-respecting member will hesitate or fail to find it.

THE ice-pool is a strong, well-organized combination to squeeze immense sums of money out of the ice-consumers of St. Louis. All the public spirit in St. Louis and all the charity for the poor should enter zealously into the fight against this extortion by sustaining the dealers who are maintaining old prices. They can profitably supply the market all summer at the old prices from the abundant stocks of cheap ice in easy reach, and the saving in patronizing them should give them the whole market. The citizen who takes a pound of pool ice when he can get as good at half the price is voluntarily taxing himself to sustain a combination organized to bleed him and all his fellow-citizens.

THE cable continues to bring us much advertising of the success of the Wild West show in London, and there is no doubt that it is the sensation of the day. Royalty and aristocracy and nobility have all set the fashion of going to see it, and yet it is a dead certainty that the concern will not be allowed to leave England with a penny of English money to show for profit. No American entertainment has ever been permitted to make any money in England, and none will ever be permitted to make any until the present race of British critics, deadheads and other parasites is extinct.

THE Belgian army has been actively and continually employed for a year or so past in suppressing and keeping down the despairing outbreaks of Belgium's starving miners and factory hands. With Belgian ports free to American grain cheaper than it was ever known before, a large army was required to compel the poor creatures to endure peaceably the pangs of hunger. Now Belgium is about to make their condition still more intolerable by increasing the cost of food with a tariff tax on American breadstuffs and provisions. Between the upper and nether millstones of tariffs excluding European manufactures from our markets and American food products from European markets, the only escape left to the pauper labor of Europe will be through emigration to this country. As devices for glutting our labor market with importations of the pauper labor of Europe, tariffs are a brilliant success.

THE organized secret societies that have forbidden O'BRIEN to speak at Toronto are composed of 10,000 Sons of England and 12,000 Orangemen. They are backed by 5,000 toughs from the neighboring country, and compose perhaps three-fourths of the 3,700 armed military force of the city. The Irish friends of O'BRIEN do not exceed 5,000 men. But it seems to be in Canada as it is in Ireland. At Montreal and Quebec, and wherever the Irish are strong enough to protect themselves, there is peace, free speech, submission to law. It is only where they can be imposed upon and massacred with impunity that their every movement is a breach of the peace or a treasonable outrage.

THE Globe-Democrat dislikes to be corrected when it arraigns Democracy for the murder of negroes killed by Republicans, and it tries to wriggle out by intimating that we confound a certain Republican negro-killer with his father "who was at one time United States Marshal at Louisville." That "one time" was under a Republican administration, and his son was his deputy, and both were Republicans, the Globe-Democrat's absurd assertion to the contrary notwithstanding. A Democrat at that time had no more chance of holding a Federal office in Kentucky than a negro has of being nominated for office by a Republican convention.

THE official order for the disbandment of the First Regiment of Missouri State Militia leaves St. Louis with one single militia company, the Cavalry Company. The members of this company keep up the organization chiefly out of their own means, but it is hardly to be expected that they will maintain the Armory at their own expense. There ought to be enough public spirit in St. Louis to maintain one militia company and the Cavalry Company is a popular and creditable organization.

The Lobby Should Go.

From the St. Joseph Gazette.

It is all very well for the press to storm and the people to resolve about the necessity of enacting wholesome laws, but this will avail nothing until public sentiment shall be stirred up to demand the elimination of the lobby as a legislative institution. It were idle to deny the fact that in every State in the Union the professional lobbyist has come to exercise a controlling influence in public affairs. In the States of the Pacific slope, in Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska and Missouri, the baleful influence of salaried enemies of society has more than once overturned the manifest intentions of the people and foisted upon the State men and measures obnoxious to the popular will. Public offices have been sold, vicious legislation obtained, and the enactment of just laws prevented, not because legislatures, left to themselves, were indisposed to be governed by the will of the people, but because at State capitals the bribe-giver plied his nefarious calling with only a pretense of secrecy, and almost without a protest from the community. The public mind has failed to comprehend the awful crime committed by men whose vocation it is to poison the fountain from which alone good government can issue, and, condoning its offenses, has nearly if not quite legitimatized the lobby as one of the institutions of free government. The result is that the evil has grown with the growth of the government until Washington and all the State capitals swarm with these pests of the republic.

The Mainspring of Success.

From the New York WORLD.

The unique and interesting collection of editorial opinions as to the WORLD'S phenomenal growth promises to arouse much discussion touching the underlying principles of journalistic success. It contains a general recognition of the value of brains, originality, energy and enterprise in newspaper development. A number of our brethren in the West think that "Western ideas" are at the bottom of it all. Some allude to the WORLD'S "broad-minded Democracy." Many mention its independence. Over a score lay emphasis on the enterprise and excellence of its news columns.

But a careful analysis will show that the burden of the testimony confirms the WORLD'S own opinion, frequently reiterated, that the mainspring of its success has been its unfailing championship of the interests of the people. From different standpoints, with varying phrases, this is expressed. "The WORLD has been kept close to the people;" "sympathy with the masses rather than the classes;" "has his every fraud, whether it wore a Wall street crown or a Bowery plug;" "has been against political, social and corporate oppression;" "a paper for the people, the people without isms, and the people have supported it." This is the pith, the essence, the consensus of the opinion of the editors of the country as to the cause of the WORLD'S success.

An Assessor's Wonderful Logic.

From the Trenton Emporium.

There is a certain township assessor who valued a tract of ten acres for taxation at $1,000. The valuation has not been changed for a score of years. At length one acre was sold to a stranger for $1,000. The following year the assessor valued the single acre at $1,000 and the nine acres which remained in the original holder's possession were valued at $900. The assessor claimed that the one-acre plot being then sold for $1,000 he was required to value it at that sum, but that the nine-acre plot having been diminished by one-tenth it should be valued at one-tenth less. This seems to be about the kind of reasoning used by many of the rural assessors.

Corporate Trusts.

From the New York WORLD.

Mr. Hart is troublesome. If all the directors of the Pacific Mail had been as inquisitive as he there would have been difficulty in finding the $750,000 which the agent of the company spent in Washington one winter in behalf of a subsidy. The way the business of corporations is done in these days, it is only the selected managing directors who should understand everything. The others are only wanted for the respectability that may linger about their names, or for dummies to represent the innocent stockholders, or for tools generally. It would not only be embarrassing to the actual managers, but to the dummy directors, if the latter knew anything about the business. Mr. Hart is behind the times.

MEN OF MARK.

IT is said that the Duke of Connaught speaks Hindoostanee fluently.

THE Orleans Princes are bidding high for the crown jewels of France.

THE Earl of Buckinghamshire saved two lives from the wreck of the P. & O. steamer Tasmand.

LORD EDGAR CECIL, the younger son of the Marquis of Salisbury, has been admitted to the English bar.

VICTORIANO, an Indian of San Jacinto, Cal., once Chief of the Seranos, is thought to be at least 125 years old.

SECRETARIES WHITNEY AND FAIRCHILD, in spite of their warm devotion to paper hunts, have never won a prize.

PRESIDENT ROBERT GARRETT of the Baltimore & Ohio is said to be a perfect Beau Brummel in the matter of dress.

JAMES W. HYATT, the new Treasurer of the United States, was originally a Republican, but went over to the Democracy in 1872.

NATE SALISBURY, who is Buffalo Bill's partner, proposes to introduce pop-corn in London this summer. He has ordered 100 bushels of the unpopped vegetable from a New York dealer.

J. ARMOY KNOX of Texas Sittings, who is commonly called Armory, because he carries two revolvers and a bowie-knife, is the ablest coin-matcher in the country since John T. Raymond died. He has a lucky quarter with which he has won over $500 this month.

BILLY EMERSON, the negro minstrel, is one of the richest men on the stage, according to the Philadelphia Times, who says that he has a property in San Francisco which is assessed for over $100,000, and Mrs. Emerson has property worth over half a million. This is rather remarkable, because Mr. Emerson has a national reputation as a lover of the game of faro.

WILLIAM CARLSON, a temperance advocate living in San Francisco, was recently arrested for cruelly beating his horse on the street. His defense was that the animal insisted on stopping in front of every saloon and tavern, and that he himself was subjected to much ridicule and annoyance in consequence. The case was dismissed by Judge Hornblower, who had evidently driven an animal with the same depraved habit.

MR. MAURICE BERNHARDT, who was to have joined his fond mother at Omaha, and accompanied her thence to California, appears to prefer the Capua-like pleasures of New York to the dusty delights of a transcontinental trip. He may be seen late every afternoon in Central Park riding in a hansom and industriously puffing a cigarette as he indolently leans over the apron of the vehicle. Mr. Bernhardt is a tall and slender youth, with passable features, a straight-drawn mouth, thin lips and an air of wearied vacuity.

SPEAKING of the recent attempt to kill him, poor old Bazaine said to a London Telegraph correspondent that he had come to resign himself during the past years to his painful fate, which doomed him to be an obligatory and enforced victim, a sort of consolatory holocaust, for a defeat which was inevitable. He once more insisted that had Marshal McMahon helped him in time things would have taken a different turn, and he took credit to himself for having avoided a bombardment which would have caused the destruction of thousands of men.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

MRS. ELIZABETH CADY STANTON is visiting her son in Paris.

ELLA WHEELER WILCOX hopes to publish a new volume of poems in the fall.

THERE are five young women enrolled in the law department of Michigan University.

MARY ANDERSON'S revival of "The Winter's Tale" in England is proving very popular.

THE records of the Patent Office show that women have obtained patents on 1,900 inventions.

CHIEF JUSTICE WAITE remembers Emma Abbott as a poor girl singing in the streets of Toledo.

ELLEN TERRY has decided to let her daughter go upon the stage, as her tastes all lie in that direction.

THE German Crown Princess and her daughters are said by a correspondent to dress with "astounding simplicity."

COL. ROBERT G. INGERSOLL'S eldest daughter is said to have the finest and best soprano voice in New York. She is also very beautiful.

MRS. GRANT says that her recent visit to Washington was a melancholy one on account of the memories which the familiar scenes evoked.

MRS. MICHAEL DAVITT captured Dublin Wednesday night by singing "The Wearing of the Green" and "The Star-Spangled Banner" at a charity concert.

THE widow of Garibaldi is still living in a modest little house in Turin, surrounded by mementos of her late husband and wrapped up completely in memories of the past.

QUEEN NATALIE of Servia received a very frigid letter from the Empress of Austria regretting that "it would be impossible for the Empress to receive her Servian Majesty at present."

BERTHA VON HILLERN, the ex-pedestrian, is in California. She has devoted herself for some years to painting, and has a studio in the Shenandoah Valley, Virginia. She has been quite successful as an artist, one of her pictures being valued at $5,000.

THE wives of at least two of the leading hotel proprietors of New York City, who wear magnificent diamonds, ride in their own luxurious turn-outs and move in first-class society, were once chambermaids and made the acquaintance of their husbands when the latter also occupied subordinate positions in hotels.

MRS. LANGTRY'S admirers have lately noticed a sad falling off in her looks as she rolls past them in her victoria. Her pallor and her languid air have something to do with the change, but some other reason had to be adduced for the very marked difference in her appearance. It now turns out that the Jersey Lily has had her hair cut in boy fashion.

THE Raleigh News says that the lady ordained recently by Bishop Potter is not the only deaconess in the Episcopal Church in America. In Franklin County, N. C., is a lady who was ordained by Bishop Atkinson, and is now known as Sister Cecelia and has devoted her life to good works in the Church. She is not alone a member of a sisterhood, but a regularly ordained deaconess.

METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying This Morning.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, May 17.—The WORLD says: "If Mr. Cleveland desires to promote a Southern member of his Cabinet to the Supreme Bench, there is L. Q. C. Lamar, one of the best of lawyers and a man of undoubted integrity."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "What could Grover Cleveland see in the smirking, sneering faces of the Mugwumps that he should love them to the exclusion of his natural friends? By what enchantment have his political senses been so wrought upon that he makes foes of his friends, and friends of his foes; yearns for the Mugwumps as Titania doted upon Bottom, and casts a friendly eye upon his lawful lord and master, the Democratic party? It must be that the President has been 'hoodooed.' He has drunk of the soporific potions compounded by Dorman B. Eaton and a Chinese powder has been sprinkled upon him."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "It appears that the rules governing promotions in the civil service, originally embraced one requiring an examination of all incumbents to test their fitness for their present positions. This was approved by the President and by Mr. Oberly, but objected to by Mr. Lyman, and in the absence of Mr. Edgarton, the third Commissioner, it was omitted. In theory the plan is sound, but it is possible that the method finally adopted will prove better in practice. This is to examine all incumbents gradually and to record those who fail to attain seventy-five marks as liable to reduction in the grade or to dismissal. The result is the same, but is reached more slowly. In either case, however, everything depends upon the fidelity with which the superior officers use their power to dispose of the deficient clerks."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "'Bishop' Oberly, of more or less civil-service fame, declares that the new civil-service rules for weeding out old Republican employes in the departments are the work of the President himself. It is well to know this, for when the promotion examinations are over and the Republicans go out to let the Democrats or Mugwumps go in, the people will want to be able to fix the responsibility closely. Commissioner Oberly's little remark about the present employes who 'had better be mending their ways as to punctuality and industry,' gives us an inkling as to the way the new regulation about 'general efficiency' is to be worked."

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

A Call on the Drama.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

DEAR SIR—Now that Daly's, Harrigan's and Madison Square companies are on the road don't you think it would be a good idea for some of our managers to play them before they return to New York? Please work this up and oblige AMUSEMENT LOVER.

St. Louis, May 16, 1887.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

UNION STOCK YARDS.—The side bearing the date is the "head" of a nickel.

J. R. GRAY.—No date has been fixed for the adjournment of the present session.

C. M. S.—Bushong uses nothing for his hands. Other catchers use a variety of liniments. Arnica is as good as any.

SUBSCRIBER, T. M. S. AND ATTENDANT.—The rain checks given at Sportsman's Park are good for any game of the season.

A READER.—A note falling due on Sunday or a legal holiday is payable the day after unless the day after should be a holiday. In the latter case it is payable the day before it falls due.

H. M. B.—The strength of the religious denominations in the United States last year was as follows: Methodists, 3,793,724; Baptists, 2,559,129; Presbyterians, 1,002,944; Congregationalists, 387,619; Lutherans, 800,189; Episcopalians, 313,889; Disciples of Christ, 563,926. The Roman Catholic lay membership is not ascertainable, as they count all of a family as members if the parents are. On this basis they claim a population of 7,000,000.

Celery Crop Suffering.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., May 17.—The season thus far has been the driest known for years. In the great gardens surrounding this city vegetation is suffering terribly, and even on low celery land the effects of the protracted drought are becoming noticeable. The loss of the celery crop means the loss of several hundred thousand dollars. The first crop is already damaged greatly, and unless rain falls in a few days it will be a total failure.

Why They Disagree.

From the Detroit Free Press.

Gen. Beauregard and Jeff Davis have fallen out and all kinds of stories are current as to the cause of the coolness. If the truth were known Jeff has doubtless blown in a good many dollars against Beauregard's lottery without ever drawing anything but his breath when he read the list of prizes.

The Only Way Is Not to Get Caught.

From the Norristown Herald.

The park commissioners of Baltimore have adopted a new set of rules, one of which imposes a fine on young people who are caught kissing in the park. This smacks of the dark ages. The object of public parks is to afford pleasure to the people, and if kissing is not a pleasure what is?

This Will Put You in Low Spirits.

From the Norristown Herald.

"A young married woman in Iowa takes long moonlight strolls with the ghost of a former lover." No doubt if her husband was to be apprised of her actions he would say "It's immaterial." You couldn't specter to—. But gnome matter.

She's Made Quite a Bustle in Boston.

From the Burlington Free Press.

Queen Kapiolani is allowed an income of $8,000 by the Hawaiian government. She has to get along with two bonnets a year, and makes her own bustles from the Hawaiian Gazette.

A Chance for Her in America.

Advertisement in a Bordeaux (France) Newspaper.

Young lady would accept situation at a railway station. She speaks English, German and French, and can make sixty sandwiches with half a pound of butter.

They Remember Her Husband.

From the Chicago Herald.

Because Queen Kapiolani passed through New York on Saturday evening and went to Boston to spend Sunday the report has gone out that she is a hard drinker.

The Girls Get Cross, Too.

From the Burlington Free Press.

The telephone has been introduced into China and the pigtails are getting more cross-eyed than ever trying to wink at the girl in the central office.

The Editor's Involuntary Bath.

From the Collin County (Tex.) Mercury.

To the fire-boys: When you are our practicing, handle the hose with a little more care. When we want a bath we'll go to East Fork.

Let's All Write to Him.

From Wall.

It is said that there is a man in Sumter County, Georgia, over 32 years old, who has never received a letter of any kind.

A Forgotten Fact.

From the Chicago Herald.

There was an occassional bankruptcy in this country before the interstate commerce law was passed.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 558.

A NEW MOVE.

THE REPUBLICAN AND SOUTHERN MEMBERS FORM A COMBINATION.

New Tactics Adopted by the Opponents of Railroad Legislation—Bills Making Appropriations for the Extra Session—The Walker Investigation Revived in the House—Railroad Bills—Brief Session of the Senate and House—Proceedings of the Missouri Legislature.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., May 17.—A refreshing amount of candor is to be had here on the quiet. The friends of Speaker Alexander and the ideas he is supposed to represent issue this bit of wisdom: There are not many railroads in the southeast of the State, and the representatives of that section are opposed to anything calculated to deter improvements. The delegation numbers about twenty-six members, all Democrats.

The Republicans are opposed to railroad legislation because they are naturally, as a minority, opposed to administration measures. They number forty-nine, and with the men from the Southeast form a majority of the House. Any bill that will give them a reasonable excuse to kick will find them solid in the opposition and ready to defeat all attempt at legislation. Per contra, the men of the Southeast and the Republicans, when confidentially approached, say: "We want reasonable legislation. We want the rates fixed in the law, and no discretionary power in that respect given to the commissioners. The majority of the old committee tried to force their ideas down our throats, and it is believed they are still so wedded to those ideas that the attempt will be repeated at this special session."

Impartial observers opine that no bill will be passed unless it is so simple in its construction that the vote upon it will resolve itself into a plain expression of a willingness or reluctance to enforce the Constitution. This statement is coupled with the consoling opinion that the committee does not embrace the ability necessary to submit such a bill. The probability deductable is that the session will not be productive.

THE HOUSE.

At the convening of the House this morning the Speaker announced the following committees:

Judiciary—Curtis, Mahan, Bodine, Buckner, Whitelaw, Smith of Dallas, Shelton, Smith of Jackson, Bridges.

Appropriations—McIntire, Salisbury, Kneisley, Jewett, Roberts, Carter of Audrain, Dunn of Lincoln, Hinton, Walton, Moulton, Tillotson.

Internal Improvements—Seventh Congressional District, Chairman Booth; Twelfth, Timmonds; Sixth, Sebree; Third, Turner; Ninth, Knapp; Fourth, Daniel; Eighth, Drabelle; Fourteenth, Frazer; First, Babcock; Tenth, Robb; Thirteenth, Headlee; Fifth, Kelly; Second, Brooks; Eleventh, Loising; Crawford of Benton, Knowles.

Accounts—Tate, Noland, Carter of Montgomery, Cock, Pierce, Pachall, Pilant.

Engrossed Bills—Warren, Haynes, Odell, Newberry, Collins, Snider, Harlan.

Enrolled Bills—Lee, Allison, Ellis, Ely, Hunter, Powers, Purdy.

THE WALKER INVESTIGATION.

Under the call for resolutions, Weiner of Gentry County introduced the following:

Whereas, The Thirty-fourth General Assembly, in regular session, did order an investigation of certain alleged charges against State-Auditor Walker, and reported through a committee appointed for that purpose the result of such investigation; and

Whereas, The testimony taken before said committee was ordered printed for information, and as yet the same has not been printed; therefore be it

Resolved, That a committee of three members from this House be appointed by the Speaker to inquire into and ascertain why the same has not been done.

Mr. Knapp of St. Louis raised the point of order that the House in its special session could lawfully consider the resolution.

Shelton, Bodine, Haynes and Bridges spoke in favor of the point of order. Richardson, Smith of Jackson, Timmonds, Booth, McIntire and Goodykoontz submitted that the point of order was not well taken.

The Speaker ruled against the point of order and the resolution was admitted. The resolution provoked considerable feeling, as it was regarded as the first step in the direction of the introducing of articles of impeachment, which, it is generally understood, will be introduced by a Democratic member before the final adjournment of the session.

Mr. Newman moved to refer the resolution to the Committee on Judiciary. The motion was lost and the resolution passed by acclamation.

NEW BILLS.

Under the call for bills, Mr. Warren introduced a bill appropriating $45,000 to defray the expenses of the extra session.

Richardson introduced a similar bill appropriating $60,000.

Whitelaw introduced a bill compelling railroads to furnish switch connections and cars for shippers.

Smith of Dallas introduced an act providing for the taxation of all railroads on their gross earnings for the benefit of the school fund.

The House then adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow.

THE SENATE.

In the Senate Senator Ketchum introduced Senate bill No. 8, appropriating $50,000 to defray the expenses of the special session.

Senate bill No. 2, an act regulating freight cargoes and making the office of Railroad Commissioner appointive and establishing penalties was read a second time. The motion to refer the bill to the Committee on Internal Improvements called forth a prolonged debate, many of the Senators favoring a consideration of all railroad bills by the Committee of the Whole. Senator McGinniss was among this number and suggested calling the prominent shippers of the State before the Senate. Pending the debate, the yeas and nays were called on a motion to adjourn, which was carried by a vote of 17 to 14.

TRAGEDY ON A PLANTATION.

A 12-Year-Old Colored Boy Shoots and Kills a Woman.

NEW ORLEANS, La., May 17.—Information of a peculiar tragedy has just been received from Ascension. On Ascension plantation Wm. Leman, a colored boy 12 years of age, shot Mrs. Michela Gioja, the wife of an Italian laborer on the same place. The woman died from her wound the following morning. The Coroner held and inquest, at which the following facts were elicted: The boy Leman became involved in a quarrel with a little son of Mrs. Gioja and seized a hoe as if to strike him. The mother rushed to the protection of her child, when the boy Leman fled to his father's house, pursued by the angry mother. Arriving there he entered and closed the door behind him. Mrs. Gioja made an effort to enter when the boy, seizing a pistol, fired through an aperture of the door, inflicting a wound that resulted in death. The boy was arrested and is now in the parish prison.

A CHURCH SENSATION.

Rev. James A. Siddal, a Prominent Clergyman, Indicted and Arrested.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 17.—Rev. James A. Siddal, one of the most prominent preachers in the Northwest Methodist Conference of Indiana, disappeared from Kentland several weeks ago, and about that time the Grand-jury returned an indictment against him. It was supposed he had gone to Minnesota, but he turned up in this city yesterday and was arrested. He was taken before a commission, which adjudged him insane, but the Superintendent of the Hospital refused to receive him because the commission's examination had been improperly conducted. He was, in consequence, locked up in jail.

Missing People.

Rose Betterton of Kirkwood wants information of Mattie Vandeventer, a 15-year-old girl who left her home in Kirkwood on the 6th inst. Rose has her red hair cut short, has gray eyes, is light complexioned and of stout build. She wore a dark blue cashmere dress, and since she left home has been twice seen in Lindell Park on St. Louis avenue.

Carl Schmitz, a German 46 years of age, left his home and family in Belleville, Ill., in the latter part of April to come to St. Louis, and has not been heard from since. He is 5 feet 8 inches high, dark complexioned, has gray eyes and a scar on the left side of his face. His hair is thin and dark in color mixed with gray, and two of the fingers of his left hand are crippled. His wife, who is now at 2218 North Tenth street, this city, is very anxious to learn something of him.

William G. Coalscott of Paris, Ill., writes to the Chief of Police asking information concerning his brother, James H. Coalscots, who left Troy, Mo., for Kansas City on April 21 and has not since been heard from. He is about 47 years of age, is rather gray and weighs about 175 pounds. He has a family living in Terre Haute, Ind.

MEXICO EXPLAINS.

The Killing of Capt. Crawford of the United States Army.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 17.—Senor Mariscal, the Mexican Minister of Foreign Affairs, has addressed a letter to the United States Legation in answer to several communications from Mr. Jackson, the former Minister from the United States, giving the results of an official investigation by the Mexican Government into the circumstances of the killing of Capt. Crawford of the United States Army, Fourth Cavalry, by a body of Mexican troops, while he was in pursuit of a band of Apache Indians. Senor Mariscal states that the shooting was done by a party of 100 volunteers raised by Mauricio Corredor, a citizen of Chihuahua, to protect his property from the depredations of the marauding Apaches. The scene and incidents of the fight are described. Corredor and four other Mexicans were killed. The firing was stopped as soon as the Mexicans ascertained they were fighting United States troops and not hostile Indians.

Senor Mariscal says: "The Indians who were attacked on that day are the same who committed the raids mentioned on Mexican territory. They were dressed just like the hostile Indians, and had in their possession the stolen cattle, which they refused to restore, notwithstanding a formal demand was made for them by the Mexicans. It is not true that Capt. Crawford waved a white handkerchief when the fight commenced. The Americans wore no uniforms or insignia of any character whatever, nor did they show any proof of being what they represented themselves to be except a single scrap of paper written upon with a pencil. The cattle found in the possession of the Indians was recognized by the Mexicans as belonging to some farmers in Chihuahua, from whom it had been stolen. The agreement allowing the regular troops only of either country to cross the boundary in pursuit of hostile Indians did not contemplate that Indians without uniforms or other military insignia should come into Mexico, where they have committed so many raids and then succeeded in returning to their reservation as innocent men, and fed and clothed by the United States Government."

"FALLEN FLAT."

A Canadian Minister's Opinion of Editor O'Brien's Mission.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 17.—The Very Rev. Dean Carmichael of St. George's Church, Montreal, who is at present visiting in this city, was asked by a reporter how Editor O'Brien's mission to Canada was looked on in Montreal. He said: "I know very little about the real feeling there, but from observation should judge that the 'mission' had fallen flat. The respectable Irish Catholics were evidently far from enthusiastic over the affair, and I think I am right in saying that Father O'Dowd, the leading Irish Catholic clergyman, was utterly opposed to Mr. O'Brien's visit under the circumstances. Mr. O'Brien's meeting was held in the old Zion Church, which only holds 700 or 800, and I was told by one who was there that the building was not more than half full.

"The reason for the lack of interest shown by his own countrymen seems simple to me, but, of course, I cannot speak with authority. The Irish-Canadians are a most loyal people. No doubt they would be glad to see Ireland obtain home rule in the way Isaac Butt advocated it—that is, giving Ireland just the same constitutional liberty that Canada enjoys. The Irish-Canadians know the advantages of their own system, and would doubtless be disciples of Butt's method for Ireland. But the present agitation, carried on in the name of Home Rule, certainly does not receive the cordial support of the best element among Irish-Canadians.

"No matter how favorable the Irish Protestants in Canada might be to this limited home rule, they do not wish to call themselves Home Rulers since the name has so degenerated. To be a Home Ruler under present conditions means to be an out-and-out sympathizer with the methods and agitation of the present Irish leaders, and these they naturally repudiate."

THE M'NAIR KILLING.

The Murdered Man's Wife Gives An Account of the Tragedy.

JACKSON, Ga., May 17.—Mrs. McNair, the wife of the man who was assassinated in Worthville, reached this place yesterday, and gives a graphic description of the tragedy. Mr. T. F. McNair had incurred the hatred of the community because of the killing of a man named Hardy. He had been tried for the offense and acquitted. As the people believed it to be a case of murder, they freely denounced McNair's acquittal, and he was the recipient of frequent notices of warning in which assassination was hinted. For some months, however, there had been a cessation of the notices, and McNair and his wife began to forget them. A little after midnight on Saturday morning a voice as of one in trouble, aroused the couple. When McNair inquired the matter, the man outside answered that his buggy had broken down, and that he could not see how to mend it with out a light. McNair lit his lamp and started out, when the report of two guns was heard, and the victim fell dead. One of the men then walked up close to the body and fired from a pistol two shots more. When Mrs. McNair attempted to come out a dozen shots against the front of the house warned her not to venture out. The assassins retreated from the house, and kept up the fusilade, making their escape before the woman could venture out. By the dawning light of day she examined the body of her dead husband, thirteen buckshot being found in his neck alone. The tracks of the assassins were followed to an adjoining swamp where they were lost. There is no doubt but that the assassins were the friends of the murdered man Hardy.

"MY COUNTRY 'TIS OF THEE."

The Author of the Famous Hymn Entertained in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 17.—Fifty-five years ago the Rev. S. F. Smith, now of Boston, wrote "My County, 'Tis of Thee." Last night this gentleman, now 79 years of age, but still remarkably hearty, was entertained by the ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic at their parlors in this city. [Though the reception was also in honor of the reverend poet's wife, she was not present, owing to ill-health. A very enjoyable evening was spent.

North St. Louis.

Harry F. Harding Post, No. 107, Grand Army of the Republic, has engaged the steamer Bald Eagle for the trip to Jefferson Barracks on Decoration Day.

The next meeting of the Social Circle of Bellefontaine Chapter No. 69, O. E. S., will be held on Wednesday night at the residence of Mrs. Converse, 1114 Montgomery street.

The children of St. John's Evangelical Church School, Fourteenth and Madison streets, to the number of about four hundred, march out to the Fair Grounds to-morrow morning for a picnic, returning at dark with an escort of police.

Lizzie Gaskins of 1514 North Main and Lily Patterson of 1910 North Main had a little quarrel on the 25th of April, and Lizzie was hit with a brick in the side, she claims, to her great bodily harm, as she was in a delicate condition. Both are colored.

ABOUT 10 o'clock last night a few cases containing acetic acid took fire at the Mallinckrodt Chemical-works, Second and Mallinckrodt streets, but were extinguished by the private watchman. Damage $50.

THE CIVIL COURTS.

ANOTHER BATCH OF DECISIONS FROM THE COURT OF APPEALS.

Nine Cases Affirmed and Six Reversed—The Latest Additions to the Chapter of Divorce—A Decision of Interest to Hotel-Keepers and Their Guests—Opinions Delivered by Judges Dillon and Seddon To-Day.

The Court of Appeals met this morning and handed down the following decisions, afterward adjourning until next Tuesday:

St. Louis Union Society vs. Albert Mitchell et al.; judgment affirmed.

Fred Knoop ex rel. John Miller vs. Nelson Distilling Company; appeal from St. Charles County; transferred to Supreme Court.

John R. Calhoun & Co. vs. Daniel Paul; judgment reversed and cause remanded.

Maria C. Borggraefe vs. Supreme Lodge, Knights and Ladies of Honor; judgment reversed and cause remanded.

David J. Hayden et al. vs. Antonio Grillo; judgment reversed and cause remanded.

Hubert P. Taussig vs. Abraham Shields; judgment affirmed.

Solomon Adler and Jacob Frank vs. Christopher Lang; judgment reversed and cause remanded.

Murdock vs. Lewis, Judge of Court of Appeals; judgment affirmed.

P. P. Manion Blacksmith and Wrecking Company vs. Everett E. Carreras; judgment affirmed.

Home Insurance Company vs. George W. Burnett; appeal from Lewis County; judgment affirmed.

Westliche Post Association vs. Wm. R. Allen, et al.; judgment affirmed.

State to use of Hagen's administrator vs. Thomas J. Jones, et al.; appeal from Jefferson County; judgment reversed and cause remanded.

Wm. Taylor vs. J. W. Scott; appeal from Lawlede County; judgment affirmed and 10 per cent damages.

Abraham Schields vs. Daniel Hickey; judgment affirmed.

Frank A. Jarvis vs. St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railroad Company, appeal from Jefferson County; judgment affirmed.

Joseph Miller et al. vs. E. T. Hoffman et al., judgment reversed and cause remanded.

The Divorce Laundry.

Judge Barclay to-day granted a decree of divorce to Mrs. Sarah H. Gamewell against Will M. Gamewell. The testimony showed that they were married on the 17th of September, 1876. Mrs. Gamewell said that her husband for five years past had given himself up to drinking habits and had failed to support his family. He treated his wife with great brutality, and often threatened to kill her. The custody of the child Frank was awarded to the mother.

Daniel McCann presents a petition in the Circuit Court for a decree of divorce from Lulu McCann. They were married on the 29th of March, 1876, and lived together until the 16th of March of the present year. Mrs. McCann is accused by her husband of drunken habits, indecent conduct and neglect of household duties.

Cynthia A. Guy has entered a suit for divorce from John W. Guy, to whom she was married at Clarksville in February, 1873. The separation occurred in September, 1875. Mrs. Guy alleges that her husband deserted her without cause and that he failed to support her. For some time he squandered his means in drink. She asks for the custody of the child.

The Cable Car License.

A suit was entered in the Circuit Court to-day by the City against the St. Louis, Creve Cœur & St. Charles Railroad Company and the Cable & Western Railroad Company, on a bond for $50,000, executed by the Cable Company as successor to the rights and franchises of the Creve Cœur & St. Charles Company. The city claims that the Cable Company operates 100 cars for the transportation of passengers in this city, but that it has failed to pay the required license of $25 per car per annum. Judgment is asked for $5,000.

Vexatious Litigation.

Judge Dillon rendered a decision to-day in the suit of Albert Drey vs. Martin W. Doyle. The motion for a new trial was overruled. This was an action for unlawful detainer under the statute, and after the plaintiff had closed his case and the defendant had read in evidence the record of a case in ejectment between the same parties to recover the same property the Court directed the jury to find for the defendant. If the two suits were based on the same cause of action the second was unnecessary and vexatious. The facts which would warrant a recovery in unlawful detainer would certainly warrant a recovery in ejectment.

Goods Damaged in a Hotel.

Judge Dillon rendered a decision to-day in the suit of A. Ripplemayer against Gustav Koetter, a hotel-keeper. This was a claim for goods damaged by the bursting of a heater in one of the guests' rooms at Koetter's Hotel. The Court renders an interesting opinion, and says: "The current of authority seems to be that when a man brings to a hotel goods not his traveling baggage, but merchandise which he brings to sell, and is assigned a room in which to display his goods to his customers, then the liability of the hotel-keeper is materially modified. Under the evidence in this case the hotel-keeper was required to use only reasonable or ordinary care to prevent the goods from being damaged and as there was no evidence of negligence in that regard there must be judgment in favor of the hotel-keeper.

No Slander in Pleadings.

Judge Dillon to-day rendered a decision in the suit of John A. Hyde, a deputy clerk of the Circuit Court under Chas. F. Vogel, against F. X. McCabe, an attorney. The demurrer to the petition is sustained. Mr. Hyde complained of a statement in a counter-affidavit filed by Mr. McCabe in a suit which reflected upon a statement made under oath by Hyde in his official capacity. The Court says: "Whatever a person may allege in his pleadings in connection with his grounds of complaint can never give a right of action for slander or libel, and the same immunity extends to the defendant. For any defamatory matter contained in a pleading in a court of civil jurisdiction no action for libel can be maintained. The power to strike out and punish for contempt any scandalous matter is sufficient guarantee against abuse of the privilege."

The Allen Estate.

Judge Seddon to-day rendered a decision in the case of the State vs. Donaldson relative to suits to recover from the executor of the Bradford Allen estate the amounts of personal tax-bills for taxes which accrued and became payable during the life of the testator. The bills were for State, city and county taxes and were exhibited as demands against the estate, and the Probate Court allowed the claims. The Circuit Court affirms the judgment.

The Murphy Lease.

Judge Seddon to-day rendered a decision giving judgment for the plaintiff and granting an injunction in the suit of Murphy against the type foundry. This was a proceeding to restrain the defendants from violating the covenants of a lease against the subletting of premises.

Notes in Court.

An attachment suit has been filed in the Circuit Court by J. H. Rottmann & Co. against Jacob Lindemann to recover $813.68.

Letters of administration were granted to-day to Margaret A. White on the estate of Andrew J. White. The estate is valued at $50,000.

Letters of administration have been granted to Mary A. Luney on the estate of Thomas C. Luney. The estate is valued at $6,000.

5,000 SUITS for young men up to 18 years in good cassimeres and worsted will go at $2.50 and $3 in the great reduction sale at the
GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE.

The Habitual Criminal Bill Passed—Report on the Printing Fraud.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 17.—The House this morning passed, after amending, Miller's bill, "The habitual criminal act." It provides that where there is a second conviction for felony, the convict must serve the full term of the sentence and upon a third conviction, he may be sentenced for life, subject to parole for good behavior, and this applies to felonies committed in other States as well, or previous acts in this State. The committee bill making a radical version of the drainage acts of the State was also passed.

This day is a momentous one to W. H. Rokker & Co., the firm of printers who obtained the State contracts, it is alleged, by conspiracy, the consideration of the Appropriation Committee's report of the investigation of the letting of this contract being the special order in the Senate. The State officers composing the Commission on State Contracts, were also nervous listeners, since they realize that their possible future political careers may depend largely on the action of the Senate on this report. The Democratic minority of the committee had made a repot endorsing the report of the majority, and going further, holding the Commissioners of Contract responsible, and especially endeavoring to besmirch the integrity and character of Secretary of State Dement. Senator Leiter moved to amend the report of the majority by adding the report of the minority and thereupon the real fight ensued and Senators Leiter and Higgins, minority members of the committee, aired their views and criticised Mr. Dement, charging that he was an accessory after the fact, and knew of the existence of the conspiracy before the final execution of the contract. Senator Southworth, Democrat, made a strong speech, showing that there is nothing in the evidence taken before the Investigating Committee to justify the attempt to besmirch the character of Secretary Dement, or any of the Commissioners on Contracts. Senator Crabtree (Republican) next spoke in opposition to the report of the minority, which will not be adopted, but will probably accomplish the objects of its creators, viz.: make political capital against a few officials.

3,000 SUITS for young men up to 18 years in good cassimeres and worsted will go at $2.50 and $3 in the great reduction sale at the
GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

"FATHER" BETTS EXPLAINS.

What He Has to Say on the Vexed Question of That Tabernacle.

The following letter was received to-day from Rev. George C. Betts relative to the reported friction between his church and the Bishop of the diocese concerning a tabernacle which had been erected in Grace Church, of which Rev. Betts is rector.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

The telegram from Evansville, Ind., published by you a few days ago in reference to the action of the Kentucky Diocesan Council in the matter of the tabernacle in Grace Church, is false in almost every particular. You have been imposed upon by some malicious or unscrupulous correspondent. Both the Bishop and Council acknowledged that they had no control of the matter at all, and the proposition to remove the tabernacle was a matter of free grace on our part, drawn out by a loving appeal made by two of the delegates. The following is the exact text of the resolution offered by me:

"With the understanding that the Diocesan Council has no control of the architectural arrangement of the church building of Grace Church Parish, the vestry, with the consent of the rector, will accede to the bishop's request as to the removal of the tabernacle from the altar."

This was done simply to show that we were not insensible to affection. If there was the slightest disposition on the part of any member of the Council to magnify our act into an acknowledgment of wrong-doing on our part, we would not have yielded a particle; and should this spirit appear we will replace the tabernacle at once. Faithfully yours,

GEORGE C. BETTS, Rector Grace Church.
Louisville, Ky., May 16.

GO TO KIRKWOOD.

To-morrow, 18th inst., at 11 o'clock a. m., Lanham & Sutton will offer for sale, at auction on the premises at Kirkwood, the property of Mr. L. N. Bonham.

This property has been subdivided into building lots, is situated on Webster avenue, a paved street, and but eight minutes' walk from the depot.

It is scarcely necessary to say that Kirkwood is one of the prettiest villages, if not the prettiest, in the State; has churches of every denomination, schools both public and private, and stores of every description. The town is provided with good walks, beautiful shade trees and is well-lighted at night. The Missouri Pacific and 'Frisco Roads afford unequaled facilities for reaching the city, trains leaving almost hourly.

The title to the property is perfect. Taxes for 1887 will be paid by the present owner.

Terms: One-third cash, balance in one and two years, with 6 per cent interest annually. Take 8 or 9:32 a. m. trains.

Pardoned by the Governor.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JEFFERSON CITY, May 17.—John Bailey was, by a Justice of the Peace of Macon County, in August, 1886, sentenced to jail for eleven months and twenty-five days for stealing a music-book from a brass band stand. Bailey, who is a mere boy, has laid in jail ever since. Considering his youth and the fact that the offense might be regarded as an act of public philanthropy, the Governor was moved by compassion, and to-day issued a pardon.

Ladies! Second Offer.

The demand for the *winter picture cards*, which in Saturday's POST-DISPATCH we offered to *mail free to ladies*, who will simply send us their names on a postal, has already nearly exhausted our stock. Yesterday's mail brought hundreds of postals and letters from all over the city and from several States asking for them. We have answered all calls and still have a number of the best ones left. They are *the prettiest cards ever given away*, and any lady who sends in her name soon will be well rewarded. They won't last long. *Send at once.* We would like to hear from some of the ladies who received them.

HEFFERNAN, PICTURE AND FRAME DEALER,
812 North Seventh street.

Illinois Corporations.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 17.—The Secretary of State to-day issued a license of incorporation to the Ahost Butle Consolidated Mining and Milling Company at East St. Louis; capital stock $3,000,000; incorporators, D. D. Fowler, C. W. Tresler, Robert B. Snow and E. M. Bosley.

5,000 CHILDREN'S pants at 15c; 2,000 children's waists at 10c; 3,000 children's blue flannel sailor-suits at 55c in the great reduction sale at the GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

The Fulda Still Aground.

NEW YORK, May 17.—The German Lloyd Steamer Fulda is still aground at Owl's Head. The steerage passengers were taken off this morning and lighters are receiving her cargo. It is expected that she will be floated this afternoon. The Fulda is not damaged and it is expected will be ready to sail on Saturday.

HEAVY strong Beers were in use formerly, but now the exhilarating "Conrad's Budweiser" has taken their place. Ask your grocer for it.

Obituary.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JACKSON, Tenn., May 17.—Dr. W. C. Stovall of this city died here this morning of flux after an illness of a week. Deceased was an old and well-known citizen, having lived in this county for more than forty years.

DISBANDED.

THE FIRST REGIMENT N. G. M. WILL CEASE TO EXIST MAY 23.

The Citizen Soldiers, Disgusted With the Non-Action of the Legislature, Refuse to Serve the State—The Light Cavalry Company the Only Militia Organization Now in Existence in the City—It Is in a Flourishing Condition.

The glory of the St. Louis militia has departed—the First Regiment, N. G. M., is no more. The following order was issued by the Adjutant-General at Jefferson City yesterday:

HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF MISSOURI,
ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
May 16, 1887.

1. At the request of the commanding officer filed with this office under date of May 13, the First Regiment, composed of Companies A, B, C, D, E, F, G, I, K, L and M, National Guard of Missouri, is disbanded, to take effect May 23, 1887.

2. The commissions of the field officers of said staff and line officers of said regiment are hereby vacated to take effect upon the disbandment of the regiment in accordance with paragraph 1 of these orders.

3. Col. Wm. Bull, Inspector-General, will at once proceed to take possession of the ordnance stores and other property of the State in possession of said regiment and the companies thereof, exacting from the quartermaster and ordnance officers a careful inventory of the same, a copy of which he will forward to these headquarters.

4. The Inspector-General will have the ordnance stores and other property carefully packed and shipped to the State Armory at Jefferson City at the earliest practicable moment.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.
J. C. JAMISON, Adjut.-Gen.

This action has been expected for some time by the members of the regiment and those interested in the militia organization. The militia has been gradually weakened for two years past, the best material of several companies combining to form a crack squad and the regimental organization being materially weakened by this concentration of force. To add to the weakening effect of this system a feeling of dissatisfaction became prevalent caused by the action of the Legislature in refusing to appropriate money for the support of the militia organization, or even the amount due the citizen soldiers for services rendered the State under the Governor's orders at Centertown. At the beginning of the regular session of the last Legislature it was determined to make a final effort to obtain the passage of a militia bill, and in event of failure to go out of the service. The militia bill failed of passage and the Board of Officers at its last meeting determined to request the Adjutant-General to disband the regiment. The request was forwarded to Jefferson City last week and yesterday, acting on it, the Adjutant-General issued the order of disbandment. The Artillery Company was disbanded last week. The Light Cavalry Company is now the only State militia organization in the city.

THE FIRST REGIMENT,

which goes out of existence next Monday, was formed by the consolidation of the First and Third Regiments, N. G. M., about three years ago. The old First Regiment was organized in June, 1879. Prior to that there had existed an organization known as the St. Louis National Guard, which originally drilled at the station on Seventh and Carr streets, and afterwards occupied the big armory building on Fourth street and Washington avenue and St. Charles street. At the time of the organization of the First Regiment Chas. W. Squires was made Colonel, Geo. Carpenter, Lieutenant-Colonel, and Geo. Chapman, Major. Afterward Geo. Carpenter was in command of the regiment. He was succeeded in command by Geo. Chapman, who was at the head of the regiment when it entered the new Armory with the Third Regiment, in 1883.

THE THIRD REGIMENT,

which was merged in the First Regiment three years ago, though the third in number in the militia in Missouri, was in reality the oldest in the service. All but one of its companies dated back their organization to July, 1877, and their regimental union to November of that year. The organization of the Third Regiment was the outcome of the great strike of 1877. At the time when the strike was inaugurated and rioting began there were to be found in St. Louis but two organized companies of soldiers, viz., Company A of the St. Louis National Guard Association and the Attuck Guards (colored), the latter being the only company in the State service. The former had withdrawn from the militia after several energetic but fruitless attempts to have a militia law passed by the Legislature. When the trouble was impending in this city in July, 1887, there was a general call for an organization of citizens for the protection of property. On Tuesday, the 24th of July, the University Club of St. Louis mustered in a company of ninety men, with C. C. Soule as captain, and C. M. Woodward as first lieutenant. Before dawn of the 25th there were organized and mustered into service The Lafayette Guards, under Gov. Thomas C. Fletcher as captain and Col. J. G. Butler as first lieutenant, 108 muskets; the St. Louis Guards, under Capt. A. G. Hequembourg, 124 men in line; and the Mayor's Guard, under Capt. Wm. Hull, 130 men.

On Wednesday, the 25th of July, Gen. John W. Noble organized a battalion of one hundred and ninety-one men from the "West End," with headquarters at Uhrig's Cave. On the same day Capts. E. D. Meier began recruiting at the police sub-station, on Ninth and Angelica streets, and on Thursday night took one hundred men to the Four Courts for arms, which, however, were not issued. On Friday morning his command, with the companies of Capts. Robert Buchanan and S. B. Stannard added to them, aggregating 173 men, and marched to the Four Courts, drew arms and amunition. On Thursday also, Capt. Kenderdine's Southeastern Railway Rifles, thirty-five strong, mustered into service. On Friday Gen. Beall organized at Carondelet a battalion of three companies aggregating 180 men, and Col. Laiboid fell into line with the First Ward Guards of seventy-one muskets.

These volunteer organizations served through the strike and kept order in the city. When the trouble was all over the question of organizing a State militia regiment was discussed but after an examination of the militia law, this idea was abandoned and on the recommendation of a citizen's committee, a regiment was organized under the police law known as the First Regiment Police Reserves. This organization dated from November 7, 1877. Gen. John W. Noble was first elected Colonel of the regimeut, but he declined, and J. G. Butler was then elected Colonel and E. D. Meier, Lieutenant-Colonel. Dr. R. C. Atkinson was made Surgeon, J. R. Maobeth Adjutant and C. E. Slayback Quartermaster. The Captains of the different companies were Shepard Barclay, A. O. Hequembourg, George Bain, Pierre Chouteau, Wm. Bull, Charles Hottes, Robert Buchanan and R. R. Hutchison.

February 16, 1878, the St. Louis Cadets entered the regiment as Company I, under the command of Capt. Frank B. McCoy and Lieut. Milner. They soon became the crack drill-company of the city.

June 12, 1885, the regiment went into camp at the Fair Grounds. On Saturday, the 15th, they were visited by the St. Louis N. G. Battalion, Lieut.-Col. (now Gen.) C. W. Squires, and the First Battalion, Lieut.-Col. Bernard Taaffe. A flag presentation was made to the first named battalion by Samuel Cupples, and a grand review of the three commands, with over 700 men in line, concluded the day. This encampment was a losing financial venture, but it paved the way for a series of competitive drills during Fair week. During the summer Capt. McCoy left company, Lorzan-ized another company and with it re-entered the service. This company afterward resigned to join the first Regiment, N. G. M., and August 6, 1879 Capt. R. E. M. Bain joined with his Zouave company, taking the letter K. In that year three sham fights were given at the race-track, and in August an encampment at Sweet Springs. The third annual encampment took place at Sweet Springs in June 1880.

In January, 1881, a battalion was sent to Jefferson City to assist in the inauguration of Gov. Crittenden.

In 1881 the regiment was kept under arms at the Four Courts for three days in anticipation of a street-car riot.

All of this time the regiment was without an armory and its individual companies were drilling at the Four Courts and in the police stations. In May, 1881, a meeting of citizens to raise funds for the First Regiment, N. G. M., was held, but after discussion it was determined to make the fund a general one for the benefit of the whole militia force in the city. The cavalry company had raised over $30,000 for armory purposes. This was turned over to the Citizens' Committee, which proceeded to raise the rest of the money necessary for the construction of the Armory on Pine street. In November, 1881, the Police Reserves joined the State Militia, becoming the Third Regiment, N. G. M. In the spring of 1883, the two regiments, the artillery and the cavalry company took possession of the Armory Building, celebrating the event with an entertainment called "The Historical Encampment" in which all of the ladies and gentlemen prominent in St. Louis social life participated. At that time Chas. W. Squires was Brigadier-General of the Eastern District of Missouri; Col. J. G. Butler and Lieut.-Col. E. D. Meier, commanded the Third Regiment, and Col. George J. Chapman and Maj. L. F. Prince were in command of the First Regiment.

The two regiments never got along well together. Finally in the latter part of May, 1884, their bickerings ended in the consolidation of the two into the First Regiment, N. G. M. Neither was at that time a full regiment, but the consolidation made a full regiment. J. G. Butler was Colonel of the new organization, E. D. Meier, Lieutenant-Colonel; Robert Buchanan, Major, and Pierre Chouteau, Adjutant. An attempt was made at this time to

ABOUSE THE CITIZENS

to an appreciation of the militia's services, and a number of business houses pledged themselves to the support of the organization.

Soon after entering the Armory Col. Butler resigned and was succeeded by Col. Meier, C. F. Walbridge, Captain of the Treadway Rifles, being made Lieutenant-Colonel. The promotion of Mr. Walbridge led to a squabble over his successorship which was ended by the Governor appointing C. D. Comfort to the place. Comfort was afterward made Major, and is now the senior officer of the regiment.

Lieut. Walbridge resigned in June, 1885, and was succeeded by Maj. Buchanan; Col. Meier resigned in the fall and Lieut.-Col. Buchanan was in charge until last spring when he left the city. Since that time the regiment has been very much disorganized, and there has been much talk of disbanding. The failure of the Legislature to make an appropriation decided all but two of the companies in favor of disbanding. The Busch Zouaves, one of the two companies, may perfect an independent organization if the Governor will permit them to carry arms.

The only militia organization now left in the city is the Light Cavalry Company, which, under Capt. R. S. Henry and Lieuts. Abadie and Thomas, is drilling regularly at the Armory. The troop is in strong condition now and has recently elected a number of new members. Having the use of the entire lower floor of the Armory now it proposes to increase its stable room and strengthen its organization in many ways. To this end it will give a tournament at the Fair Grounds next month.

A meeting of the old members of the Treadway Rifles has been called for Saturday evening to form a civil organization.

5,000 PAIRS men's cassimere pants at 69c, $1.95, $2.50 and $3.50 in the great reduction sale at the
GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

AN IMPOSING CEREMONY.

Four Young Ladies Formally Enter the Order of the Visitation.

At 9 o'clock this morning the chapel of the Convent of the Visitation was crowded to overflowing by the relatives and friends of Sister Alphonsa (formerly Miss Hanna), Sister Mary Michael (formerly Miss Kain), Miss Louise O'Brien and Miss Kate Hennessey, to witness the ceremony by which those young ladies formally renounced the world and all interest in earthly things and consecrated the rest of their lives to the service of the Church. One year ago to-day the two young ladies first named discarded worldly robes for the habit of novices. To-day, by the most solemn vows and professions, they have dedicated themselves to the Christian faith and the renunciation of all things secular and taken the black veil of the order of the professed. Miss Louise O'Brien and Miss Kate Hennessey, by the acceptance of the white veil to-day, entered as novices upon the probationary term which is necessary to prepare them for the more solemn and sacred duties which they contemplate. In entering upon the novitiate Miss O'Brien assumed the name of Sister Frances de Sales and Miss Hennessey that of Sister Mary Frances.

The altar was decorated with the choicest and most appropriate tropical plants and cut flowers, together with the usual ornaments, candles, candelabra, vases etc., which when brilliantly lighted presented a very beautiful and inspiring sight.

Preceding the ceremonies Father Irwin J. Tuohy delivered a sermon appropriate to the occasion, choosing for his text the following from the forty-fifth psalm: "Hearken, O, daughter, and see; incline thine ear," etc.

Father Tuohy closed with an address to the newly-received religuese. Father Brady, Vicar-General of the Diocese, assisted by Revs. Wm. Walsh, J. J. Harty, J. T. Tuohy and John O'Shea of St. Bridget's Church, also by the Very Rev. Father Felix, Superior of the Passionist Fathers, Father Jakal C. S. S. R. and the Rev. G. D. Power of the Immaculate Conception, then proceeded with the ceremony by which Sisters Alphonsa and Mary Michael were formally accepted into the order. The candidates publicly renounced all earthly ties and affections, and took a solemn vow to devote the remainder of their lives to God. After the vow the applicants were presented by the celebrant with the cross and black veil, he saying, "Sister, you are dead to the world and yourself, to live no more but to God." Then was sung in the church chant, "Beati Mortui Qui in Domino."

The applicants for the black veil then prostrate themselves upon the floor of the chapel and were covered by a large black pall. The De Profundus was then chanted and after the celebrant had sprinkled the new sisters with holy water they were commanded to arise and assume their new position as sisters of the profession. The new-made sisters then sung, "The Lord is my light. Of what shall I be afraid? The Lord is the protection of my life, whom shall I fear?" After which the ceremonies were finished. Low mass was said by the Rev. Father Walsh of St. Bridget's Church, during which the the newly professed and novices received the sacrament of the holy communion. The benediction was then pronounced.

Judge Noonan's Docket.

In the Court of Criminal Correction this morning Henry Kronsbein pleaded guilty to the theft of a $2.50 tub of lard from Lynam Bros.' grocery and was given six months in the Work-house.

Percy Stewart was given three months in the Work-house for stealing three silver watches and $20 from Joseph Schnur.

J. W. Francis, alias W. F. Howard, who stole $29 from his room-mate, J. N. Colson, was given sixty days in the Work-house.

Ignatz Paloschack, charged with petit larceny, and Charles Theus, assault and battery, were tried and discharged.

A nolle prosequi was entered in the assault to kill case against Susan Smith.

Richard Toohey had a preliminary examination on a charge of assaulting to kill Philip Roesch and was held for the Grand-jury in $500 bond.

Henry Fritz, who cut his sister-in-law, Minnie Wilson, at a disreputable dive on Poplar street, had a preliminary examination and was held in the sum of $500 for the Grand-jury to answer to a charge of assault to kill.

Killed by a Fall.

An inquest was held to-day on the body of August Grunewald, who was found dead on the pavement in front of his boarding-house, No. 1825 South Broadway. The evidence showed that he had been drinking and had gone to sleep, stretched across the bed and window-sill, up to which the bed had been pulled. While asleep he evidently rolled out of the window, which was on the third story of the house, and fell to the pavement. The fall killed him instantly. It was supposed that his name was John Hampel, but the inquest developed that August Grunewald was his real name. He came from St. Paul, where he got into trouble of some kind, which led him to come here and assume the name of Hampel. His folks reside in St. Paul. The verdict at the inquest was accident.

An Old Assault Case.

Ex-Police Officer Thomas G. Clarkson was tried in the Criminal Court this morning on a charge of assaulting to kill Andy Carroll, a turnkey in the Water Department. While Carroll was turning off some water in the alley between Fifteenth and Sixteenth, Market and Walnut streets last October he was attacked by Clarkson, who shot him. Carroll beat the ex-officer also, but claims he did so after the shooting. The ball grazed Clarkson's neck.

Damaged by the Little Midget.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

PEORIA, Ill., May 17.—Reports received from Tremont, Tazewell County, state that the "little midget" is playing havoc with the strawberry crop. All late blossoms having been destroyed by the pest, the crop will be short. Grapes are also affected.

LITTLE SUFFERERS.

Grand Excursion Saturday for the Augusta Hospital.

The managers of the Augusta Free Hospital have arranged for an excurion on the Chas. P. Chouteau next Saturday. The proceeds will go to the aid of the Hospital. As summer is near, and sickness and suffering are increasing daily, the managers wish to present the needs of the Hospital to the public before its patrons take their departure to the summer resorts. The needs of the heated term never decrease. Each summer has about the same amount of heat, and the number of sufferers grows larger, not smaller. The children who are the special care of the hospital are always coming in to fill the little cots made empty by cure or death, and to have enough places for those who knock is the constant care of the officers and managers who are the following well-known ladies: Mrs. G. A. Moses, President; Mrs. A. Frank, Mrs. F. M. Scanlan, Mrs. Miles Sells, Vice-Presidents; Mrs. W. A. Hardaway, Secretary; Mr. M. Bernheimer, Treasurer. Managers, Mrs. C. E. Briggs, Mrs. H. H. Listmann, Miss Boisliniere, Mrs. E. R. Norris, Mrs. Dwight Tredway, Mrs. M. A. Fannin, Miss McCreery, Mrs. J. Hartung, Mrs. J. C. Richardson, Mrs. J. Rice, Mrs. J. D. Lucas, Mrs. F. W. Risque, Miss Fulton, Mrs. M. Bernheimer, Miss Glasgow, Mrs. J. P. Weil, Mrs. O. Von Schrader, Mrs. Edmund Blair, Mrs. J. L. Patterson, Mrs. J. W. Williamson, Miss L. Q. Scott, Miss Edith Powell, Mrs. W. H. Barnett.

There will be music, dancing and an excellent supper. The managers will be present to chaperon the young people.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Good Bread.
We Make the Best and Largest
MILK BREAD
Made in St. Louis.
This Label on Every Loaf.

DIED.

DURFEE—On Tuesday, May 17, at 9:30 a. m., Mrs. THERESA, nee Parretta, beloved wife of Geo. W. Durfee, after a brief illness, aged 28 years.

Funeral will take place from family residence, No. 408 South Third street, Thursday, the 19th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m., to Calvary Cemetery. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend.

Waterloo (Ill.) papers please copy.

FOX—Of remittent fever, Tuesday, May 17, DORA, daughter of M. E. and Nellie Fox, aged 5 years, 11 months and 29 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence, 2224 Dodier street, Wednesday, May 18, at 2 o'clock.

KINSELLA—JOHN KINSELLA, in his 68th year, Monday, May 16, 7:55 p. m.

Funeral will take place from his late residence, 3646 Cote Brilliante avenue, Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock, to St. Theresa's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited.

MARTIN—At the family residence, St. Louis County, May 16, at 10:30 p. m., ANNIE BLENNERHASSETT, widow of George F. Martin of Kanawha, Va., and eldest daughter of the late Richard S. and Theresa M. Blennerhassett of this city.

Due notice will be given of the funeral.

PRESERVE YOUR SIGHT!



Spectacles and Eye-Glasses accurately fitted by the Best Practical Opticians.
Prices only Steel.....$1.00 Gold.....$5.00



PRICES, $3 TO $12.
SILK Umbrellas
Over 800 styles to select from. Solid Silver Plate, with Name Engraved, Free with each Umbrella. Our prices are the very lowest.
Mermod & Jaccard JEWELRY CO.
Fourth & Locust. Fourth & Locust.
WEDDING and Visiting Cards elegantly executed.
FINE WRITING PAPERS.



ANDREWS
UPRIGHT PARLOR CABINET
FOLDING BED!
With cable suspension, woven-wire springs; no more sagging. Send for catalogue.
A. H. ANDREWS & CO.,
1108 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC
MONDAY, MAY 16, EVERY NIGHT AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
PROF. OSCAR R. GLEASON,
KING OF HORSE-TAMERS.
POSITIVELY LAST SIX NIGHTS.
ADMISSION.....25c and 50c

Sportsman's Park!
THIRD CHAMPIONSHIP GAME
TO-MORROW,
ST. LOUIS vs. ATHLETICS.
Game called 4 p. m.
Admission.....25 cents.

EXCURSION
On the Steamer
CHAS. P. CHOUTEAU
Under the auspices of the Board of Managers of the
Augusta Free Hospital for Children,
SATURDAY, MAY 21.
Leave the foot of Vine street at 5 p. m. Return at 11 p. m.
Tickets, 50c. Supper, 50c.

CARPETINGS! CURTAINS!
J. KENNARD & SONS
Opened for inspection and on sale To-Day and during the week,
TEN THOUSAND PAIRS
Lace and Portiere Curtains
At prices so far below real value that every purchaser will recognize the importance of placing their orders at once. In this lot can be found:
3 1-2 yard Taped Nottingham Curtains at...$1, $1.35, $1.50 and up to $2 per pair
4-yard Taped Nottingham Curtains at.....$2, $2.50, $3 and up to $5 per pair
4-yard French Guipure Curtains at.....$4, $5, $6 and up to $8 per pair
4-yard Swiss Lace Curtains at.....$8, $10, $11.50 and up to $18
500 pairs Portiere Curtains at.....$2.50, $3, $4 and up to $6 per pair
1,000 pairs Portiere Curtains at.....$8, $9.75, $12.75 and up to $25 per pair
We bought the above goods far below regular prices, and intend to give our customers the benefit of the purchase. *Those who buy this week can save from 33 1-3 to 50 per cent.*
The prices quoted last week for Turcoman, Velour and Madras Curtains will be continued this week.
Carpetings!
Our stock of Carpetings has been increased by recent importations from England and from the best American mills, and is now more complete than at any time this spring. Ask to see our new styles and colorings of WILTON, VELVET, MOQUETTE, BODY BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY BRUSSELS and TWO-PLY CARPETINGS.
Straw Mattings!
Every grade quality and color of CHINA STRAW MATTING is represented in our stock. Some of the styles and patterns are quite novel. The prices range from 20 cents per yard up to 75 cents.
J. Kennard & Sons,
420 and 422 N. Fourth St.,
ST. LOUIS,
Invite every Housekeeper who desires to purchase WINDOW DECORATIONS or FLOOR COVERINGS of any kind, class or character, to examine their offerings.

HOME COMFORT
RANGES,
411-NORTH FOURTH STREET-411
Our sales are steadily gaining, and it is the popular verdict that the
Home Comfort Range is Perfection
CALL AND EXAMINE THEM.
WROUGHT IRON RANGE CO.

AMUSEMENTS.

American Opera
BY THE NATIONAL OPERA COMPANY,
MUSIC HALL, WEDNESDAY, MAY 25, to TUESDAY, MAY 31.
SIX PERFORMANCES—One Matinee. (No Performance on Sunday.)
THEODORE THOMAS' UNRIVALED ORCHESTRA.
Wednesday, May 25.....NERO
First Performance in St. Louis.
Thursday, May 26.....THE FLYING DUTCHMAN
Friday, May 27.....FAUST
Saturday, May 28 (Matinee).....LOHENGRIN
Saturday, 28th—The MARRIAGE of JEANNETTE and COPPELIA (Ballet.) First Performance in St. Louis.
Monday, May 30.....NERO
Tuesday, May 31.....ORPHEUS AND EURYDICE
CHORUS OF 100. BALLET OF 90.
Sale of Season Tickets begins on Thursday, May 19, at 8 a. m., at Box Office, Exposition Building, and will be continued on Friday, May 20, and closed on Saturday, May 21, at 5 p. m.
Positively no season Tickets sold after that date.
Sale of seats for single nights opens Monday, May 23, at 9 o'clock a. m.

SCALE OF PRICES.

	For Season.	Single Performance.		For Season.	Single Performance.
Boxes, Parquet floor, each seating 6 persons each	$300.00	$50.00	Balcony, boxes	$12.00	$2.00
Dress Circle, first 4 rows	18.00	3.00	Balcony, first 4 rows	10.00	2.00
Dress Circle, all other rows	12.00	2.00	Balcony, other rows	....	1.00
Parquet	12.00	3.00	Admission, standing room only	....	1.00

PEOPLE'S THEATER
To-night, Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday Matinees, the Distinguished Artiste,
MISS LOUISE POMEROY,
In Her Own Beautiful Comedy-Drama,
—THE—
"Adirondacks."
Sunday Night, May 22—The Mallowell Comedy Co.

STANDARD.
Last Week of the Season, closing with America's Greatest and Best Organization,
Reilly & Woods' Great Show.
Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday.

LODGE NOTICES.

FRANK P. BLAIR POST No. 1, G. A. R., will assemble at the Iron Mountain Depot, Fourth and Chouteau av., Wednesday, 18th inst., at 10:15 a. m. to attend funeral of our late comrade, Donald C. McVean, at Jefferson Barracks. Train leaves at 10:25 a. m. Q. M. will furnish transportation.
JNO. W. NOBLE, Post Commander.
JAS. C. BROADWELL, Adjutant. 38

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Boys.

WANTED—By a boy of 16 a situation in a printing office; has had experience. Ad. 2827 Morgan st.

WANTED—Situation by a youth 19 years old, in a retail grocery or saloon. Address P 97, this office. 42

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A young man wishes a situation in city or country. Apply at 606 N. 11th st. 43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—By a large and responsible Eastern cigar factory, local salesman for St. Louis to sell to the retail trade; must have undoubted references as to capacity and habits, and must be well and favorably known to the retail trade; liberal terms to the right man. Gumpert Bros., 1341 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, Pa. 54

The Trades.

WANTED—Carriage-painter. 920 N. 23d st. 58

WANTED—Pants presser. Harris & French, 705 Olive. 58

WANTED—Good whiteners at 406 N. 10th st. D. W. Jelly. 58

WANTED—First-class painters at E.C. Ketchum & Co., 415 N. 8th st. 58

WANTED—A good marble cutter at R. H. Follenius, 508 and 510 Chouteau av. 58

WANTED—First-class wood pattern-maker. St. Louis Malleable Iron Company. 58

WANTED—Two pant spressers at once; good wages. Herman, the Tailor, 3 N. Broadway. 58

WANTED—Good coatmakers, pantsmakers, vest-makers, bushelmen. Nicholl the Tailor. 58

WANTED—First-class car-tinners. Apply by letter or in person to Superintendent Pullman Car Works, Pullman, Ill. 58

WANTED—Carpenters, quarrymen, teamsters, laborers, to apply for positions at the Employers' and Employes Exchange. 102 N. 7th st. 58

WANTED—Coat maker to go to the country; good pay and steady work. Apply to Joseph M. Hayes Woolen Company, 7th and Washington av. 58

Cooks.

WANTED—A No. 1 cook; man; good wages. Apply at 1728 Olive st., Hotel Glenmore. 56

Waiters.

WANTED—A No. 1 colored waiter with good written recommendation. Apply to Dr. Comstock, 507 N. 14th st. 57

Laborers.

WANTED—Some laborers. P. B. Mathiason & Co., 5310 N. 2d st. 59

Boys.

WANTED—A good boot-black at 1138 Olive st.; barber shop. 61

WANTED—A good bellboy at Moser's Hotel, Pine, between 8th and 9th sts. 61

WANTED—A smart boy; reference required. Call at 406 N. 6th st., third floor. 61

WANTED—Errand boy and washwoman at Congress Laundry, 309 S. 5th st. 61

WANTED—Boy to run sand-paper machine at St. Louis Shoe and Slipper Company. 242 Biddle st.

WANTED—Colored boy, 16 to 18 years old, to make himself generally useful. Apply 3130 Franklin av.; references required. 61

WANTED—Colored boy to take care of horse and drive carriage and make himself useful generally. Apply after 6 this evening at 2901 Gamble st. 61

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Buggy-washer at 1616 Dolman st. 62

WANTED—A driver, one with experience, to handle furniture; 109 N. 6th st. 62

WANTED—Reliable man to take charge St. Louis agency paying patent; orders on hand. Address A 98, this office. 62

WANTED—At Broadway Planing Mills two box nailers; one young man for cross-cut saw. Duross & Olcott, 3300 N. Broadway. 62

WANTED—An honest young man of good habits, located outside principal cities, for position representing old established firm in his State. References. Manufacturer Superintendent, Lock Box 1585, New York. 62

WANTED—Men, Women, Boys and Girls for a light and profitable employment. No picture business; no humbug. Send 10c for a valuable package to commence on. Only a few hundred will be distributed. Address Albany Supply Co., Albany, N.Y.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Dressmaking and plain sewing to do; good fit guaranteed. Call 1907 Lucas av. 46

General Housework.

WANTED—By a girl of 14, situation to do light housework or nurse. Ad. 2602 Howard st. 48

WANTED—A situation by a young girl for general housework; reference if required. Call at 1718 Biddle st. 48

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

Cooks.

WANTED—Good cook wants situation to cook in boarding-house or do laundry work in private family. Call at 1232 Gay st.; no postals answered. 49

Nurses.

WANTED—Sit. by an experienced nurse to take entire charge of infant. 1427 N. 12th st. 50

WANTED—Two girls wish situations to nurse or to do housework. Call for two days, 923 N. 13th. 50

Laundresses.

WANTED—A woman wants washing to take home. Apply to 1230 N. 21st st. 51

WANTED—A first-class laundress wants washing to take home. 1513 Spruce st. 51

WANTED—A woman would like to get rough washing to do home. Call 1454 O'Fallon; rear. 51

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Nurses.

WANTED—A girl for nurse and housework. 952 N. 3d st.

WANTED—Girl about 15 to take care of two children. Apply 3401 Pine st. 70

WANTED—A wet nurse to take baby to her house; one who has her own need not call. Apply at 1236 N. 10th st. 70

General Housework.

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 4114 Cook av. 66

WANTED—Girl to do housework and nurse. 2204 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. 3048 Thomas st. 66

WANTED.—Girl for general work, small family; ref. 2719 Walnut. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 2614 Laclede av., 2d floor. 66

WANTED—German girl for general housework. Apply 3217 Lucas av. 66

WANTED—Girl to assist in doing general housework. 2725 Clark av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. No. 3124 N. 13th st., Mrs. W. B. Bailey. 66

WANTED—A good German girl to do general housework at 2818 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework, German preferred. 926 Hickory st. 66

WANTED—A girl to do general housework in family of three. Apply 929 N. 16th st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; family of three adults. Apply 1517 S. Compton av. 66

WANTED—A girl to assist in light work and the care of children. 1113 S. 6th st., up-stairs. 66

WANTED—Girl about 15 or 16 years old to assist in general housework. Call at 1112 Chouteau. 66

WANTED—Girl to assist in housework and care of 2-year-old child. Apply at once 3964 Bell av. 66

WANTED—Girl for light housework; colored preferred; must sleep at home. 2216 Lucas place.

WANTED—German girl for general housework. If competent apply with references at 617 N. Leffingwell av. 66

WANTED—German girl between 12 and 14 years to assist in housework at 725 Vandeventer av.; second floor. 66

WANTED—A good German girl for light housework. Apply at 1111 Glasgow av. at 4 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. 66

WANTED—Girl about 14 years old to assist in general housework and care of children; German preferred. 1433 Bremen av. 66

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—A waist-trade finisher at 2615 Wash st. 69

WANTED—Girls at dressmaker, 1323 S. 7th st. 69

WANTED—Two girls to work on dresses at 2808 Morgan st. 69

WANTED—Seamstress at No. 8 S. 29th st., between Laclede and Market. 69

WANTED—At 202 S. 5th st., seamstress; one that understands cutting and fitting. 69

WANTED—Two good waist hands, 1 buttonhole maker. Apply immediately. 1421 Chestnut.

WANTED—Operators and button-hole workers on fine dress shirts and men's underwear; also girls to learn; steady work at good prices. Gibert Bros., Shirtmakers, 604 Olive st. 69

Cooks, Etc.

WANTED—A cook at 1118 Pine st. 68

WANTED—A good cook. Call at 3633 Manchester road. 68

WANTED—Cook, female, at restaurant, 929 N. 5th st. 68

WANTED—A girl to cook, wash and iron. Apply at 1810 Lucas av. 68

WANTED—A neat German girl to cook, wash and iron. Apply at 3049 Sheridan av. 68

WANTED—A good cook, washer and ironer; good wages. Call immediately at 2315 Chestnut st. 68

WANTED—A good cook and ironer; good wages to competent girl. Apply at 4019 Olive st.; take cable cars. 68

Laundresses.

WANTED—Laundress. 1827 Morgan st. 67

WANTED—A good washwoman and plain ironer at laundry, 127 Spruce st. 67

WANTED—Laundress immediately. Golden Lion Hotel, 7th and Pine sts. 67

WANTED—A No. 1 laundress in a private family for five or six days of the week; first-class reference required. 3640 Pine st. 67

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—At 202 S. 5th st., woman dishwasher. 71

WANTED—Dining-room girl at 1115 Washington av. 71

WANTED—Two scrub girls. Apply at Planters' House. 71

WANTED—A scrub girl at Mercantile Club, 708 Locust st. 71

WANTED—A girl to do up-stairs work. Apply at 1810 Lucas av. 71

WANTED—Experienced straw hat stitcher. Apply 904 N. 6th st., upstairs. 71

WANTED—A girl for down-stairs work, where a second girl is kept. Apply 1311 Hickory st. 71

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—A live, active man to buy interest and take full charge to manufacture compound for preserving meat, lard, sausage, tallow, butter, milk and oysters, to stand all climates without ice. Address E 98, this office. 23

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—A quiet gent wants furnished room; cash in advance; central location. Address E 97, this office. 21

WANTED—A nicely furnished room for transient use; cash in advance; on or near Union Line cars. Address T 97, this office. 21

WANTED—By three adults, two unfurnished rooms and kitchen; also hall-room, if possible, on second floor; state price. Address C 98, this office. 21

WANTED—By young lady, nicely furnished hall-room; must be in respectable neighborhood; price not more than $5 per month. Ad. R 97, this office. 21

WANTED—Two furnished bedrooms, connecting, in quiet neighborhood, for transient use; cash in advance and no references. Address C 97, this office. 21

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—To purchase a lot in neighborhood of Benton, Gratiot or Ellingdale stations. Address R 96, this office; state price. 22

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

MONEY to loan on clothing, trunks and valises from $1 upwards at S. Van Raalte's Loan Office, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 26

WANTED—Sixty feet of grocery shelving and counters. Address 108 N. 4th st., first floor. 26

WANTED—Two full-blooded Newfoundland puppies, from 3 to 6 months old. Call at 10th and Washington av., Jos. Britton. 26

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—$100 reward paid on returning to Bank of Commerce two $100-bills lost on Saturday last. 30

LOST—A carriage lamp, in the vicinity of Grand av. and Washington av.; liberal reward will be paid at 3032 Morgan st. 30

LOST—A green parrot, in neighborhood of S. 11th st. and Park av. Finder will be suitably rewarded if returned to 1505 S. 11th st. 30

LOST—A gold watch-charm with diamond setting and raised monogram; a liberal reward for its return. Chris Kern, 926 N. 6th st. 30

LOST—Polish dramatic book on O'Fallon st., between 14th and Blair av.; worth $3. Please return to owner, Joseph Wisniewski, 1210 N. 12th. 30

LOST—A silver match-box; an enameled match on one side and engraving on reverse. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at E. Jaccard Jewelry Co. 30

LOST—Sunday, 15, a gold chain locket with picture at base-ball park, or in North St. Louis. Finder will be suitably rewarded if returned to Frank B. Higgins, 1846 Cass av. 30

LOST—Between Pine st. and St. Peter's Church on Grand avenue, a small silver watch, with short chain and ball on end; Geneva make. Return to 3640 Pine st. and get reward. 30

LOST OR STOLEN—At the Kirkwood Athenæum, Friday evening, May 13, pair pearl opera-glasses; $5 reward and no questions asked. Dr. Grindon, 507 Ware av., St. Louis. 30

LOST—Strayed away from 3332 Morgan street Monday, the 9th, a reddish-brown Shepherd puppy, foxy-looking face and ears; nearly full grown; $5 will be paid for his return or notice where he can be found. 30

LOST—May 16, pocket-book containing one $20 bill and one $1 bill, and one note for the sum of $14 of John Johnson to the order of T. G. Watts. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the same at my office, 103½ N. 8th st. 30

FOUND—Red setter dog, white breast. Can be found at 1239 S. 6th st. 30

ALL SORTS.

AWNINGS put up on 24 hours' notice, whenever necessary, and satisfaction guaranteed. Paragon Awning and Mnfg. Co., 20 S. 2d st. Telephone 599.

CARPET-BEATING and Renovating-Works, 2725 Laclede av.—Carpet-beating, 3 cents per yard; renovating, 5 cents per yard; satisfaction guaranteed; send postal. R. Allen, Proprietor. 32

HIGHEST price paid for gents' cast-off clothing. Address postal card to M. B. Cohn, 624 Morgan st.

INSTALMENT DEALERS will find just what they need—A full line of instalment goods sold only to the instalment trade, by addressing Instalment Dealers Supply Company, Erie, Pa. 32

MONEY to loan on all personal property from $1 to $10,000 at S. Van Raalte's Loan Office, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 32



The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co. 513 Walnut St.

Loans large and small amounts and builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced. 32

STORAGE.

FURNITURE, pianos, etc., stored, money advanced when desired; packing and shipping a specialty; moving with care. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 81

STORAGE—For furniture, pianos, carriages, trunks, etc.; inspection solicited; get our rates; money advanced; careful moving, packing and shipping, etc. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1005 Olive st. 81

SEPARATE ROOM STORAGE

For Furniture; each room enclosed and locked. Furniture, pianos, etc., moved, packed or shipped; see our inclosed padded vans. New York Storage Warehouse and Furniture Van Co., 310 N. 7th st. 81

EDUCATIONAL.

WANTED—A good private Latin and English grammar teacher. Address M 97, this office. 29

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A good restaurant; cash receipts per day $150; terms, $1,200. Ad. O 94, this office. 4

FOR SALE—Coal office and scale; track attached; best established wagon trade in city. Add. G 93, this office 4

FOR SALE—Saloon at northwest corner of 12th and Pine street, together with long lease on entire building; rent low; for particulars inquire at office of Jos. Schnaider's Brewing Company, 2000 Chouteau av. 4

A First-Class Opportunity.

A profitable wholesale grocery business for sale; clean stock, excellent location; an established trade of about $800,000 per annum; particulars given to interested applicants. Address K., D. & Co., Wholesale Grocers, St. Joseph, Mo.

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature, ten cents a line; nothing less than two lines.

PERSONAL—Lizzie K: Yours received; others must be lost. Dick. 1

PERSONAL—4th and Chouteau; waited until 9; make another appointment. W. K. 1

PERSONAL—Wanted—The acquaintance of a lady or widow not over 30; object, social amusement. Address in strict confidence W 97, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Lady, Cass avenue street car Saturday afternoon, afterwards 5th and Washington av.; Gent would like to become acquainted, if agreeable. Address B 98, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Will young lady, blue dress, red bonnet, tan gloves, carrying umbrella, who noticed gent sitting in front of hotel, 4th st., about noon, please favor me with acquaintance. Address F 97, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Wanted, the acquaintance of a lady or widow without incumbrance, of middle age, who desires to better her condition in life, by a mechanic and widower of middle age, who is tired of single blessedness. Address L 96, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M. D., 1422 Olive st., medical and electric treatment; also electro-magnetic hand baths and baths of all kinds for ladies and gentlemen. Baths are a necessity and a luxury. Patrons can have choice of male or female assistants.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

ATTENTION to Ladies and Girls—Instructions given at your home in making table covers; thereafter will give you steady work. Outfit $5 in advance. Address N 97, this office. 74

AWNINGS of every description; latest patterns, superior work; prompt service. Paragon Awning and Manufacturing Co., 20 S. 2d st. Telephone, 599.

COSBY'S New European Hotel and Lunch Room, 110 N. Broadway, is open day and night; ladies' dining-room on second floor. J. D. Cosby. 74

FOR bargains in watches, diamonds and jewelery go to S. Van Raalte's Loan Office, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 74

NOTICE TO HOUSEKEEPERS—Parties declining housekeeping and wishing to sell their household goods for cash would do well to call on or address R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., 1005 Olive st. 74

MISS FLETCHER (and assistants), massage and magnetic treatment; hand baths. 1128 Pine st.

MY SONGSTER, 250 songs, all the latest of the day, at 25c; ask your newsdealer for it; trade supplied by J. F. Koshowsky, 511 O'Fallon st. 74



DR. D. I. JOCELYN of Colton Dental Association, who introduced the use of gas in St. Louis for the painless extraction of teeth, gives it his personal attention. Gas always pure; operations safe and sure. All branches of dentistry practiced at lowest prices. Office 517 Olive st. 74

Sewing Machines and Clothes Wringers.



All kinds exchanged, sold and repaired with guarantee. We save you about $10 per machine. The self-threading Eldredge is queen of all. The oldest, largest, cheapest and most reliable business of its kind in St. Louis. Estimates free. Call or address J. C. GEITZ, 1317 and 1319 North Market street. 74

PAPER 1 ROOM FOR $1.

16 rolls wall paper $1; 30 sq. ft. to roll. Roehrig & Jacoby, 1316 Franklin av. Telephone 3,191. 74

TAPE-WORM.

Dr. Ramey, specialist, 919 Olive st., guarantees to expel Tapeworm, head and all, or no pay. Thousands of references in the city. Write. 74

OUR CREDIT PLAN

gives you the opportunity of buying Carpets, Furniture or anything for housekeeping at cash prices. Brussels Carpets, 55c and 65c, nice patterns; Marble-top Bedroom Suits, $22 and $25; Ice Chests, $4.50; Lace Curtains with pole, $1.50 a pair. Everything at cash prices. STALEY, 1009 Olive st.

HOT SPRINGS IN ST. LOUIS.

Belcher water, sulphur baths, hot and cold, for ladies and gentlemen. Water delivered every morning. No. 25 O'Fallon st. 74

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1.

H. K. Crole & Co., Printers, 813 Locust. 74

MADAME SILVA, massage and magnetic treatment and magnetic hand-baths; this treatment is good for many ailments. 1425 Pine. 74

MRS. REINER, ladies' physician and midwife; receives ladies at the house during confinement; charges reasonable. 501 Rutger, cor. Broadway. 74

PERSONAL—Mrs. Dossen, practical and competent midwife; business strictly confidential; attended to, with board; charges reasonable. 115 S. 14th st.

MRS. C. WILCUS,

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

1400 OLIVE STREET,

Can be consulted on matters of love, business and matrimony, separated lovers and friends brought together in 9 days. Tells you name of your sweetheart and future husband. Changes all evil influences done by your enemies, friends and relations. Has charms to give you luck in all your business undertakings. Charges $1, and the rich and the poor are all treated alike; also sells all medicines manufactured by C. Janes. Received a gold medal from the ladies of this city in '84, and one from Chicago in 1885. Call early to avoid the rush. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. 74

MRS. G. LUBY,

The great fortune-teller, mother of Mrs. Wilcus, can be consulted on business matters, marriages and losses of every description; tells name and age of sweetheart and future husband, bringing separated together, and causes speedy marriages; gives lucky charms and breaks evil influence, and those who forsake you to return. 502 N. 15th, between St. Charles st. and Washington av. 74

GO AND SEE PROF. WARRING,

MEDIUM AND REAL ASTROLOGER, at 2009 Olive st. Five thousand dollars to any one who can equal him in telling the past, present and future, causing speedy marriages, bringing separated together, and in business affairs whose advice is invaluable. He tells consulter's name in full, and is the only person that can do so. Prof. Warring asks no questions and uses no cards of any description in his profession. Open Sundays. SATISFACTION GIVEN OR NO PAY. Fee—Ladies, 50c; gents, 50c. Hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. 74

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

FOR RENT—Good pasturage. Apply to P. T. Carr, Room 12, Turner Building; $2.50 per month. 11

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Good working mule. 1708 Wash st. 12

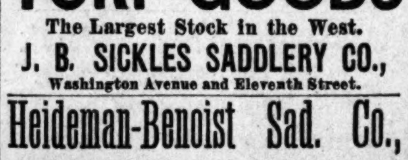
FOR SALE—One 3-spring top grocery wagon and harness 1333 Pine. 12

FOR SALE—Top, grocer, baker, butcher, laundry, dry goods and park wagons. 1604 N. Broadway.

FOR SALE—Doctor's fine horse and buggy; would make good family horse; also two mastiff dogs, at 1205 Chouteau av. 12

LATEST style Bernhardt buggies, grocery and park wagons; all 1st-class work; also 2d-hand vehicles at low prices; orders of new work, repairing and repainting attended to. E. H. Nolte, 1623 N. 7th st.

MCCABE, YOUNG & CO., 1122 to 1128 N. Main st., have on hand and in process of construction, a full line of mail, milk, open and top delivery wagons, besides the usual assortment of lighter vehicles, which they are offering at prices that defy competition, and are prepared to give estimates on any kind of work required, and will give the best of references as to quality of work, as we make nothing but first-class work. 12



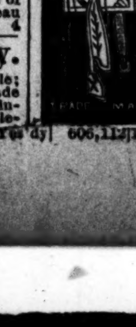
TURF GOODS

The Largest Stock in the West.

J. B. SICKLES SADDLERY CO.,

Washington Avenue and Eleventh Street.

Heideman-Benoist Sad. Co.,



419 N. Sixth Street,

Half Block North of Barr's.

Telephone .... 208.

Harness, ALL KINDS.

Saddles, ALL KINDS.

Stable Sundries

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

12 N. 11TH ST.—Two nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping, or suitable for gentlemen.

207 N. 15TH ST.—One nice unfurnished room with nice summer porch. 13

521 FRANKLIN AV.—Three large rooms, second-floor, and three on third-floor, all in good order and all conveniences; suitable for small families. 13

603 WALNUT ST., opposite People's Theater—Nicely furnished rooms; also rooms for light housekeeping. 13

827 S. 7TH ST.—Two nicely furnished rooms for two gentlemen. 13

922 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms for ladies or gentlemen. 13

938 ADAMS ST.—Two rooms and kitchen $10. 13

1010 PINE ST.—Furnished front room, second floor; suitable for man and wife, or gentlemen. 13

1221 CHOUTEAU AV.—Handsomely furnished room, southern exposure, suitable for two gentlemen; use of bath; private family. 13

1304 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping; respectable parties only. 13

1320 OLIVE ST.—Large 3d floor front room, n. and s. exposure, suitable for two gents only; references required. 13

1331 FRANKLIN AV., corner 14th.—Handsomely furnished rooms, 2d-floor; cheap. 13

1415 PINE ST.—Three nicely furnished rooms, front and back; suitable for light housekeeping; terms reasonable 13

1712 N. LEFFINGWELL AV.—First floor, 3 rooms; finished basement; water in kitchen; second floor, 3 large rooms; water in kitchen. 13

2225 CHESTNUT—Desirable second-story front room, southern exposure, suitable for one or two gents; all modern improvements, references exchanged.

2310 EUGENIA ST.—Six rooms, second and third floor; perfect order; gas and bath. 13

3127 OLIVE ST.—Two furnished rooms on second floor or two unfurnished on third floor.

FOR RENT.—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 1009 N. Compton ave. 13

FOR RENT—In a private family 2 choice unf. rooms, 2d floor, to housekeep; handy to 3 lines of cars; rent low. 624 Beaumont.

FOR RENT—Three very cool, neatly furnished rooms for gents or gentleman and wife; terms reasonable; private family. Ad. S 97, this office. 13

FOR RENT—Elegantly furnished rooms, single or en suite, with use of bath for gentlemen; can have breakfast and tea if desired. 2102 Walnut st. or address P. O. Box 548, city. 13

WANTED—Young lady room-mate, handsomely furnished parlor and bed-room; $6 per month. 2631 Olive st. 13

FOR RENT—FLATS.

1709 AND 1711 DOLMAN ST.—Just s. Lafayette Park—Brand-new flats of 4 rooms each; open all day. KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine.

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

904 CHAMBERS—7 rooms, gas, bath, hall, laundry, $25 per mo. Ap. s. w. cor. 9th and Chambers.

FOR RENT—Cheap. 3413 Walnut st., six room houses; all conveniences. Apply to J. RYAN, 605 Chestnut st. 14

FOR RENT—Six-room house, stable and buggy shed, situated on 22d st., between Benton and Warren. Inquire Jos. Bernard, 2502 N. 22d st. 14

PROPERTY OWNERS,

Have your stone-front houses cleaned by the Boylan process, it costs less than paint; stone restored to original color; estimates made; all work guaranteed. Call or address all communications to 1005 Olive st.
J. M. BOYLAN, Manager.
P. S.—Patent applied for; cemetery work a specialty. 14

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN One of the Choicest

residence lots on Delmar avenue, 50 by 145 feet; it is next door west of house No. 4000 Delmar av.
TAAFFE, EMERSON & GAY, Agents, 710 Chestnut st.
8

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

3418 LUCAS AV.—A pleasant summer house to let, furnished, from June 10 to Sept. 15. 15

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

1600 MARKET ST.—A nice large corner store; good stand for any business; drug or grocery store preferred; rent low to right party. Apply on premises. 17

FOR RENT—With steam power, 2-story building. 209 N. 10th st. 17

FOR RENT—Choice Olive st. store. Apply to Jas. M. Carpenter & Co., 206 N. 8th st. 17

FOR RENT, 1716 OLIVE ST.

10 rooms all modern improvements; newly papered and painted. Apply Carr & Greenwood, 16 N. 8th st

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

SUBURBAN.

Acre Tracts! Acre Tracts!

GRAND AUCTION SALE.

CHESTNUT'S SUBDIVISION.

Sixty-nine beautiful lots, 1 to 3 acres each, at the new station of Selma, "Frisco" R. R., just west of the city limits, 9 miles from Union Depot. Eight new daily trains each way, fare 9 cents. Perfect drainage, high rolling rich ground covered with forest, fruit and shade trees. If you want a bargain in beautiful suburban property be sure to attend this sale on Tuesday, May 24, 1887, at 1 o'clock p. m. For plats and further information apply to
ARTHUR MITTELBURG, No. 6 N. 7th st.
Or, LANHAM & SUTTON, Auctioneers, 613 Chestnut st.

AUCTION SALE.

2 lots s. s. CHOUTEAU AVE., west of California ave.

2 lots s. s. CHOUTEAU AVE., west of Ewing ave.

10 lots n. s. LA SALLE ST., west of California ave.

15 lots s. s. RUTGER ST., between Ewing ave. and California ave.

4 lots on CAROLINE, cor. Ewing ave.

This sale will be on the premises Friday, May 20, promptly at 2 o'clock.

Also a fine lot on n. s. of LINDELL AVE., just west of Cabanne ave.

Sale will commence at 5 o'clock p.m.
For information and plats apply to

Rutledge & Horton,

801 Locust st.

FINANCIAL.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upward on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st. 31

FOR SALE—Thirty shares of Franklin Building Association stock. Apply J. J. Coakley, Union Depot. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount; lowest rate. John C. King, 813 Morgan.

MONEY to loan on jewelry, guns and pistols from $1 to $10,000 at S. Van Raalte's Loan Office, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 31

TO LOAN—$10,000, $8,000, $5,000 $3,000, $2,500, $2,000, $1,500, $1,000 and $500, at 6 per cent, on city real estate. KEELY & CO., 703 Pine.

MONEY loaned on all first-class collateral. T. P. Ritchie, 418½ Olive st., Room 16. 31

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, pistols, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture, pianos, etc., in residence without removal; no charges; business confidential. O. C. Voelcker, 807 Locust st., 2d floor. 31

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, Room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

$25 TO $500 loaned on furniture, pianos, without removal; also on horses and wagons; weekly payments taken and interest reduced in proportion; no commission. F. W. Peters & Co., 813 Chestnut st.

FURNITURE LOANS.

$25 and upward to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st.

BOARDING.

19 S. 15TH ST.—Rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with board or without. 18

37 S. CHANNING AV.—Comfortable room with board in priv. fam., suitable for two; bath, gas, home comforts; terms moderate. 18

1118 PINE ST.—Good rooms and board at reasonable rates; table boarders and transients solicited. 18

1224 WASHINGTON AV.—In refined family, large, handsome, furnished rooms, with excellent meals; also pleasant, home-like accomodations for strangers. 18

1510 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished front room, with board for two. 18

1608 WASH ST.—Nicely furnished 2d-story front with board; gent room-mate wanted. 18

2027 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished second-story front, southern exposure; first-class board; $4 or $4.50 a week. 18

2113 LUCAS PLACE—Elegantly furnished rooms, southern exposure; first-class board. 18

2230 FRANKLIN AV.—Third floor hall room, furnished, $5; other rooms cool, airy and pleasant, furnished or unfurnished; board or breakfast only, if desired; bell at top of stairs. 18

3056 SHERIDAN AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms; large grounds; first-class board. 18

FOR RENT—Newly furnished second-story front room suitable for two; breakfast and supper if desired; private family. P.-O. box 378, City. 18

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for two or three young men, with board; cheap; no other boarders; also stable-room for two horses. Apply 1518 Franklin av. 18

ST. JAMES HOTEL gives board and room at from $8 to $10 per week, and from $30 to $40 per month. 18

WANTED—A widow with her own home would like one or two children to board. Address H 97, this office. 18

IMP'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—On Monthly Payments—2-story frame cottage of 6 rooms; large garden; lot 50x360 feet; s.s. Easton, 500 feet w. Narrow-gauge depot, Rinkelville: price, $2,000; $400 cash, balance $20 per month. KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

FOR SALE—Buy a home near Lafayette Park on monthly payments; one of those new 2-story, 13-inch brick wall cottages of four nice, large rooms with two finished basements if desired; lot 25x110 feet to alley; sewered; Nos. 1717 and 1719 Dolman st., two blocks east of Lafayette Park; terms, $800 cash, balance $30 or $40 per month. These houses are little daisies, being well and solidly built, and will make a nice home for some one. Houses open Sunday.
7 KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

FOR SALE AT A GREAT BARGAIN. 1305 Dillon St.

This is a nice 9-room, stone-front house just east of Lafayette Park, has all modern improvements; lot 25 x130 feet; all in good order.
TAAFFE, EMERSON & GAY, Agents,
7 710 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN! 3846 DELMAR AV.

A first-class residence, in perfect order; has every modern improvement; location one of the best in St. Louis. This house is now rented for $1,000 per year. It is a good investment.
TAAFFE, EMERSON & GAY, Agents,
7 710 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE AT A GREAT BARGAIN! 2326 OLIVE ST.

Business property. This is a first-class three-story stone-front house and lot; has 14 rooms, in good order; suitable for business or residence.
TAAFFE, EMERSON & GAY, Agents,
7 710 Chestnut st.

Business Property

For Sale—314 Chestnut st.—Six-story building; saloon on first floor; leased now at $3,000 per annum.
7 KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR RENT.

Suburban Home for Rent.

Large, pleasant house, Woodlawn Station, Kirkwood, for rent; beautiful lawn and fine orchard; 12 rooms; wire screens, furnace, etc. Trains nearly every hour. D. H. MacAdam, Temple Building.

PROPERTY OUT OF CITY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—In Winnebago County, Iowa, 320 acres prairie, surrounded by free pasturage for 10,000 cattle; $9 per acre; no trade. H. W. Pierson, City Hospital, Rochester, N. Y. 6

The Nashville Bureau of Information

Will answer promptly all inquiries in regard to Nashville, Tenn., and her many advantages as a large commercial, manufacturing and educational city. 6

COAL LANDS FOR SALE.

5,000 acres of the most superior quality of coal, good for coking, making gas or coal oil, within 100 miles of St. Louis. Supply inexhaustible, and in close proximity to rich iron fields; can ship by both river and rail. Specimens can be seen at Room 17, 509 Olive st. 6

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

COAL—10½ bu. $1; 21 bu. $2; by the load, 9½c; T. F. Carroll, 2021 Franklin av. Send postal. 5

FOR SALE—Cheap—A 51-inch Star bicycle, in first-class order. At 313 N. Main st. 5

FOR SALE—Foot-peddler's license; new; worth $8.50; will sell for $4. Ad. D 97, this office. 5

FOR SALE—A 4-gallon churn for $5, with full instructions to make old butter into creamery; big money in it; warranted to do what we claim or money refunded. Address J. Knight & Co., city. 5

MALTESE kittens, tortoiseshell cat, Newfoundland pups, pug pups. Fanciers' Agency, 320 N. 8t st.

1,000 UNREDEEMED gold and silver watches, 2,000 rings, 500 clocks and large quantities of gold and silver chains, bracelets, jewelry, etc., for sale cheap at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 5

FURNITURE ON EASY PAYMENTS.

Ice-boxes, stoves and house furnishing goods, all sold on accommodating terms; gasoline stoves and furniture repaired at short notice. Chapman Bro., House Furnishers, 1906 to 1910 Franklin av. 5

ON TIME PAYMENTS.

I will furnish your house with good or medium furniture cheaper than any other furniture house in the city. Call and be convinced for yourself. H. Walker, 206 N. 12th, between Olive and Pine. 5

Cash Carpet and Furniture

Buyers will find Bargains with us. Second-hand goods taken in exchange. If you lack part of the ready money, will sell you on short credit at same prices. STALEY, 1009 Olive st.

BUY YOUR FURNITURE,

Carpets and Household Goods this month on time payments or for cash at the big discounts now offered from the Peoples' stock, at 210 and 212 N. 7th st., near Olive. Open evenings. E. A. SKEELE.

MUSICAL.

LADY MUSICIANS.

The constant demand for lady musicians as soloists and orchestra performers; experienced teacher desires few lady pupils wishing to become professional musicians, who will study diligently for violin, viola and violoncello. For information address D 98, this office. 27

PROFESSIONAL.

MEDICAL science has struggled for ages to get a specific for malarial diseases, especially chills and fever. It don't need to struggle longer. STADIGER'S AURANTII has been discovered and it fills the bill. Stop your quaking and burning by asking your druggist for AURANTII. 34

DOCTOR WHITTIER

617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of three Medical Colleges, has been 15 years longer engaged in the special treatment of CHRONIC, NERVOUS, SKIN and BLOOD DISEASES than any other Physician in St. Louis.

Blood Impurities and Poisoning, with sore mouth, tongue, throat, blotches or bone pains are treated with unparalleled success, on latest scientific principles. Safely, Privately.

Unnatural Discharges Promptly Cured.

Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness, Arising from Indiscretion, Excess or Indulgence, which produce some of the following effects: nervousness, debility, dimness of sight and defective memory, pimples on the face, physical decay, aversion to the society of females, confusion of ideas, etc., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, permanently cured. Consultation at office or by mail, free, invited & strictly confidential.

It is self-evident that a physician paying particular attention to a class of cases attains great skill. In this oldest office in America every known appliance is resorted to and the PROVED GOOD REMEDIES of all ages and countries are used. Charges are as low as can be made, using only the best. Avoid cheap promised cure-alls—they are useless and often dangerous. Every case requires specially prepared treatment. All are treated with skill in a respectful manner, and knowing what to do, NO EXPERIMENTS ARE MADE. If you secure the skill and get a speedy and perfect life-cure, that is the important matter.—Call or write Dr. Whittier.



The Bryant CARRIAGE CO., 1009-1011 Locust St. Headquarters for LAP ROBES.

(TRADE MARK.)

We have Vehicles and Harness, all grades and prices. We can suit anybody as to style or terms.

TRUSTEE'S SALES.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Sarah M. Ketchum (a widow) by her certain deed of trust dated September 30, 1886, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 804, page 163, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit:

1. Lot in block 46 of the City of St. Louis, containing a front of fifteen feet (15 ft.) on the north line of Convent street, by a depth northwardly of eighty feet, more or less (80 ft.), bounded east by a lot now or formerly of Michael Cronley, west by Thos. Maloney, south by Convent street and north by a private alley about 8 feet wide, the west line of the lot herein described being 338 feet east of the east line of Second street.

2. Lot number thirteen (13) of subdivision of south half of block ten (10) of Wm. C. Christy's addition and in block 528 of the City of St. Louis, said lot containing a front of twenty-seven feet (27 ft.) on the south line of Linden street by a depth southwardly of seventy feet (70 ft), bounded west by lot 12, east by lot 14, south by lot 2 of said block and addition, and north by Linden street.

3. Lot number eleven (11) in Kerrick's subdivision of block two (2) of Stoddard's Addition and in block 967 of the City of St. Louis, said lot containing a front of twenty-five feet (25) on the south line of Mills street by a depth southwardly to the north line of Wash street, bounded east by lot 10, west by lot 12 of said block and subdivision, north by Mills street and south by Wash street.

which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the first interest note; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust the undersigned will on

MAY 31, 1887,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the East front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above described real estate at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

AUGUST GEHNER, trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, William C. Gormley, a single man, by his deed of trust, dated the 26th day of November, A. D. 1884, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of St. Louis County, Missouri, in book 27, at page 174, conveyed to one John C. Gmeiner as trustee, the following described real estate, lying, being and situate in said County of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, to-wit:

Lot number seventeen of the subdivision of United States survey number 2038, in township 47, range 5 east, containing one hundred and forty acres, more or less, and situated in the Missouri River bottom, in St. Ferdinand Township, and bounded north by property of J. Brannan's estate and Archibald McIntyre, east by property of Michael Fortin, south by property of Simon Moser and Adeline DeLisle and others, and west by the Missouri River, and being the same property acquired by said party of the first part of F. G. Flanagan, by deed of even date herewith; which said conveyance was made in trust, to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein described, with interest; and whereas, certain of the aforesaid notes, and interest thereon, are due and remain unpaid;

And whereas, The above named John C. Gmeiner, departed this life on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1886, at the City of St. Louis, Missouri;

And whereas, The Circuit Court of St. Louis County, Missouri, by its order duly made and entered for record on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1887, did appoint and substitute the undersigned, Emil L. Dosenbach, as trustee, in the place and stead of the said John C. Gmeiner, deceased, to perform the duties of the said trust;

Now, therefore, I, the undersigned trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, will on THURSDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1887, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, all of the above-described property, for the purposes of said trust.

EMIL L. DASENBACH, Trustee.
GEO. W. ROYSE, Attorney.
St. Louis, Mo., May 17th, 1887.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, Frank X. Leiber and Elizabeth M., his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated February 24, 1886, and recorded in book 786, page 141, of the Recorder's Office of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis, Mo., to wit: Lots number eleven (11) and twelve (12) of Kalbfleisch and Stansbury's subdivision in block 1,655 of the City of St. Louis, said lots containing an aggregate front of fifty feet (50) on the north line of Chippewa street by a depth northwardly of one hundred and thirty-five feet (135) to an alley 20 ft. wide, bounded north by said alley, south by Chippewa street, east by lot 10 and west by the west line of said lot 12. Which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of the principal note; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust the undersigned will on

FRIDAY, MAY 20, 1887,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above-described real estate at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, John Desmond and Margaret Desmond, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated February 2, 1885, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of the County of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in Book 26, page 401, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate situated in the County of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit:

A tract of land in township forty-eight (48) range six east and in United States surveys 1,898 and 1,950 bounded westwardly and northwardly by the Missouri River, eastwardly by land now or formerly of J. F. Reller and Carrico and southwardly by land now or formerly of Ruben Musick's estate and containing 214 96-100 acres more or less, and being the same conveyed to the said John Desmond by Daniel Keleher by deed dated September 17, 1873, and of record in book 481, page 347 of the St. Louis City Recorder's Office; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of two of said notes. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will on

FRIDAY, May 20, 1887,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above-described real estate at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, William Niehaus and Louise, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the eighteenth day of May, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 634, page 141, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate situated in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to wit: Lot No. one (1) in block Number one (1) of Glasgow's subdivision of a part of Wright's addition, city block No. 625, said lot having a front of twenty-five feet (25) on the east line of Fifteenth street by a depth along the north line of said lot of one hundred and forty-two feet and six inches (142 ft. 6 in.) to an alley fifteen feet wide, on which said lot has a front of thirty-nine feet and three inches (39 ft. 3 in.,) bounded north by lot No. 2 of said subdivision, east by said alley, south by the south line of said subdivision and west by Fifteenth street, which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described, and whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal note. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

FRIDAY, MAY 20, 1887,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the City of St. Louis, Mo., sell the above-described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.

Carmi, Ill.

Carmi, Ill., May 16.—Mrs. H. B. Banks and children are visiting Rockport, Ind., relatives.—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Robinson were called to Huntingburg, Ind., to-day, by the illness of Mrs. Mary Haning.—Miss Mattie Ridgway is visiting friends at Evansville.—Miss Nellie Nevitt is visiting friends at Rockport, Ind.—Mrs. G. J. George and daughter, Miss Chloe, spent Sunday with friends and relatives in this city.—Among the prominent citizens of Enfield that were in the city to-day were M. S. Brackett, Ed. Willis and Mark Miller.—A union meeting of all the Sunday-schools of the city was held yesterday to make arrangements for the reception and entertainment of the large number of guests that are expected to attend the Sunday-school Convention to be held here the 1st and 2nd of June.—Delos Bacon of Phillipstown departed for the South to-day. Mr. Bacon is in the abstract business at Florence, Ala.—Mr. Jno. L. Cooper, recently of St. Louis, has been making a short visit in this city.

50 DIFFERENT styles of men's fine dress suits in imported materials, sold elsewhere for $25, will go at $15 in the great reduction sale at the

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

Big Burglary.

WOODBURY, N. Y., May 17.—Burglars last night entered the residence of John A. Cheever, President of the Rockaway Steeple-chase Association and carried away over $3,000 worth of silverware.

CARRIERS' COMPLAINTS.

ONE OF THE NUMBER MAKES A STATEMENT FOR THE PUBLIC.

How They Are Overworked, With a Notice to Quit as the Only Alternative—The Hours of Service Under the New System of Midnight Collections—Improving the Service, but Punishing the Men, According to Their Statements.

This morning a letter carrier called at the POST-DISPATCH office for the purpose of giving to the public the true statement of the workings of the midnight collection system, to which a great deal of attention has been attracted. He said that discredit had been thrown on some of the published complaints by the officials who had the power to remedy the wrong and that in order to give the POST-DISPATCH the benefit of a reliable statement he had been sent by a number of carriers whose views he expressed. He, or those he represented, had not the greatest confidence in the free speech doctrine of the department, and as he did not wish to make himself a target for official displeasure he asked that his name be withheld. After identifying himself satisfactorily he said: "The statement has been made that there are only thirty-three carriers employed in the collection of the night mails. The fact is that in the territory between North Market street and Merremac, the river to Garrison and Grand avenues there are sixty-six men at least employed every night. They go out at 11 p. m., some of them before that hour, so that they will have a chance to catch the last car down-town. Take a district from Geyer to Meremac and west of Jefferson. If a man starts out to make his collection at 10:30 he will just make the last car. He must bring that mail to the main office. These men

CANNOT "SQUAD,"

that is they cannot send out one man to collect more than one route. Each must make his own collection in the district, bring it to the accumulation box agreed on by the carriers and one takes it down to the main office. They generally change off from night to night. Now, on this side of Jefferson avenue the carriers "squad" three, four and five together—that is, one carrier makes the collections on the three, four or five routes agreed on and takes the mail to the main office. This will take him about an hour and three-quarters to make that collection. In many instances he misses the last car and must walk down to deliver his mail. Now he has to either walk home again or wait for an owl-car, which will bring him home about 2 o'clock in the morning. He has about three and one-half to four hours' rest and is compelled to go to the office again for his day's work. The northern routes, from North Market to Biddle, and from the river to Garrison avenue, are the easiest routes, because the mails are not heavy, and it is easily delivered. Men who want to handle their mail satisfactorily ought to be at the office about 6:30 a. m., at the latest, to be out

WHEN THE BELL TAPS AT 7:15 A. M.,

instead of 7:30. If a man comes to the office at 7 a. m., he will find a subcarrier on his route ready to take his place for the day, or for a half a day at least. When a carrier arrives in the morning he must distribute his mail, readdress all misdirected mail matter or removals to the district they are destined for, which will take at least twenty minutes on the easiest route in the city. Consequently a carrier arriving at 7 a. m. would always get out late. Assistant-Postmaster McHenry says he has been among the men and not heard any complaints. If so, he does not enjoy the confidence of the carriers as there is not a man who does not think that the system is a hardship upon him. The men do not complain because it has already been said 140 applicants are waiting to fill vacancies and the men now there do not want to run the risk of being discharged. The Postmaster claims that this midnight collection is an experiment and that after it has been approved by the public they will then submit the matter to the Department at Washington, with the request that wagon facilities be furnished. It has now been used for three weeks, which ought to be long enough for an experiment. Do they propose to have the carriers continue until Congress appropriates money for the purpose of establishing the system here? They could not stand it. The fact is that the men are now doing work which they cannot long stand, and that they are paying money to try an experiment for the Government."

The carriers are willing to make an extraordinary effort to show that it will be a benefit to the public to establish the midnight collections, especially as it will lighten the morning work, but they do not think they should be forced to work blindly with no other advice than that if they don't like it they can quit.

Marble Palace Under Lindell Hotel.

Now that we have replaced our old supply of barber chairs for the best in the West, turned out from the factory of W. P. Arnd, and of special design, enabling us to give to our patrons a degree of comfort and luxury not known before, inspection is respectfully solicited. Our baths are equal to any in the country, having been made new, with the grand combination Turkish, Electric, Vapor, etc. Satisfaction assured. Turkish baths, 75c. THOMAS & CO.

A CRAZY MAN'S FREAK.

J. M. Goodspeed, a Prominent Citizen of Cincinnati, Tries to Kill His Wife.

CINCINNATI, May 17.—At 4 o'clock this morning a wild-eyed man of about 50 years of age, with his long beard torn, and his face showing traces of blood, entered the Central Police Station, and said to the officer in charge: "I am J. M. Goodspeed. I have assaulted my wife. I do not know whether she is dead or not. You had better lock me up until you find out. Send to the Bodley Homestead on Price Hill." The man was locked up and an officer sent at once to the place indicated, which is in the extreme western portion of the city. At the house the officer found Mrs. Goodspeed in bed with her face and throat bearing marks of violence. She was at first averse to talking, but when told her husband had surrendered himself, she went on to say that they had played croquet on the lawn until 9 o'clock last night, when she retired, Mr. Goodspeed saying he was not ready yet. About 11 o'clock she heard him in the room, but fell asleep. At midnight she was awakened to find him standing over her with glaring eyes and an awful expression on his face, trying to twist some dark cloth down her throat. A terrible struggle ensued, in the course of which she begged him to desist, offering him the title to all her property, but he was inexorable, and beat her with something he held in his hand. Finally, she caught his long beard, and with all her force wrenched a portion of it from his face. This caused him such pain that he relinquished his hold and a servant entering at that point he left the room. Maj. Goodspeed married Mrs. Bodley, a wealthy widow, a year or two ago, after an acquaintance formed in Ohio, where he was an esteemed citizen, having for a long time served as Principal of the Public schools at Athens.

Mrs. Goodspeed is of the opinion that her husband's mind is deranged, and that view is taken by all who know him. He was, therefore, taken this forenoon to the Sanitarium, at College Hill, where his mental condition will be ascertained. He has hitherto borne a spotless reputation, and has been held in high esteem by all his acquaintances. Mrs. Goodspeed will be confined to her room for some time by the injuries to her head, throat and breast.

GREAT reduction sale at the Globe to-morrow.



OAKES'

Pure and Unadulterated

Candies!

Of World-Wide Reputation,

40c Per Pound; 3 Pounds, $1.

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307....N. BROADWAY....307

JOHN, COUNT LADINSKI.

His Adventures in South America, in the Siberian Mines and in the United States.

From the Denver News.

John, Count Ladinski, was born in Warsaw, Poland, in 1830. When 6 years old he saw his mother knouted for refusing to tell of her husband's whereabouts. Six months after that his father was captured and shot by order of the Czar. Shortly after that his mother disappeared, and to this day he does not know what became of her. When about 7 years of age he found himself homeless and penniless. He was picked up half starved on the street by a kind-hearted Jew merchant, who adopted and took him to St. Petersburg. He remained with his adopted father for seven years, and was given a good education, the merchant employing a tutor for him and his two sons.

Ladinski was walking a quiet street one night in St. Petersburg, when about 15 years old, and came suddenly upon two Russian soldiers who were beating a Polish Jew peddler because had refused to give them money. He became enraged at the sight and demanded that they should quit. The soldiers let the peddler alone, but seized the boy and were hustling him off to prison when he drew a knife and killed one of them and dangerously wounded the other.

Realizing what he had done, young Ladinski stowed away on an English vessel, and was fortunate enough to escape the country. The captain of the vessel took a liking to the boy and landed him in London with a £5 note and a new suit of clothes. He managed to open communications with his foster father, who sent a sum of money to a friend of his to be used for Ladinski, who remained in London for about a year. Being discovered, however, by one of the secret service agents of Russia, he was obliged to flee England, and went to Rio Janeiro, South America. He secured a position as tutor in the family of a rich Brazilian, and remained there for three years. His benefactor took a strong liking to the young man and secured him a position in the Brazilian navy.

The man-of-war on which he was went on a cruise to Europe. Ladinski and several of his brother officers went ashore one night at Naples to attend a masked ball. He became separated from his companions and started alone for the boat, and while on his way was knocked down, bound and gagged and hurried aboard a Russian vessel which was in the bay. He was placed in irons and kept in prison until St. Petersburg was reached. There he was turned over to the authorities.

After having spent six months in a dungeon without hearing anything from the outside world, Mr. Ladinski was taken before a tribunal, tried for the murder of the soldier, and sentenced to Siberia for life. He made the journey to the mines on foot, with a number of political prisoners, and remained in the mines for five years.

Mr. Ladinski seemed averse to speaking about the hardships he underwent while there, but said that at the end of the five years he was the only one left out of twenty-three men who went with him. As he had behaved himself so as to win the respect of the guards and officers, he was removed from the mine and given a clerkship in a Government warehouse. While there he conceived the idea of forging himself a pardon from the Czar, and after a year's hard work, being assisted by a daughter of the post commander, Col. Tourteloff, he succeeded in having a free and unconditional pardon handed him, and at once made preparations to leave. By some means he was well supplied with funds by his foster father.

He made his way back to St. Petersburg and was preparing to leave the country, when he was pounced upon by Russian spies, thrown into jail to remain until an investigation could be had, which, of course, resulted in the daring forgery becoming known. The Czar, who evidenty had a grim sense of humor, had the daring young Pole brought before him and questioned him about himself. The result of the interview was that his Royal Highness pardoned Ladinski for the murder, but allowed the law to take its course in regard to the forgery, the result being that he was again sentenced for life in the mines, and started back to the hell he had schemed so long to escape from.

When about one month on the road Ladinski and a young Russian officer, a political prisoner, managed to free themselves of their shackles and escaped. Mr. Ladinski thinks that he and his companion, a Capt. Komiskoff, must have walked 1,000 miles before they felt themselves safe. They went across the border of Austria, and managed to make their way to England. They remained in London for a year, when Komiskoff took a notion to come to the United States. Ladinski supported himself by giving music and painting lessons, and while there married an English lady who brought him quite a dot. They had two children born to them, and while the youngest was a babe the mother died.

When the civil war broke out in the United States Mr. Ladinski placed his children in an asylum and came to America and enlisted as a private in the Forty-ninth New York. His valor soon won him promotion, and when the war closed he was a Major, was covered with honorable scars, and had spent four months in Andersonville. Mr. Ladinski related a number of incidents in his eventful life, and when asked why it was that he, a Pole, chose for his companions Russians, he replied:

"This is my friend, Capt. Komiskoff. I found him in America. I had not seen him for ever so many years. These gentlemen are his friends and mine. They are educated gentlemen, and have no love for the Czar. We belong to the same brotherhood.

"Well, yes, we were Nihilists, but are now American citizens. America is a good-enough country for us. We intend to live in Colorado. We have some money, and will buy ranches. We are not bloodthirsty villains."

Straight Goods.

From the Detroit Free Press.

"Anybody pass here within an hour?" asked a Detroiter of a Wayne County farmer standing at his gate.

"Yes."

"Man with a black horse?"

"No; man with a white hoss."

"Wasn't a tin peddler, was he?"

"Oh, no. He was the editor of an agricultural paper."

"How do you know that?"

"Because he come out on purpose to ask me whether potato planting or corn cutting come fust. He's started a new paper and wants to git things reliable."

St. Louis City Bonds Subscription.

To the Public:

There will mature during the fiscal year beginning April 12, 1887, and ending April 9, 1888, $4,389,000 of the bonded indebtedness of the City of St. Louis. By an ordinance numbered 13,932, approved March 15, 1887, the Mayor and Comptroller are authorized to sell at public or private sale bonds to the amount of said maturities for the purpose of refunding the same. These bonds are to be straight, 20-year gold bonds, interest payable semi-annually at the office of the City Treasurer in St Louis, or at the fiscal agency of the city of St. Louis in New York City, or in London, England, as the holder may elect. The bonded indebtedness of the city of St. Louis has been reduced $837,000 during the fiscal year just ended, and any increase of it is prohibited by the State Constitution. It does not exceed at present the value of the property owned by the municipality within its corporate limits, and is not over 6 per cent of the actual value of the property taxable for municipal purposes. The city has no floating debt, and its bonded indebtedness is being reduced from year to year. The State Constitution, whilst limiting the rate of taxation for State, school and municipal purposes, permits the levying of any rate necessary to pay the interest on our bonded debt, or to redeem it, if the municipal authorities should so decide. The city of St. Louis has never defaulted on any of her obligations, and no better investment-securities are on the market than those which are now offered. Subscriptions to this loan will be received at the offices of the Mayor and Comptroller in this city, and at the National Bank of Commerce and the National Bank of the Republic in the city of New York until the 10th of May, 1887, unless the entire amount is taken previous to that date, the city reserving the right to reject any or all subscriptions. The bonds will be dated June 25, 1887, and will bear interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, and will be delivered on that date in the city of St. Louis or the city of New York, as the subscriber may prefer. A deposit of 5 per cent upon the amount subscribed for will be required at the time the subscription is made, and interest will be allowed on the same at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum until the bonds are delivered. Subscriptions will be taken in any amount from $5,000 upward. Copies of the ordinance will be forwarded to inquirers on application.

DAVID R. FRANCIS, Mayor.
R. A. CAMPBELL, Comptroller.

MATTHEWS & WHITAKER

121 N. 3rd St.,

Bond, Stock and Note Brokers.

Deal in all local bonds and stocks, American Cotton Oil Certificates; also, mining stocks.

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Sixth and Locust.

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The largest and best equipped Vaults in the United States.

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Sam'l A. Gaylord. John H. Blessing.

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Stock Brokers,

NO. 307 OLIVE STREET.

Granite Mountain, Small Hopes, Hope and Adams Mining Stocks Bought and Sold.

INVESTMENT BONDS.

County Bonds, City Bonds, Township Bonds, School Bonds, Gas Bonds, Water Bonds, Street Railway Bonds, And all Local Stocks,

BOUGHT AND SOLD BY

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STOCK AND BOND BROKERS,

307........ Olive Street........307

MONEY.

NEW YORK, May 17, 11 a. m.—The stock market was rather heavy at the opening this morning, most stocks being slight fractions under last evening's closing prices. The grangers, especially Northwestern, Rock Island and St. Paul preferred were most conspicuous in the trading, with a good business in the remainder. The grangers were all strong, but the general list was steady or barely firm. Marshall Coal rose ⅞; Omaha preferred, 1⅛; Rock Island, 1⅝; St. Paul preferred, 1, and Northwestern, ¾ per cent, while advances of small fractions were made in some of the general list. There was a slight recession from the best figures late in the hour, and at 11 o'clock the market is moderately active and barely steady.

NOON.—Money is easy at 4@5 per cent. Bar silver, 94¾c. The stock market continued moderately active after 11 o'clock, the grangers still leading with a quiet trading in the others. The general list was still firm, though the changes in quotations were insignificant and in the grangers did not amount to more than fractions. Rock Island, however, lost its gains of the first hour. Late in the hour the firm tone became more pronounced and at noon the market is active and firm to strong. Government bonds—3s, 100; do 4s, coupon, 129; do 4½s, coupon, 110¼; Pacific 6s of '95, 126¼.

3 P. M.—The stock market became dull and heavy after noon, and so continued until shortly before 2 o'clock, when it rallied and became firm. During the last hour small fractions were lost, but at the close the market was steady at fractional advances over opening figures.

BOSTON, May 17.—Mexican Central bonds, 4s, 70@70½; 7s, 75@76; scrip, 102@103; common, 18⅝@18¾. Mining stocks—Huron, 3@3½c; Allouez, 100@125; Calumet & Hecla, 209@211.

LONDON, May 17.—12:30 p. m.—Consols opened at 103 3-16 for both money and the account.

4 p. m.—Consols closed at 103¼ for both money and the account.

Mining Stocks.

Name.	Bid.	Asked.
Granite	$55 00	$57 50
Small Hopes	7 00	7 25
Adams	2 65	2 75
Sheridan	45	47½
Peacock	60	65
Yavapai	60	65
Bremen	15	20
Mexican Improvement	80	85
Dinero	47½	50
Ideal	47½	52½
Lochiel	95	97
West Granite	85	90
Hope	7 25	7 50

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whitaker, bankers and brokers, 121 N. Third st., St. Louis, Mo.

Stocks.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canadian Southern	63¾	64⅛	63⅝	63⅞
Canadian Pacific	63¾	64⅛	63⅝	63⅝
Central New Jersey	81¼	80½	79	79
Central Pacific				
C., St. P., M. & O.	53½	54⅛	53½	54⅛
do pfd	116¼	117¾	116¼	117½
C., R. I. & P.	139	140⅝	139	139¼
C., B. & Q.	156	....	....	156
C., M. & St. P.	93¾	94⅝	93¾	94½
C. & N. W. com	125½	126⅝	121½	126¼
Cotton Oil Trusts	50	50	49⅞	49⅞
Del., Lack. & W.	138	138⅝	138	138⅝
Del. & Hudson	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛
Denver & Rio Grande	32½	32½	32⅛	32⅛
East Tenn. com	28⅛	28⅛	28¼	28¼
do pfd	77½	....	....	77½
Erie com	34¼	34½	34¼	34¼
do pfd	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾
do 2d mtg bonds	104	104	103¾	103¾
Ft. W. & Den	55⅝	56⅞	55⅝	56⅞
Houston & Texas	33	....	....	33
Illinois Central	137⅝	137½	137⅜	137½
Ind., B. & W.	25	....	....	25
Lake Shore	97⅝	97¾	97⅛	97⅝
Louis. & Nash	69	69⅛	68¾	68⅞
Michigan Central	94¾	94¾	94½	94½
Missouri Pacific	108⅝	109⅝	108⅝	109⅝
M., K. & T.	32⅝	....	....	32⅝
Manhattan Elevated	159¾	159¾	159⅝	159¾
New York & New Eng.	57½	58⅛	57½	57⅞
New York Central	113¾	113¾	113⅝	113¾
N. Pacific com	31½	31¼	31⅛	31¼
do pfd	62⅝	62⅝	62½	62½
Ohio Southern	21⅝	....	....	21⅝
Oregon & Trans. Co.	34	34¼	34	34¼
O. R. & Trans. Co.	104¼	104⅞	104¼	104¾
O. & M. com	30	30⅛	30	30⅛
Pacific Mail	55½	56	55½	55½
Phila. & Reading	44⅞	45	44½	44⅞
Pullman Palace Car				
St. Paul & Duluth com	69	69¼	69	69¼
do pfd	112⅝	112½	112⅝	112½
St. L. & S. F. com	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝
do 1st pfd	119⅝	....	....	119⅝
do 2d pfd	79⅝	80	79⅝	79½
St. P., M. & Man	119	119	118	118
Texas & Pacific	30⅞	31¼	30⅞	31
Texas & Pacific income				
Union Pacific	62¼	62⅝	62¼	62⅝
Wab., St. L. & P	21¼	21½	21¼	21⅜
do pfd	37	37⅛	37	37
Western U. T. Co	77⅝	77⅞	77	77⅛
West Shore Bonds	103¾	103¾	103	103

ENGLISH CONSOLS—Cash—Opening, 103¼; closing, 103¼.

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Banker and Broker, 307 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS.	When due.	Interest payable.	Bid.	Ask.
3 ₱ cent bonds	......	M. A. N. & F	100⅛	100⅜
4½ ₱ cent bonds	1891	J. S. D. & M.	109	110
4 ₱ cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	128¾	129
RAILWAY BONDS.				
Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. and Aug.	102½	103
Mo. Pac Consols	1920	May and Nov.	115	115½
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. and July	109½	110½
Mo. Pac. 3d	1905	May and Nov.	123	124
No. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. and July	118	118½
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	Feb. and Aug	108	113¼
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec.	106	111½
K. P. D. Ex. 6s	1899	May and Nov.	104½	105½
K. P. Consols	1910	May and Nov.	98½	99½
St. L. & M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. and Aug	111½	112
ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.				
City 4s sterling, 10-20s	1902	May and Nov.	101½	102
City 4s sterling, 20s	1906	Jan. and July	103	104
City 5s sterling, C 10-20s	1900	June and Dec	102¾	103¼
City 5s	1900	Jan. and July	109	110
City 6s gold	1892—93	Various	109	110
City 6s sterling	1898	June and Dec	117	118
City 6s water	1890	June and Dec	106	107
City 6s water	1892	Apr. and Oct.	109	110
City 6s bridge approach	1892	June and Dec	110¾	111¼
County 6s gold	1895—96	Jan. and July	114	115
County Park	1905	Apr. and Oct.	124	125¼

CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

Clearings	$2,990,112
Balances	576,742

COMMERCIAL.

NERVOUS AND SENSITIVE.

Wheat Fluctuating Sharply—Corn Improves—Provisions Advance.

By Telegraph from Jones, McCormick & Kennett, Chicago, to the POST-DISPATCH.

CHICAGO, May 17, 1 p. m.—June wheat opened strong and stop orders at 89c, which was the opening, were numerous and the price advanced quickly to 89⅛@89¼c. After that the market became very dull and until within a half hour of the close scarcely a thing was done excepting by a few small scalpers. These traders evidently got long and in attempting to sell broke the market to 88¼c, at which point the clique, brokers appeared and bid the market up to 88⅞c, after which there was another sharp decline. During the recent steady advance, which June wheat has made, there has been a noticeable absence of nervousness, but yesterday and to-day the market has been rather sensitive, and the fluctuations are often sharp. The close is strong.

There has been a good scalping trade in corn to-day, and toward the close the price stiffened up on the bulge in wheat and on good scattered buying. The market closed firm.

The number of hogs at the yards this morning being very much under yesterday's estimate, and prices higher, caused a rush to buy ribs at the opening, and those interested in whooping the market up had it their own way for a time. Buyers were soon satisfied however and prices gradually dropped away. The market became unactive and remained so, closing tame. There was very little doing in lard and prices followed ribs.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS:	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
May	85¾	86	85¾	86 b
June	84¾	85	85	85
July	82	82⅛	81⅝	81⅝@¾
Aug	81¾	81⅞	81⅛	81¼
Sept	83⅛	83¼	82⅝	82¾
Oct	84¾	84⅝	84½	84¼ b
Year	80⅝	80⅝	80½	80½ a
CORN.				
May	36½	......	......	36¾ b
June	36⅝	37⅛	37⅛	37 b
July	37⅞	38	37⅞	38 a
Aug	38¾	......	......	38¾ b
OATS.				
May	27	......	......	27¼ b
July	27⅛	......	......	27¼ b
Aug	24¼	......	......	24¼ b
Year	24⅛	24¼	24¼	24¼
CHICAGO: WHEAT.				
June	88⅝@¾	89⅛@¼	88¼	88⅞
July	86⅛	86½	85⅞	85⅞@86
Aug	84¼	84½	84	84⅛
Sept	83¾	84	83½@⅝	83½@⅝
CORN.				
June	39½@⅝	39¾	39¼	39¾ a
July	41¼@⅜	41⅜	41	41⅜ a
Aug	42⅛	42⅛	42 @⅛	42¼@⅜
OATS.				
June	27¼	27⅛	26⅞@27	27⅛
July	28¼	28⅛	28	28⅛
PORK.				
May	21.00	20.50	20.50	20.50
June	21.00	20.50	20.50	20.50
LARD.				
June	6.77	6.82	6.72	6.75
July	6.85	6.90	6.82	6.82@85
Aug	6.92	7.00	6.92	6.92 b
SHORT RIBS.				
June	7.20	7.32	7.15	7.17
July	7.32	7.42	7.25	7.30
Aug	7.42	7.52	7.35	7.40

NEW YORK—Wheat, May, 97c b; June, 96¾c a; July, 96c a; August, 93⅛c b; September, 93⅛c; December, 95⅛c. Corn—May, 48c; June, 48⅛c b; July, 49¼c b; August, 50¼c b; September, 51.

TOLEDO—Wheat—May, 89c; June, 88⅛c b; July, 87; August, 85⅛c b.

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts. Wheat.	Receipts. Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Shipments. Corn.
St. Louis	13,979	10,710	9,370	16,529
Milwaukee	17,410	960	23,400	......
Baltimore	86,437	2,825	159,885	12,400
Toledo	16,991	2,776	9,890	3,000
New York	365,100	206,050	51,826	8,273
Chicago	59,927	87,222	77,951	215,230
Kansas City	500	12,000	......	3,500
Detroit	10,703	3,785	40,950	1,437
Duluth	48,367	......	47,096	......
Minneapolis	70,560	......	11,280	......
Philadel'hia	30,057	6,017	24,173	4,985

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat bu.	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Barley bu.
To-day	790,670	2,087,719	129,186	30,768	2,218
Yes'dy	774,236	2,116,223	200,900	30,913	2,218
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.
To-day	628,849	1,716,076	132,877	30,768	....
Yes'dy	606,112	1,736,094	127,659	30,913	....

St. Louis Markets.

FORENOON SESSION, CLOSING 1 P. M.

Undeniably bearish is the last Mark Lane Express in reviewing the English grain market. Quoted in full its remarks are: "The wheat crops are making fast and healthy growth. The pulse crop is in excellent form. Foreign wheat is quiet. Values weaken under fears that the Chicago wheat 'corner' will collapse and throw immense consignments on the English markets for cash realizing. The English flour trade is nowhere. Some of the largest millers are closing and becoming agents for American flour, because they can not grind wheat at a profit under the flow of American flour. The English milling industry is threatened with extinction. Eleven cargoes of wheat arrived; five cargoes were withdrawn and five remained. At to-day's market wheat was quiet; sellers asked 6d advance, but buyers rarely responded. Flour was steady. Corn was weaker. Egyptian beans were 6d cheaper. Barleys and oats were steady."—Deliveries of home-grown wheat in the United Kingdom last week are estimated at 1,150,000 bu at $1.01 per bu, an advance of 1½c per bu over the preceding week and 5¼c per bu above same time last year.—It is stated that Wm. Dunn & Co., who bought the 500,000 bu No. 2 corn in Central Elevator yesterday, paid the July price for it and at that time July was about 37¾c. As the rate from St. Louis to Liverpool via the New Orleans route is as cheap as any that can be obtained from Chicago, and as May corn in latter market was above July here in price, it can be readily seen that St. Louis was the best market of the two to buy in for export, even if it was necessary to pay the July price.—About one-sixth of the present visible of wheat is winter wheat.—The decrease in the in-store stock of wheat of this country last week was 2,442,890 bu and of corn 1,128,276 bu.—The following table shows the rates of storage at the principal markets for the first period and when grain originally goes into store and the length of the subsequent periods for which storage is reckoned:

	First Period Days.	First Period Rate. Cts.	Later Period Days.	Later Period Rate. Cts.	Annual Rate. Cts.
St. Louis	10	1	10	½	12
Chicago	10	1¼	10	½	15
Duluth	20	1¼	15	½	10
Detroit	10	1	10	¼	10
Toledo	10	1	10	¼	10
Buffalo	5	1	10	¼	10
Minneapolis	20	1¼	15	½	7
New York	10	½	10	¼	9½
Milwaukee	10	¾	15	½	8

The winter storage at Chicago lasts from November 15 to April 15; at Minneapolis, November 1 to June 1; and Milwaukee, November 15 to May 1, and is 4c. The annual rate is given in round figures.—There is some selling of wheat for May delivery that is to arrive from the country in a few days. Grier sold, 5,000 to-day.—The June wheat deal in Chicago is likened to the nigger's coon-trap—"it cotches 'em a-comin' an' a-gwine."—About 70,000 bu No. 2 corn will be loaded out this week into Ohio River barges, going via that route and the C. & O. road to Newport News, whence it will be reshipped to Europe. R. Cleary & Co. are the shippers.—Public Liverpool cables were firm and demand fair to firmer and a turn dearer; private U. K. cables reported quiet markets and only a retail demand, but from the Continent were firm.—Minneapolis is supposed to have sold about 1,000,000 bu June wheat in Chicago to-day.—There is some talk that a portion of the No. 2 red wheat in East St. Louis elevator is not panning out as well as it should. In loading out this wheat into the barges, it is said, there was some the inspector would not pass as No. 2, as it was mixed with a little trash and he consequently would only accept it as No. 3. How much of this there was is not stated, but report has it that the amount was considerable. Mr. Duncan Kehlor of this elevator denies this report in toto and says there is not a word of truth in it.—Why the St. Louis millers are so badly handicapped can be easily seen by looking at this statement: Last year on Tuesday, May 18, No. 2 red wheat sold at 77@78c, and flour at $3.50@4 for clears, $4.15@4.40 for straights, $4.55@4.90 for patents; to-day, cash wheat sold at 85¾@86c, and flour at $3.80@3.90 for clears, $4@4.10 for straights and $4.15@4.40. Thus spot wheat is now fully 8c per bu higher and straight flour (of which 70 per cent of the city mills' make is composed) is 30c per barrel lower than to-day a year ago.—Last week's imports into the United Kingdom were 149,000 bbls flour, 1,504,000 bu wheat and 908,000 bu corn.—The imports of wheat and flour, reduced to their equivalent in wheat, and the English deliveries of home-grown wheat combined were less than the United Kingdom's estimated weekly consumptive requirements by 755,000 bu, so that their supplies were reduced that much.—An exporter was trying very hard to buy 300,000 bu of No. 2 corn out of a certain elevator here but could not get it. It looks very much as though there would be a repetition of the wheat deal in corn and the latter's harvest much further off.

Wheat was still under the influence of Chicago, where manipulation has full sway, and this made another flat and uninteresting market, with slight changes in values. Firmer cables, continued wet weather and other bull items that turned up were simply side issues and affected the general market but slightly, while the way the clique held June in Chicago, and through it the long options, kept all other markets on a strain and prevented much off any decline. There was some weakness late in the session, when it looked as though the other markets were about to take a tumble, but became strong again, and the close was firm at ⅛@¼c under yesterday for the new crop months and ¼c higher for May and June. Spot No. 2 red was firm and higher, several 5,000 lots selling to speculators at 85¾@86c; there was an export inquiry, but the demand did not succeed in getting any. No. 3 red sold at 82c in E. and for U. 81⅛c bid.

Corn—The announcement in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH that the enormous amount of 500,000 bu No. 2 had been bought for export proved to have a very strengthening effect upon the market, enough of a demand springing up to advance paices, even when other markets were weak and lower. June sold ½c higher, but July only gained ⅛c, though chiefly traded in. Spot No. 2 was wanted, an exporter trying to buy 300,000, but did not get it, though willing to pay the July price for it. At this rate most of the sales were made in car lots to local and order buyers. No. 2, 37¾c in M., 38c in C. and held at 38c late; No. 3, 37c East side, 37½c in M.; No. 4, 36½c bid this side; No. 2 white, 42c in M. and C. and bid for St. L.; No. 3 do, 40c bid.

Oats futures dull and buyers still so wide apart that nothing was done, but the trade was entirely indifferent. Grades sold in a small way to the order trade. No. 2 at 27⅝c in M. and 27¾c in St. L. and A., and No. 3 at 27¼c in A.

Rye—Grade No. 2 held at 58c and 57c bid.

Flour quiet, but with the best grades in demand and strong, extra fancy being especially sought after. Patents, $4.15@4.40; straights, $3.90@4; clears, $3.45@3.80; mediums, $2.90@3.10; low grades, $2.40@2.70. Quotations of the St. Louis Flour Dealers' Association were: XX, $2.40@2.50; XXX, $2.75@2.90; family, $3.05@3.20; choice, $3.45@3.60; fancy, $3.75@3.95; extra do, $3.90@4.10; patents at $4.15@4.40. These prices are for lots on arrival at the depot or levee; order lots higher.

Rye Flour—Quiet at $3@3.15 per bbl.

Cornmeal—Firm at $2.20@2.25 for city orders del.; pearl meal, $2.50@2.60; grits and hominy, $2.70@2.80.

Bran in demand and firm. Sacked, 69c at country point, 77c at mill, 76@78c E. track; bulk, 68c at country point.

Hay firm and in good local demand. Prairie at $8@9 for Illinois and $10@12 for Kansas. Mixed timothy, $9@11; prime to fancy timothy, $11@14.50, top rate for large bales. East track stock 50c@$1 lower than this side.

Provisions—There was a good business done on direct orders in dry salt meats and bacon, but otherwise the market was quiet. Up country dry salt c'ribs were offered to arrive at 7.85c c. and f. here, but as spot is and has been offering and selling 15@20c below these rates, nothing can be done. Boxed dry longs, 7⅛c; c'ribs, 7¼c, and shorts, 7⅝c; loose f. o. b. on cash orders, 5.70c; longs, 7.15c; c'ribs, 7¼c; shorts, 7.45c. Packed bacon—Shoulders, 6¼@6⅛c; longs, 7.80@7.90c; c'ribs, 7⅞@7.95c; shorts, 8@8¼c. Old standard, $14, and new hard side, $15.75. Prime steam lard, packed, 6.30c bid; fancy leaf, 7½c; second brands, 7⅛c. Country lard, 5¾@6c ₱ lb for small lots in irregular packages. C. s. c. hams, 11¼@14c. Breakfast bacon, 9@10c. Country bacon—Hams, 8@10c; sides, 8c; shoulders, 5½@6c. Beef—Family, $6.50@8 per bbl., on orders higher; $4.25@4.75 per half bbl.; dried, 12@14c; selected, 15c per lb; smoked tongues, $4.25@5 per dozen. Tallow—Choice, 3¾c in oil bbls.; No. 2, 3@3¼c; in irregular packages ¼c less; choice cake, 3⅞@4c. Grease—Brown, 2½@2¾c; yellow, 3@3¼c; white, 3½@4c; straight lots held higher. Salt—Domestic, 90c per bbl on E., and 95c this side. Ground alum, $1.10@1.15 per sack; small way higher.

Highwines unchanged at $1.05 in St. Louis, Cincinnati and Peoria, $1.10 in Chicago.

Lead traders are stirred up just now by some developments in the market that portend considerably higher prices, if not an actual squeeze. It is speculative manipulation that has obtained a grip on the market, and the power behind it all is that famous operator, N. Corinth, commonly called "King Corinth," and the most extensive and daring operator in the lead markets of this country. For a long time past this dealer has laid low, making no attempts to work the market, but within the past ten days he began buying in New York, starting in at $4.30, until by yesterday he paid $4.50 for 1,000 tons. Nearly, if not all of this lead was bought in Western centres, and it is claimed that these points, including St. Louis, have sold enough lead to keep them busy supplying this New York buyer for the next sixty days, this leaving none for the actual manufacturers of the different markets. Hence it seems probable that corroders will be forced to apply to this buyer or his representatives in order to secure supplies; this is where the squeeze comes in. Yesterday about 800 tons sold here, nearly all of which was refined, and chiefly at $4.20, and today 400 tons refined at same rate, but most sellers demanded $4.25.

St. Louis Afternoon Board.

A weakening off in Chicago gave local bears a chance to hammer wheat, and they depressed it ¼@½c, but strengthened some later and closed firm. Corn dull and weaker.

Cotton.

It looks as though speculation had called a halt on the bull side, none of the market having shown any rampant advance for a long time, now. The trade seems to be considering, too, that the movement is small and supplies of American cotton smaller than a year ago, yet there is enough coming forward and on hand to supply legitimate requirements, the world's visible supply of all kinds exceeds the visible of a year ago and speculation is in that dormant between seasons condition that makes a market without snap or life. Of course manipulation may take hold of the long side and bull the staple, but without that there seems apparently little hope for any good advance just now. To-day Liverpool reported spots hardening in price and arrivals generally 1-64d better, but in Manchester both cloths and yarns were dull, with little doing in cloths and yarns favoring buyers. New York spots were steady and firm, and futures showed little change, closing 1@2 points above yesterday. The local market was firm, and 100 bales sold.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary, 7⅞c; ordinary, 8½c; good ordinary, 9¼c; low middling, 9⅞c; middling, 10⅜; good middling, 10⅝c; middling fair, 11⅛c; fair, —; stained, ⅝@⅜c below white.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS.—Gross receipts to-day, 152 bales; since September 1, 1886, 412,931 bales, against 459,371 same time last year; shipment to-day, 345 bales; since September 1, 1886, 409,611 bales, against 412,745 bales same time last year. Stock in compresses and warehouses to-day, 13,337 bales, against 48,235 bales.

CLOSING PRICES—3 P. M.

NEW YORK—Futures closed dull, but steady; May, 10.78c; June, 10.82c; July, 10.84c; August, 10.86c; September, 10.49c; October, 10c; November, 9.87c; December, 9.86c; January, 9.92c; February, 9.98c; March, 10.05c. Sales, 19,200 bales.

LIVERPOOL—Uplands, 5¾d; Orleans, 5¾d. Sales, 10,000 bales. Futures closed steady; May and June, 5 47-64d; June and July, 5 47-64d; July and August, 5 49-64d; August and September, 5 50-64d; September and October, 5 40-64d; October and November, 5 31-64d; November and December, 5 28-64d; September, 5 51-64d.

Country Produce.

STRAWBERRIES—Lower and dull; supply larger and berries rather poor; Arkansas, $1.50@2.25; Kentucky, Illinois and Missouri, $2.50@3.50 per 6-gallon case; home-grown, 75@90c per gallon.

NEW VEGETABLES—Green peas, 65c per ½-bu and $1.50 per bu; cucumbers, 30@50c per doz.; new potatoes, $2.50@2.60 per ¼-bbl sack, $5@5.25 per bbl; turnips, $1.50@2 per bbl; string beans, $1@1.25 per bu and 75@90c per 3-peck box; cabbage, $2.50@4 per crate; squash, 25@40c per doz.; onions, $1 per ½-bbl sack.

BUTTER—Receipts, 8,500 lbs. Offerings in excess of demand and market quiet and easy. We quote: Creamery—Choice and fancy, 18@20c. Dairy—Common and near-by make, 7@10c; medium and good, 12@14; choice and fancy, 15@17c.

BUTTERINE—(Revenue license necessary to handle this article)—Creamery, 17½c; choice dairy, 15c; dairy, 12½c.

CHEESE—Wisconsin, full cream, 12½c; Illinois, do, 11½c; skims, 3c for common and 7@8c choice; Young America, 12¾c.

EGGS—Receipts, 756 pkgs. Quiet and unchanged at 8c per doz.

LIVE POULTRY—Chickens quiet; turkeys dull. Old chickens ranged at $2.00@2.25 for cocks; $2.35@2.50 for mixed, to $2.60@2.75 for hens; springs, slow sale at 75c@$1.50 for small to fair sale at $2.50@3 for choice large per doz; turkeys at 6c per lb. Live pigeons, $1.50 per doz.

VEALS—Dull; choice fat sold at 5½@6c; poor at 4½@5c, and heretics at 3@3½c.

GRASS SEED—Clover quotable at $3.50@3.75; timothy at $1.55@1.65; German millet and common millet, 55@65c; red top at 25@35c; Hungarian at 70@75c.

HEMPSEED—Quotable at 85c pure test.

FLAXSEED—Worth $1.01 pure test.

CASTOR BEANS—Prime are worth $1.20.

HIDES—Dull and easy. We quote: Green salted No. 1 at 7¾c; No. 2 at 6½c; bull and stag, 5c; uncured, 1c per lb less than cured; glue, 3c. Dry flint—No. 1 at 15c; No. 2 at 12c; damaged, 10c; glue, 7c.

SHEEP PELTS—Green, 40c@$1 for fair to choice large; 25@70c for dry; 25@50c for small lamb skins; shearings, green, 15@20c; dry, 5c; dry fallen, 9@10c.

DEER SKINS—Prime dry, 21c; salted, damaged and meaty, 15@16c.

FEATHERS—Quiet. We quote: Prime live geese (white) at 40c in large sacks and 41c in small sacks (stock largely gray 5c per lb less than prime white); unripe, quilly, etc., 30@32c; mixed and old, 10@30c; chickens (dry picked), 4@5c; duck, 20c; tare 3 and 10 per cent.

BEESWAX—Steady at 20c for choice.

BROOM CORN—Quiet. Quote, straight common, 2½@2¾c; choice, 3@3½c; crooked, half price.

WOOL—Receipts, 79,890 lbs. Firm and in demand. Choice grades medium in most urgent demand and other classes sell freely. We quote (1@3c less for untied and broken):

UNWASHED—STATES.	Medium.	Coarse braid.	Low. sandy.
Mo., Ill., Ark., etc	25 @26	18@22	16@19
Kansas and Nebraska	21 @23	16@19	14@16
Texas & Indian Territory 12 mo.	24 @25	18@21	16@18
Texas & Indian Territory 6 to 8 mo.	21 @23	16@18	13@16
Colorado, New Mexico, etc	20 @22	17@19	13@17
Montana, Wyoming, etc.	20 @22	17@20	15@18

UNWASHED—STATES.	Fine. Light.	Fine. Heavy.
Missouri, Illinois, Arkansas, etc	20 @22	17 @19
Kansas and Nebraska	19 @21	15 @17
Texas and Indian Territory 12 mo.	21 @23	17 @20
Texas and Indian Territory 6 to 8 mo.	20 @21	14 @17
Colorado, New Mexico, etc	20 @21	16 @17
Montana, Wyoming, etc	20 @21	15 @18

Burry, Chaffy and Cotted—Slightly, 2c to 3c off; moderately, 4c to 5c off; hard, 11c to 14c ₱ lb; black, 16@22c. Tub—Choice, 36@36½c; fair, 33@35c; low, 30@32c. Sacks once used, 20c; old and Texas, 10c. Tare, 3½ lbs; Texas, 2½@3 lbs.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, May 17.—Wheat ⅛@¼c higher and moderately active; receipts, 365,100 bu; sales, 224,000 bu No. 2 red, May, 97 1-16@97¼c; 896,000 bu do June, 96 11-16@97 1-16c; 472,000 bu do July, 95¾@96⅛c; 128,000 bu do August, 93¼@93⅝c; 96,000 bu do September, 93⅜@93½c; 296,000 bu do December, 95¾@96⅛c. Corn a shade easier and dull; receipts, 28,050 bu; sales, 120,000 bu; mixed western spot, 48½@49¼c; do futures, 48@50¾c. Oats a shade lower and heavy; receipts, 614,000 bu; sales, 110,000 bu; Western, 34@41c. Beef dull; new extra mess, $8.50@9. Pork steady; new mess, $16; old do, $15.25@15.50. Lard stronger; steam rendered, 7.72½c. Butter dull and weak; Western, 12@21½c. Eggs; Western fresh, 12½@13c. Sugar quiet and unchanged. Molasses steady; 50 test 20c. Coffee dull, weak; fair Rio, 18¾c; good do, 19c; prime do, 19¼c. Turpentine dull at 35c.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 17, 11 a. m.—Wheat started in with a rush at 89c for June and sold to 89⅛@89¼c. Ten minutes after the start it had dropped back to the vicinity of 88⅝@88¾c, but was active and irregular. The trading at the start was very general and the clique brokers apparently did very little. June wheat is now quoted at 88⅝c. June corn, 39¼c. June oats, 27c. June pork, $21. June lard, 6.75c.

1 p. m.—After the first rush the June option for wheat declined to 88½c. Early buying was done for outside orders, the clique taking no part in the market. Prices fluctuated between 88½c and 89c. Cash, 87 13-16c; June, 88 13-16c; July, 86⅛c. Corn steady; cash, 38¾c; June, 39⅝c; July, 41 7-16c. Oats steady; cash, 26⅛c; June, 27 1-16c; July, 28⅛c. Rye, 56c. Barley, none. Prime timothy, $1.71. Flaxseed, $1.10@1.12. Whiskey, $1.10. Pork easy; cash and June, $20.50. Lard easy; cash, 6.67½c; June, 6.72½@6.75c; July, 6.82½c. Short ribs—June, 7.17½c. Butter easy; creamery, 16@19c; dairy, 15@17c. Eggs 11c.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 17.—Wheat—Western higher and dull; No. 2 winter red spot, 95¼@96⅝c; May, 96@96¼c; June, 95¾@96c; July, 93⅞@94¼c; August, 91¾@92¼c. Corn—Western higher for spot; firm; mixed spot, 48¼c bid; May, 49½c asked; June, 48¼@48¾c; July, 48½@49c. Oats—Steady; Western white, 36@39c; do mixed, 34@35c. Provisions quiet and steady. Coffee lower and quiet; Rio cargoes, ordinary to fair, 18⅛@18½c. Other articles unchanged. Receipts—Flour, 9,214 bbls; wheat, 86,400 bu; corn, 2,800 bu; oats, 100 bu. Shipments—Flour, 12,327 bbls; wheat, 16,000 bu; corn, 12,400 bu.

NEW ORLEANS, May 17.—Flour firmer. Cornmeal quiet at $2.40. Corn quiet; mixed, 51@52c; yellow, 53c; white, 56c. Oats steady; No. 2, 37c. Bran steady and unchanged. Hay easier at $15.50@16.50; $14.50@15 for prime. Provisions dull. Pork nominally $16.50. Cut meats—Shoulders, 5.87½c; sides, 7.50c. Bacon, 6⅜@8¼c; l. c. s., 8⅛@8¼c. Hams—Choice sugar-cured, 11½@11¾c. Lard—Refined, tcs, 6⅝c. Whisky firm and unchanged. Exchange on New York, 50@75c premium; sight, $1.50 premium. Cotton—Spot quiet; net receipts, 411 bales; gross, 411 bales.

KANSAS CITY, May 17.—The Daily Indicator reports: Wheat—Receipts, none; shipments, none; in store, 161,473 bu; stronger; No. 2 red cash, 71¾c bid; June, 71½c bid; July, 72c bid, 73c asked; No. 2 soft cash, 78c bid, 79c asked. Corn—Receipts, none; shipments, 150 bu; in store, 102,779 bu; steady; No. 2 cash, 34¾c bid, 35¼c asked; June sales at 34⅛c; July, 34⅞c bid, 35c asked; No. 2 white cash, no bids; June, 35c bid. Oats—No. 2 cash, sales at 29¼c. Rye—No bids nor offerings. Eggs stronger at 10c per doz. Butter unchanged. Hay unchanged.

DETROIT, Mich., May 17.—Wheat—No. 1 white cash, 89⅜c; Michigan red cash, 89¾c; No. 2 red, cash and May, 89½c; June, 88¾c; July, 87c; August, 85¾c bid. Corn, 42½c. Oats—No. 2 30¼c bid; No. 2 white, 33c asked. Cash Cloverseed, $4. Receipts—Wheat, 10,700 bu; corn, 318,000 bu; oats, 9,000 bu.

CINCINNATI, May 17—Flour firm. Wheat strong, 87c. Corn quiet, 42@42½c. Oats steady, 30¼c. Rye firm, 65@66c. Pork quiet, $16. Lard firmer, 6.60c. Bulk meats firmer; short-rib, 720. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Whisky steady; sales, 1,030 barrels finished goods on a basis of $1.05.

TOLEDO, May 17.—Wheat steady, quiet; No. 2 regular, 89½c; Lake Shore, 90c; May, 89¼c; June, 89c; July, 87½c; August, 85½c. Corn steady; cash May, 41c; July, 42½c. Cloverseed steady; cash, $4.10.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., May 17.—Wheat quiet; cash, 83c; June, 83¾c; July, 84⅛c. Corn weaker; No. 3, 41c. Oats lower; No. 2 white, 30¼c. Rye weak; No. 1, 56c. Barley steady; No. 2, 56c.

Oil and Petroleum.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 17.—The petroleum market was active. Prices opened at 63⅞c, advanced to 64¼c, declined to 62⅞c at 1 o'clock.

CLEVELAND, O., May 17.—Petroleum quiet; S. W., 110, 7c.

WILMINGTON, N. C., May 17.—Turpentine firm at 32c.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, May 17, 3:30 p. m.—Close—Pork is in fair demand; prime mess Eastern, 67s, steady; do Western, 62s, steady. Lard is in more demand; spot and May, 34s 9d, steady; June and July, 35s, steady. Wheat is in fair demand; new No. 2 winter, 7s 5d, firm; do spring, 7s 3d. Flour is in fair demand, 9s 10d, firm. Corn is in poor demand; spot, May, June and July, 4s 1¾d, dull.

LIVE STOCK.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses and Mules.
Receipts	1,525	4,514	1,128	364
Shipments	502	212	42	449

CATTLE—Business to-day was slow to open and trade during most of the forenoon was quiet. A fairly steady feeling prevailed, and the few sales reported were made at about steady prices. Receipts were rather light at the outset but towards noon quite a string of cattle arrived, a large proportion of which were Texans, the most of which remained unsold up to noon. Natives were not very plentiful but those that sold brought unchanged prices. The basis for sales was as follows:

RULING QUOTATIONS.—Good to choice native shippers, $4.60@4.85; fair medium, $4.10@4.50; common, $3.75@4.00; butchers' steers, fair to choice, $3.75@4.40; common, $3.65@3.85; cows and heifers, fair to choice, $2.50@3.75; common, $2.30@2.35; feeding steers, $3.50@4.25; stockers, $2.50@3.65; native bulls, $2.00@3.00; veals, calves, $5.00@10.00 pad.

Representative sales:

UNION STOCK YARDS.

Daily report of sales of cattle, St. Louis, May 17, '87.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
21	Southwest steers	900	$3 90
20	Southwest steers	894	3 90
22	Southwest scalawags	502	2 25
18	Southwest scalawags	480	2 00
19	fair dairy cows	1,069	3 40
10	fair dairy cows	902	3 25
11	good dairy cows	1,110	3 60
17	fair native cows and calves, $34.50 each.		
23	fair native cows and calves, $31 each.		
280	retail, from $2.75 to $4.37½.		

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
22	Southwest butchers	959	$4 05
21	native cows	954	3 70
9	native heifers	746	2 70
22	Texas mixed	689	2 75
19	Texas steers	853	3 40
21	Texas steers	835	3 50
40	Texas steers	863	3 35
19	Texas steers	820	3 15
24	Texas steers	849	3 45
23	Texas steers	788	3 25
19	native steers	1,180	4 45
16	native steers	1,426	4 55
18	native steers	935	4 00
24	native yearlings	793	4 05
21	Arkansas feeders	1,053	3 70
16	native steers	1,431	4 45

HOGS—There was quite a reaction in this market yesterday, and the general situation was very much improved. The demand was active, and in some respects partook of urgency. The feeling was stronger, and prices were better all round. Good medium and best heavy hogs such as are in request by city butchers, were in demand and a shade stronger, the prices paid ranging from $4.70@4.85, but were quoted as high as $4.95, and $5 was said to have been bid for a closely assorted bunch. Packers sold at $4.60@4.75. Yorkers and light hogs were in demand and can be quoted 5c to 10c higher at $4.55@4.70; lights mixed selling to speculators at $4.35@4.65, and shipping pigs, $4.25@4.35. The close was steady.

Representative sales:

UNION STOCK YARDS.

Daily Live Stock Report of Sales of Hogs, May 17, '87.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
44	180	$4 65	60	201	$4 75
38	201	4 75	28	240	4 90
50	236	4 85	45	184	4 50
44	152	4 60	27	297	4 85
40	177	4 55	75	185	4 75
59	194	4 75	86	184	4 65
77	206	4 80	88	162	4 40
28	167	4 45	58	240	4 80
69	214	4 85	67	215	4 85
43	176	4 65	55	193	4 70
61	218	4 85	71	212	4 85
51	189	4 70	64	212	4 75

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
33	224	$4 75	14	195	$4 65
64	222	4 70	88	148	4 35
53	263	4 85	82	118	4 15
13	252	4 70	17	173	4 70
69	217	4 75	139	218	4 70
49	200	4 62½	55	217	4 75
66	100	4 60	45	162	4 60
52	166	4 60	69	217	4 75
35	152	4 35	73	205	4 00
75	183	4 45	167	133	4 35
140	190	4 65	15	142	4 25
85	221	4 80	52	260	4 85
54	200	4 60	70	172	4 45
68	191	4 55	74	197	4 60
75	202	4 60	67	194	4 60
17	187	4 70	36	248	4 80
19	206	4 80	62	206	4 80

SHEEP—Quiet but about steady. Supplies light and largely poor in quality; demand only fair.

FURNITURE CONSUMERS Can BUY as CHEAP as DEALERS

At Our Immense Factory and Salesroom, Cor. Third and Locust.

Bed-Room SUITS

For $18, $25, $30, $40, $50, $60, $70 up to $550.

Beautiful designs, exquisite workmanship.

In all branches of trade are always found those who seldom find prices and values to their liking, and we are in hopes of

BUY FROM THE MAKER.



CATCHING the EAR

Dining-Room SUITS

For $20, $30, $40, $50, $60, $70 up to $725.

Ash, Antique Oak, Walnut and Mahogany.

Of all such, as we feel ourselves fully prepared this season to meet the requirements of the most exacting, our prices being extremely low.

GUERNSEY FURNITURE Co., THIRD and LOCUST.

Our Immense Factory and Salesroom are Lighted by Electric Light.

Horses and Mules.

HORSES.	
Heavy draft, extra	$160@225
Heavy draft, good	130@150
Saddlers, extra	150@200
Saddlers, good	90@125
Drivers, extra	175@225
Drivers, good	110@140
Streeters, extra	115@135
Streeters, good	85@100
Plugs, good to extra	30@ 55
Plugs, common	15@ 25
MULES.	
14 hands, 4 to 7 years	75@ 80
14½ hands, 4 to 7 years	80@ 90
15 hands, 4 to 7 years	110@120
15½ hands, medium	120@130
15½ hands, extra	140@150
16 to 16½ hands, medium	130@140
16 to 16½ hands, extra	175@190

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, May 17.—Hogs—Receipts, 12,000 head; market active and firm, 10@15c higher; pigs, $3.70@4.40; light, $4.45@4.55; rough packing, $4.55@4.85; mixed and heavy packing and shipping, $4.80@5.15. Cattle—Receipts, 6,000 head; market active and strong; beeves, $4@5; cows, $2@3.90; stockers, $3@4.20. Sheep—Receipts, 4,500 head; market slow and easier; shorn, $3@4.20; wooled, $4@4.85; lambs, $4.75@6.

STOCK YARDS, KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 17.—Receipts—Cattle, 2,326 head; hogs, 9,825 head. Cattle market strong and higher. Hogs, 5@10c higher and active. Bulk about $4.50@4.60.

THE WEATHER.

Weather Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. ARMY,
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 17, 1887.

The following observations are taken at 7 a. m., 75th meridian time:

Stations.	Barom.	Therm.	Change in 24 h	Wind.	Rainfall in 9 h.	State of Weather.
Jacksonville, Fla.	Miss.	..	....	......	....	....
Vicksburg	30.08	70	† 2	Calm	....	Fair.
New Orleans	30.02	68	..	SW	....	Fair.
Shreveport	30.08	66	- 2	Calm	...	Foggy.
Little Rock	30.06	66	† 2	SW	....	Cloudy.
Galveston	30.08	72	- 4	E	....	Cloudy.
Memphis	30.04	68	....	W	....	Fair.
Nashville	30.04	68	† 4	W	...	Fair.
Louisville	30.00	66	....	SE	..	Cloudy.
Indianapolis	30.02	64	† 4	SW	*—	Lt. Rain.
Cincinnati	30.02	62	- 2	Calm	....	Cloudy.
Pittsburg, Pa	30.00	56	..	NW	....	Foggy.
Marquette, Mich	30.22	48	- 6	NW	....	Clear.
Chicago	30.08	46	- 6	N	.15	Lt. Rain.
Duluth, Minn.	30.32	38	- 8	NW	....	Fair.
St. Paul	30.32	60	† 6	NW	....	Clear.
La Crosse, Wis	30.24	50	- 2	N	....	Cloudy.
Davenport, Io.	30.08	67	- 2	N	...	Cloudy.
Cairo, Ill.	30.02	68	† 2	Calm	....	Fair.
St. Louis	30.04	64	- 4	NW	.22	Threat'g
Leavenworth	30.22	52	-12	N	.17	Cloudy.
Omaha, Neb.	30.24	44	-16	N	....	Clear.
Moorhead, Minn.	30.38	38	- 2	SW	...	Cloudy.
St. Vincent	30.34	36	....	S	....	Clear.
Bismarck, Dak.	30.42	34	- 2	Calm	...	Clear.
Ft. Buford	30.32	36	† 2	S	....	Fair.
Ft. Assinaboine	Miss.	..	....	......	....	....
Deadwood, Dak.	30.46	40	....	SW	....	Cloudy.
North Platte	30.44	42	-10	N	....	Fair.
Denver	30.32	44	- 2	N	...	Foggy.
W. Las Animas	30.30	48	- 4	E	.02	Cloudy.
Dodge City, Kan.	30.32	48	-16	N	...	Cloudy.
Ft. Elliott, Tex.	Miss.	..	....	......	....	....
El Paso, Tex.	30.06	66	....	SE	...	Clear.
Salt Lake City	29.94	66	†20	E	...	Clear.
San Francisco	Miss.	..	....	......	....	....

Dash (*—) indicates rainfall inappreciable; † indicates rise; - indicates fall; * thunder storm.

D. B. NOTSON,
Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 17.—Indications for twenty-four hours commencing at 3 p. m. to-day:

For Illinois—Colder, local rains, followed by warmer, fair weather on Wednesday; northwesterly winds, becoming variable.

For Iowa—Fair weather; colder northwesterly winds to-day, followed by warmer, southerly winds Wednesday.

For Missouri—Colder, threatening weather, with local rains, followed by clearing weather; northerly winds becoming variable.

For Kansas and Nebraska—Generally fair weather; variable winds, stationary temperature, followed by warmer, southeasterly winds on Wednesday.

A hurricane of slight energy was reported Monday morning from Havana, Cuba, as moving in a westerly direction. Vessels sailing from gulf ports are cautioned for the next thirty-two hours.

The Upper Ohio River and the Mississippi River from Cairo to Vicksburg will continue slowly falling, and at New Orleans will remain about stationary.

River Telegrams.

CAIRO, Ill., May 17.—Arrived: City of Providence, Vicksburg, 10 a. m.; Alice Brown, St. Louis, 3 a. m.; Alex. Swift, Ohio, 6; Paris C. Brown, Cincinnati, 8. Departed: City of Baton Rouge, New Orleans, 9 p. m.; Providence, St. Louis, 2 a. m.; Sam Clark, St. Louis, 5. River 24 feet 9 inches and falling. Weather cloudy and warm.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., May 17.—River 19 feet 4 inches and rising. Arrived: Clyde, from Tennessee River; DeSoto, from Cincinnati; Granite State, from Memphis. Weather cloudy and warm.

CINCINNATI, May 17.—River 28 feet 3 inches and falling. Cloudy. Thermometer, 73. Arrived: Sherley, Wheeling; Fashion, Louisville, to take the Gen. Pike's place in the Pittsburg trade.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 17.—River falling; 9 feet 11 inches on the canal and 7 feet 9 inches on the falls. Weather warm, partly cloudy.

WHEELING, W. Va., May 17.—River 7 feet 6 inches and falling. Departed—Batchelor, Pittsburg, 8 a. m. Clear and pleasant.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 17.—River falling. No arrivals or departures. Weather clear.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 17.—River 4 feet 8 inches and falling. Clear and pleasant.

RIVER TRANSPORTATION.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

St. Louis and New Orleans Anchor Line.

U. S. MAIL AND BONDED LINE.

Packets for Natchez, Bayou Sara, Baton Rouge and New Orleans leave Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Str. CITY OF ST. LOUIS........ O'Neal, Master
Leaves Wednesday May 18, at 5 p. m.

Packets for Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman, Memphis, Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Str. BELLE MEMPHIS...... Geo. Baker, Master
Will leave Tuesday, May 17, at 5 p. m.

Packet for Ste. Genevieve, St. Mary's, Chester, Wittenburg and Grand Tower.

Str. E. C. ELLIOT........ Lenox, Master
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4 p. m.

D. T. PRATHER, Agent.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

St. Louis & Clarksville Packet Company.

For War Eagle, Milan, Hastings, Cap au Gris, Hamburg, Mosiers and Clarksville.

BALD EAGLE.

Leaves Wednesday and Saturdays, at 4 p. m., from foot of Vine street. Telephone 1,615. L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent.

For Alton, Portage, Jersey Landing and Grafton.

Str. SPREAD EAGLE

Leaves daily at 5 p. m.
For freight rates apply on board or to L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent.

F. W. GUERIN, Photographer,
TWELFTH AND WASHINGTON AV.,
Will make you a Life-Size Crayon in an Ornamental Frame, Complete for $15.

CITY NEWS.

Tailoring.

Don't make the mistake of ordering your clothes at the exclusive merchant tailors and paying two prices for them, when you can make just half their cost by leaving your measure at the popular tailoring department of D. Crawford & Co., who show by far the largest and finest selection of new imported and domestic woolens in the city, and who guarantee the best trimmings and workmanship, and no fit no sale! Try this house once. It will be an agreeable revelation to you!

Spring, 1887.

B. H. Brownell, Tailor and Importer, will be pleased to have gentlemen call and inspect his spring importations of novelties. Wedding outfits a specialty. 716 Olive st.

Dr. E. C. Chase,

922 Olive street. Set of teeth, $8.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles, cures diseases of indiscretion, indulgences. Call or write.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

WILL PACK THE MEETING.

A Stormy Session of the American Board of Congregationalists Expected.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., May 17.—The Congregationalists of the country will be surprised to learn that several of the adherents of the ''Old Theology'' doctrine in their religion, have adopted measures to ''pack'' the meeting of the American Board, to be held in Springfield in October next. The following circular has been sent to all the members of the Yale Theological School Alumni who favor the Old School Congregationalism:

DEAR SIR—The next annual meeting of the American Board will be held in Springfield, Mass., commencing on Tuesday, the 4th day of October next. There is good reason to think that at this meeting there will be vigorous efforts made to change the policy of the Board with reference to sending out teachers of other doctrines than those which are commonly held by our church; or, failing in this, to induce the Board to resign to other bodies the duty of deciding upon the theological qualifications of candidates for its service. It is evident that to do either of these things would be to condemn the present management of the Board and revolutionize it; to change its constitution; to take away all guaranty of the purity of its religious teaching; to alter its relation to the church; to subject it to suspicion and distrust, and to seriously injure and perhaps destroy it. In view of these things the management appointed a committee to take such measures as may be deemed wise, and especially to secure as full attendance as possible of the friends of the present management and policy of the Board at the next annual meeting. In the discharge of this duty this committee, in the belief that you favor the ancient and traditional policy of the Board, respectfully present to your consideration the importance of your being at the meeting and of your arranging your plans for the summer with that end in view. If ever the cause of Christ needed your help it needs it now. We hope that nothing will prevent you from being present at the meeting. Will you be so kind as to inform us whether we may confidently rely upon your being present, Providence permitting. In behalf of many friends of the Board and evangelical truth.''

New Haven, May 17, 1887.

The letter was signed by the Rev. John Todd, New Haven; Rev. Burdett Hart, Fair Haven, Conn., and Rev. Michael Burnham, Springfield, Mass. The Alumni of the Yale Theological School meet Wednesday, and it is supposed that the Hume affair will be discussed at the meeting, and it was to the members of the Alumni of this school that the circular was particularly addressed.

BOYS' SUITS MADE TO ORDER FOR $10, $12, $15 AND $18, ACCORDING TO THE AGE AND SIZE OF THE BOY.

We are making boys' clothing to order at very low prices, as we wish to introduce the system of having your boys' clothing made to order prevail in St. Louis as it does in such cities as Boston, New York and Chicago.

MILLS & AVERILL,
S. E. Cor. Broadway and Pine.

STAGE STRUCK.

The Troubles Which Cause Mrs. Hawkins to Figure in Divorce Proceedings.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, May 17.—S. E. Hawkins of Babylon, Long Island, has brought suit for absolute divorce from his wife Caroline. Pending the suit Referee Feitner was appointed to fix the amount of alimony, and counsel was to be allowed the be defendant by her husband. In his report Mr. Feitner fixes the amount of alimony at $12 per week and awards her $200 as counsel fees. Mrs. Hawkins, who is the adopted daughter of the late Henry Placid, the comedian, is a very handsome woman. She was married to Mr. Hawking less than four years ago. For a long time previous to her marriage her health was very poor. At times she was hardly responsible for her acts, her malady affecting her mind. A child was born to them, but the mother's ill health grew worse, so that it became impossible to trust her to care for her household. Her child was neglected, and eventually it became necessary to place the unfortunate woman in the care of friends. About a year ago she was sent to New York City. She developed a desire to go on the stage. This phase of her dementia drove her to seeking interviews with theatrical managers with a view to securing an engagement, but when they learned of her troubles they would not enter into negotiations. For many years, in early life, she was thrown into the society of actors and actresses, acquaintances of her father, and in this way imbibed the fancy that developed into a passion in later years. Her husband in his complaint alleges infidelity. She denies the charges, and on her own part asks for a limited divorce, alleging cruel treatment. The case will come up next month.

ONLY $5.00 PER SET.

Solid silver teaspoons, four different patterns from which to select. Call at once and purchase.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Cor. Fourth and Locust.

☞ *Solid Silver Thimbles, 25 cents each.*

SMUGGLING ON THE BORDER.

A Bigamous Count Fined—Fatal Duel—Business Block Burned—Texas Topics.

SAN ANTONIO, May 17.—The Mexican Minister has made complaint to the United States authorities of armed organizations on the Texas border for the purpose of introducing smuggled goods into Mexico. The officials, however, deny that any smuggling is going on except in petty cases. Count Emil Carl Friedrich Guenther Von Schwarzenburg, who was indicted for bigamy, was allowed to plead guilty yesterday on one count and was fined $500.

LAREDO, May 17.—Higinio Garcia was arrested yesterday on a ranch for killing J. Olvarado in a duel concerning a young girl. The duel took place two months since at San Ignacio and the arrest was at the instance of the father of Olvarado.

MARSHALL, May 17.—A business block in the vicinity of the freight depot was destroyed by fire yesterday. The property was covered by insurance.

1,000 Clocks $1.20 to $100. The finest and most complete stock ever shown. Buy your clocks from the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., corner Fourth and Locust.

WILL BAR FORD.

THE MISSOURI ATHLETIC CLUB ABIDES BY THE N. A. A. A. A. DECISION.

The All-Around Athlete Shut Out in St. Louis—The National League Anxious to Absorb St. Louis and Cincinnati—Something About the World's Champions—Description of the Brooklyn Handicap—Base Ball Chaff and Chat—Turf Matters—Sporting Gossip.

The new developments in the case of Malcolm W. Ford, the all-around athlete, published in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH, were read with much interest by those interested in athletics in this city. One statement therein, however, which was made by New York parties was not exactly correct. It was to the effect that the Missouri Amateur Athletic Club would permit Ford to take part in its games, pending the result of the test case which he is about to make, and notwithstanding the expulsion of Ford by the National Association from the ranks of the amateurs. Speaking of this matter to-day

MR. GEORGE RHODES,

the vice-president of the club, said to a reporter of the POST-DISPATCH: ''Mr. Ford has the profound sympathy of all the members of the Missouri Club in his present trouble, and they entertain a high personal regard for him as a gentleman and an athlete. At the same time it is clear that the policy of the club must and will constrain it, apart from any friendliness it might have to him, from permitting Mr. Ford to participate in our tournaments. We are members of the National Association, and as such we can only presume that its decision in the case of Mr. Ford is right. At any rate, whatever private opinion we may have of the decision, we must abide by it so far as our games are concerned. Else what is the use of being a member? On this presumption you can readily see that the inference is that if Mr. Ford competed for money (and the N. A. A. A. A. says he did) there is nothing to prevent him from throwing an event. Now we have made a reputation for

HONEST SPORT,

and on that head the people have patronized us and built us up. If we vary from our rules in this regard the people would lose confidence in us, and as a matter of course desert us.''

''How about the Schylkill Navy Club?''

''With them it is altogether different. They are not members of the N. A. A. A. A. and can afford to allow Ford to enter into their games. His immense popularity would only serve as an advertisement for their club.''

The matter was taken up at a meeting of the M. A. A. C. directors last night when it was decided to make public the facts stated by Mr. Rhodes in the above conversation.

THE BROWNS AND THE REDS.

The League Anxious to Abolish These Two American Teams.

The Philadelphia Times says: While there is no truth in the reported deal to transfer the Cincinnati Club to the League at this time, the publication of the canard has served to draw public attention to a matter which must come sooner or later. It will be remembered that at the last meeting of the Arbitration Committee the American Association made a determined effort to have section 6, of the national agreement, so amended as to prohibit a club from jumping from one association into the ranks of another without the consent of all the clubs of the organization to which that club might belong.

The secession of Pittsburg had opened the eyes of the American Association to the danger that continually threatened their territory from the encroachment of the League. Young Watrous of the Metropolitan Club, led the attack for the Association, and he proposed to fight the League upon this issue unless they agreed to the amendment. But the eLague would not agree to it. Watrous then turned to his colleagues, Byrne of Brooklyn and Phelps of Louisville, but they would not support him. ''I am disgusted with the actions of the American Association,'' said Watrous right out in the committee. ''Before I came in here every club in the Association was for war. They wanted this section amended. We were instructed to that effect. Now that I am here I propose to follow out my instructions, but you see, gentlemen of the League, my colleagues will not support me.'' Messrs. Byrne and Phelps were for harmony. So was John I. Rogers, who was looking after the League's interest. ''We don't want to fight,'' said Rogers to Watrous. ''No,'' retorted Watrous, ''you come along and steal my best girl. You don't want to fight, but I do.'' The section was finally amended so that a club desiring to go from one association to another would have to do so in the month of November. This leaves the section about the same as it was before. The American Association territory is still open to the encroachments of the League, and the latter proposes to improve its circuit for next season by the addition of one or two of the Association clubs. The League has its plans already laid. St. Louis or Cincinnati will do to take the place of Indianapolis in 1888, but one of them at least the League must have. Detroit may hold to its League franchise for another season, but under the present guarantee system its chances of financial success after that are not very flattering, and then two clubs will be wanted in the West. The League wants the Browns and the Reds to make its circuit complete and self-sustaining, and the League proposes to keep the national agreement just as it is until it gains its end.

Like Boys' Play.

The Browns won an easy game from the Athletics yesterday, and, in fact, had it won before ''Play'' was called, for the team from the Quaker City was frightened half out of their senses when the Browns came on the field. Weyhing pitched a good game for the visitors except for his wildness, and King pitched a brilliant game for the Browns. He had splendid control of the ball and great speed. It might have been an off-day for Flanagan, but he certainly did not appear to alarming advantage on first base. The record was: Browns—at bat 43; runs, 7; hits, 13; total bases on hits, 17; errors, 2. Athletics—at bat, 32; runs, 2; hits, 7; total bases on hits, 9; errors, 5.

Ball Games Abroad Yesterday.

Association: At Cleveland—Mets, 9; Cleveland, 8.

League: At Washington—Washington, 8; Chicago, 2. At New York—New York, 11; Indianapolis, 8. At Philadelphia—Detroit, 10; Philadelphia, 8. At Boston—Boston, 6; Pittsburg, 2.

Third Athletic Game.

The Athletics and the Browns will play their third game to-morrow at Sportsman's Park. The teams will be placed as below, game called at 4 p. m.:

St. Louis.	Positions.	Athletics.
Foutz	Pitcher	Hart
Bushong	Catcher	Milligan
Comiskey	First base	Flanagan
Robinson	Second base	Bierbauer
Latham	Third base	Lyons
Gleason	Short stop	McGarr
O'Neill	Left field	Larkin
Welch	Center field	Stovey
Sylvester	Right field	Poorman

About the World's Champions.

The recent poor showing made by the Chicago Club has inspired a certain amount of disgust with the team in those who formerly were interested in the matter of the world's championship, and there is now a doubt whether the games between the two cities for the title will be continued in the fall. Speaking of this matter to-day, President Von der Ahe said that the world's championship games next fall would doubtless be played with Detroit instead of Chicago. ''Of course,'' said he, ''I am under contract with the Chicago people to play three games there in October and I will play there of course, but I will also play with Detroit or the League champions, too. Last year Chicago was a first-class club. This year it is a sixth or seventh-class. I would be willing to play three exhibition games in Chicago, just as I would in Jefferson City or Belleville, but not for the world's championship. The world's championship will be played for between the champions of the League and the champions of the American Association of this year.

Diamond Sparks.

The Athletics are carrying four pitchers, and are doing it against the manager's wish. Mr. Bancroft thinks two are sufficient.

Manager Bancroft of the Athletics denounces the scheme to transfer Atkisson, the pitcher, to Cleveland. He says it is a very unwise move.

President Von der Ahe's ambition now is to win twenty-six straight games. To do this the Browns must not lose a game in the present home series.

Harry Weldon filled up the columns of the Enquirer Sunday with a lot of ill-advised palavar about the Browns. Quite a change of sentiment in a week.

Manager Bancroft says the Athletics will pay $7,000 any day in the week for Nat Hudson. If he makes the offer good he probably can secure Hudson, as President Von der Ahe has decided not to sell him to Cincinnati.

Since Kelly went to Boston he is training with very rapid people. A friend of Mike's said the other day: ''Kel's friends in Boston may be rapid, but you can bet that they can't set a pace that Mike can't keep up to.''

The best record of straight games won is very hard to locate. Comiskey says the best record made in either of the big associations was that of seventeen in 1885 by the Browns. The club now lacks but two more games to tie that record.

The Cincinnati Enquirer suggests that the POST-DISPATCH had better leave the Reds alone and take care of the Browns. It may not be out of order to inform the Enquirer that that peerless organization is eminently qualified to take care of itself.

President Von der Ahe deserves the sympathy of the base ball loving public of St. Louis. His club is putting up a game of ball that can beat the world and the weather seems determined to go against him. The weather is the only thing that can make the Browns back out.

Frank Brunell of Cleveland says if the Browns attempt to coach there the ''Babies'' will be taken off the field and kept off until the champions come to their senses. It is safe to predict that the Browns will go to Cleveland, they will coach, and the ''Babies'' will stay right on the field.

The left-handed pitchers are not the terrors they were last year. The new rules place them nearly on the same footing with the right-handed twirlers. Baldwin, Cushman, Morris, Smith, Toole, Ramsey and others are being batted rather hard. Kilroy alone seems to possess a big advantage.

An effort is being made looking to a centralization of power in the hands of President Young, representing the League, and Mr. Byrne of Brooklyn, on behalf of the American Association, to reinstate players without the necessity of having a vote by all the members of the Arbitration Committee on the subject.

Since King, the Browns' tow-headed phenomenon, has turned out so well, nearly a dozen people claim the credit of having picked him out. All these people are making false representations. The first man to recommend King to Mr. Von der Ahe was Bushong, and the ''Doctor'' has never opened his mouth about it since.

The poor Chicagos! Once they were the model of a ball club; great hitters, great base-runners, great run-getters. They were fearless and defiant, and won games by the sheer force of an overpowering confidence in their own abilities and their own superiority over everything that played ball. They won championships until it was an every-day matter with them and victory was theirs before they stepped on the field. What a fall, to be beaten to jelly by an aggregation of error-makers like the Washingtons.

The Cleveland base ball crowds gaze with open-mouthed wonder upon the peculiar shape and still more peculiar performances of ''Kid'' Baldwin, who, feeling evidently that he had a new world to conquer, fairly laid himself out on the Cincinnatis' first appearance in the Forest City this week. The crowds were disposed to guy him upon his coaching, the like of which they had never before listened to. Just wait until the St. Louis Browns arrive in Cleveland and Latham sails in for business. He will fairly paralyze the base ballists of that city.—[Pittsburg Referee.

The Little Diamond.

The C. P. nine defeated the I. R. Sunday by a score of 7 to 2. Ira Reeves did some great batting for the I. R. nine.

The Red Pearls defeated the Rubies yesterday by a score of 2 to 0. The features of the game were the batting of Miller and the catching of Wright.

The Young Kings and the Little Robinsons played yesterday, and the score was 4 to 4 in the last part of the third inning, when the ball was stolen.

The little John Scotts have organized with a first-class nine and would like to hear from all nines under 16 years of age. Address J. Cudmore, No. 2725 Thomas street.

The Dodiers defeated the Meyer shoe factory nine Sunday by the score of 19 to 0. The feature of the game was the battery work of Schuette and Martin, the former striking out thirteen men.

The game between the ''Tower Grove Athletics'' and the ''Little Cousins,'' Sunday, was stopped by rain in the third inning with the score 4 to 1 in favor of the Athletics. The Athletics would be pleased to hear from the ''Little Scotts'' on next Sunday morning. Address, John Powers, 4429 Park avenue.

THE GREAT HANDICAP.

How the Big Brooklyn Event was Lost and Won.

The Brooklyn Jockey Club Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward: $100 each, half forfeit, or only $25 if declared, with $2,500 added, of which $500 to second and $200 to third; one mile and a quarter was run Saturday at the club's opening and is described as follows:

Twenty-two numbers were colored on the card and seventeen horses went to the post. It was a large field, and, judging from the trouble Mr. Sheridan experienced in getting the other fields away, it was thought there would be a long delay in starting. But after four false starts, in which Alf Estill, Fenelon Gen. Nay, Exile and Dry Monopole showed prominently, the flag was dropped and almost simultaneously 10,000 throats made it known that they were off. Exile, who had acted quite rank at the post, was first away, followed by Dry Monopole, Boaz, Richmond and Fenelon. It was a good start, the big field being as close together as it was possible to get them. Twenty yards had scarcely been traversed when Quito stumbled and Free Knight tumbled over him. The riderless horse dashed along with the field, while the unfortunate jockeys were lying in the dust. A furlong from the start Fenelon was the leader, a neck before Dry Monopole, who was half a length in front of Exile, he a length before Himalaya, who led Boaz a neck, with Richmond next and close up. Going past the stand, the first quarter of a mile, the order was Fenelon a length in front of Exile, who was a neck before Dry Monopole, then Blue Wing, Himalaya and Boaz only necks apart. The pace was fast, and of the others in the rear Hidalgo alone appeared to be running easily. At the lower turn Boaz exchanged places with Blue Wing and Wickham, and Hidalgo had moved up closer to the leaders. Running along the back-stretch, Exile appeared to falter, and Hidalgo began to extend himself, and as they rounded the club-house turn, three-quarters of a mile from the start, Fenelon was only half a length in front Dry Monopole, who was a length before Exile, he leading Wickham a neck, then Boaz, Blue Wing and Hidalgo. They were all driving now, and though it was a cracking pace none of the leaders save Fenelon and Exile appeared to struggle hard under it. The first-named was collared by Dry Monopole as they neared the turn for home and Exile already had enough, and Hayward, feeling his horse tiring, ceased to persevere. As they swung into the home stretch after running a mile the order was Dry Monopole a length in front of Blue Wing, he a length before Hidalgo, with Boaz, Oriflamme, Richmond and Wickham in a bunch not more than two lengths away. The drive for home was exciting and the shouts went up for Monopole, Blue Wing and Hidalgo, while not a few thought Richmond might come out of the bunch and snatch victory on the post. But the race for the prize was between the three leaders, and whip and spur cut deeply into their sides as they gamely struggled for the goal. Hidalgo was coming wonderfully fast on the outside, and Garrison, on Blue Wing, seemed to think that he was the dangerous element, but little McCarthy was keeping Dry Monopole down to his work on the inside, and the finish was one of the grandest ever seen on a race-track. All were thoroughly extended, and the last cut of McCarthy's whip and the last stab of his spurs into the flanks of the game little son of Glenelg and Peru sent Dry Monopole past the judges a neck before Blue Wing, who could only beat Hidalgo a neck for the place. Oriflamme was fourth, a dozen lengths away, and a length before Wickham, fifth, who led Richmond, sixth, four lengths. Biscuit was seventh, two lengths further away, and then came Fenelon, Boaz, Himalaya, Exile, Wanderment, Bonanza, General Nay and Alf Estill last. The time, 2:07, is the fastest on record, beating the 2:07½ of Binnette.

Blaylock, who rode Free Knight, escaped without injury, but Caldwell suffered a fracture of the arm and was otherwise injured, internally.

Egmont and Volante.

A dispatch from Louisville says: The racing this week promises a great deal of interest. The most notable event will be the meeting between Egmont and Volante in the Merchants' Stake next Wednesday. This race is looked forward to with particular interest. Egmont, after a brilliant career in the bushes, has dawned upon the turf world in the guise of a great 4-year-old phenomenon. Those who saw the horse win his two races at Memphis immediately pronounced him a great racer. He came to Louisville and easily cleaned out a fine field in the only race in which he has started. He found no trouble in disposing of Favor and other horses of that class, and in none of his three races has he been pushed beyond what seemed for him a gallop. Yet even at this he did his mile in 1:43. It remains to be seen now what he can do with a first-class horse like Volante. Volante showed splendid form in his race against Wary last Thursday, doing his mile and one-eighth in a gallop over a slow track in 1:56¾. It is believed that he is as good now as ever he was, and considerably better than when he was defeated by Miss Woodford in the Eclipse Stake at St. Louis last June. It is understood that his owner, Mr. Baldwin, is ready to back him to beat Egmont, or any other horse. On the other hand, the friends of this new candidate for popular favor are quite confident that he is too good for Volante. In any event, the race will be a great one, and doubtless the Merchants' record will be lowered if the track is good.

The Driving Club.

The programme arranged by the Gentlemen's Driving Club for Saturday matinee at Forest Park will consist of 2:50 and 2:45 class trotters, in mile heats, in harness or to cart, and 2:35 class pacers, mile heats, in harness. Liberal purses will be given in each class, and entries can be made at 704 Pine street up to noon of Friday next.

Bendigo's Sale.

LONDON, May 17.—The report published this morning that $100,000 had been offered for the famous racer, Bendigo, turns out not to have been made by the Paris bookmaker, Wright, as had been asserted, but by a party in London, whom Mr. Barclay does not consider responsible enough to carry on any negotiations with. Indeed, it is not certain that he would have parted with Bendigo, even had the offer been a bona-fide one. The whole matter may now be considered to have fallen through.

A Loyal Jockey.

''Lucky' Baldwin did not expect to run one of his horses in the Kentucky Derby up to last Monday,'' said a man from Louisville yesterday to the Chicago Herald. ''Goliah had gone wrong in the winter, and it was common talk that Pendennis was in no condition for a hard race. The reason why he sent the latter horse to the post last Wednesday is rather interesting. Last winter the Labold Brothers, the owners of Montrose, entered into an agreement with 'Lucky' Baldwin whereby they were to have second call on Isaac Murphy's services for the Derby provided the Santa Anita stables were not represented in the race. Now Murphy was born and reared under the eye of J. Hunt Reynolds, the late owner of the Fleetwood stables. Since Mr. Reynolds died Isaac has been a staunch friend of Mrs. Reynolds, who has been looking after the interests of the Fleetwood string, the only Derby representative of which was Clarion. Of course Mrs. Reynolds wanted Murphy to ride Clarion in case neither Goliah nor Pendennis started, but Baldwin's agreement with the Labold Brothers prevented this, much to the disappointment of Isaac, who would sell his right arm for his benefactress. Baldwin appreciated his famous jockey's awkward position, and at the last moment consented to start Pendennis in order to keep Murphy off Montrose's back. Neither the California millionaire nor Murphy expected Pendennis to run to a chalk mark. It is a rather pretty story of a millionaire's loyalty to his jockey, and of a bright and prosperous young man's devotion to his old benefactress. When Murphy wears the colors of the Fleetwood stables you may make up your mind that he is doing it for the love he bears Mrs. Reynolds. He has been known to refuse $2,000 mounts for the sake of riding for his old friend.''

Turf Notes.

Jacobin was sold at Lexington, Ky., on Friday to George Hawkins of Chicago for $7,500.

Pittsburg talks of a running meeting this summer. Philadelphia will eventually follow suit—perhaps next year.

The old Cote Brilliante Race Track has been abandoned and the fences and stables are being removed as rapidly as possible.

Belle F., 2:15½, and Woodmont, the pacer, record 2:22¾, are to contend for a purse of $1,750 at the Detroit Driving Park, July 1.

The following records of 2:30 or better were made at Suffolk course last week: Br. m. Lady Thistle, 2:27¼; b. m. Edith, 2:30½; blk. m. Maggie B., 2:25¼; b. m. Ida Bell, 2:25¼; b. g. St. Jacob, 2:29¼; br. g. King Midas, 2:30; b. g. Matchless, 2:28¼; b. g. Royal Bounce, 2:25¼; blk. g. Monte (pacer), 2:26¼; b. g. Grand Sec (pacer), 2:27½, and blk. g. E. C. O. (pacer), 2:26¼. There were altogether thirty-two heats trotted and paced in 2:30 or better.

Sporting Gossip.

Dennis Butler of Philadelphia proposes to out-do Paul Boyton, May 29, he will swim in the Delaware with both hands and feet tied.

A cushion-carrom billiard-match between Billy Sexton and Maurice Daly will begin at Washington on the 23d inst., lasting six days, 300 points to be played each day.

Prof. Blatt, the champion cannon-ball catcher, has issued a challenge offering to wager $500 that he can catch a twenty-five pound cannon-ball discharged from a cannon at a distance of fifty yards, more times in one hour than any man living.

After much talk a match has at last been arranged between Pete McCoy and Denny Kelleher of Quincy, Mass. The men are to fight at catch weights, without gloves, for a $1,000 purse subscribed by twenty contributros. McCoy will weigh about 145 and Kelleher 155.

Pete McCoy's eyesight is getting bad, yet he is still in the field, and says he will meet any middle-weight living in a finish fight in daylight. Speaking of Gallagher and Dempsey, he says: ''I have boxed both. Gallagher is a stiff one, with a good left hand. If I had my choice I would go against Dempsey in preference to him.

Matsada Sorakichi, through his backer, Richard K. Fox, has challenged Thomas McMahon to a wrestling contest Græco-Roman or catch-as-catch-can for $500 or $1,000 a side, the match to come off in New York. Fox will allow McMahon $50 expenses. McMahon has wired Fox that he would take the proposition under consideration.

Jack McAuliffe in his ring tactics is, like Dempsey, a ''wheeler.'' His plan is to let the rush fighter come to him, to nail and prop him with the left as he makes his onslaught, and to let his legs take good care that his body don't get punished. Snee is no ''duffer'' and will make a real ''duffer'' of twice his hitting power whip himself trying to lick him.

John L. Sullivan writes to a friend in this city: ''I will fight Jake Kilrain sure, and will take immediate steps to arrange a match when I arrive at Boston. But I will do no business with the 'Jack on all sides,' Richard K. Fox, nor shall I advertise his so-called championship belt. I want to fight this man just to show how easy I will make him quit, and I'll make him hustle harder than ever he did in his life. I won't hold him off on price, but will make a match for from $1,000 to $10,000 a side, or whatever money he can get.'' Killen, Sullivan writes, won't fight him, and that he has letters from Killen to prove this. He thinks Paddy Ryan a good fellow, but he has tired of whipping him, and will pay no attention to anything he says. What to do about Cardiff he has not yet determined. He holds him in the greatest contempt, but may possibly drop in on Cardiff and give him a drubbing on his way to California, from which place he, Sheedy and Steve Taylor go to Australia in September for a two years' trip. He has made money, avoids drink, and says he is in excellent health and condition.



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ANGLO-MANIACS.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie Writes a Letter Which Causes Them to Squirm.

NEW YORK, May 17.—The following letter has created quite a sensation among the ''Anglomaniacs'' of this city. Mr. Andrew Carnegie having been requested to attend the preliminary meetings at a later date to contribute to the funds for the proposed celebration of the Queen's jubilee in New York, addressed the following reply to the treasurer of the fund, Mr. John Patton, banker:

MY DEAR SIR—There are several good reasons why I cannot subscribe to or sympathize with the proposed jubilee.

1. I am an American citizen and a very staunch Republican—a man who rejects the monarchical idea as inconsistent with and insulting to his manhood. I should stultify myself were I to celebrate the reign of any hereditary ruler. ''I was born as free as Cæsar.''

2. I am at a loss to see what naturalized American citizens have to do celebrating the reign of any sovereign monarch. If they are not loyal republicans and true to the land of their adoption it is open to them at all times to leave its shores and find homes elsewhere. The Republic deserves to be served by citizens true to the fundamental idea upon which her political institutions are based. I infer that this view is shared by the most distinguished of these gentlemen of New York who, like myself, were born the subjects of the monarchy, for I observe with satisfaction that your committee has been compelled to select a Canadian as President and also as chief orator—eminent and justly honored men, but still quite foreign to New York and to America. A New York demonstration, presided over and also addressed by imported Canadians, will be quite unique in its way, but in no sense will represent New York. I rejoice that no New York men of position could be found who could so far forget themselves as to appear upon republican soil as the eulogists of monarchy.

To such of my fellow-countrymen as see proper to enjoy the blessings of residence in America and yet remain aliens, I venture to suggest that the canons of good taste, not less than gratitude to the Republic to whose hospitality they are indebted for so many favors, should lead them to hesitate before parading and forcing upon the knowledge of their perhaps too generous host that their first allegiance is to a foreign ruler and their preference for political institutions vitally opposed to those of the land in which they dwell and prosper.

In conclusion, my dear Mr. Patton, if our fellow-countrymen must celebrate something, let me suggest to them that the proper day for a political demonstration in New York is the Fourth of July, and on that day let them pray that the day is not far distant when our less favored countrymen at home shall share with us the blessings of institutions founded upon the political equality of the citizens—the day when hereditary privilege will be unknown, and when ''government of the people, by the people and for the people'' will be the watchword of English-speaking men throughout the world. Sincerely yours,

ANDREW CARNEGIE.

Bouchurch, Isle of Wight, May 5, 1887.

The ''Empress.''

Those not having seats secured for the performance of the ''Empress'' would do well to reserve them at once at Balmer & Weber's. The profits will go to the orphans and everybody should try and attend. The cast is excellent.

SHIFTS THE RESPONSIBILITY.

Mr. Burchard's Answer to the Contempt Suit Before Judge Jamieson.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 17.—M. N. Burchard, who, as the Manager of Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co., was before Judge Jamieson last week on a contempt suit requiring him to explain his action in directing an agent of his house to attach goods belonging to Clapp & Davies at Beloit, Wis., after notification that they were in the hands of Charles Catlin as receiver has filed his answer to the proceeding. He says he was advised by counsel that he might seize the goods, but all he did was to send a telegram on the Sunday succeeding the failure to his agent in Beloit to get ready to attach Monday. The agent entered suit by attachment without further orders. Burchard denies that the court's jurisdiction extends to another State, and shifts the responsibility on the Beloit agent's shoulders, saying he is only an agent himself, or manager here, for Simpson, Hall, Miller & Co., whose principal place of business is at Wallingford, Conn. Decision in the matter was postponed.

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A MASHER MULCTED.

Fell From a Window—Drowned in the River—Missouri Matters.

KANSAS CITY, May 17.—E. G. Allen, a young masher, was fined yesterday by the City Recorder for approaching Miss Gertrude Morehead, a young lady waiting for a train at the Union Depot. Ed Morton, an actor, walked in his sleep yesterday from his bedroom to a window in the third story of a boarding-house and fell to the street. He died last night. The body of C. J. Quinn, who mysteriously disappeared ten days since, was found in the Missouri yesterday afternoon.

ST. JOSEPH, May 17.—Mrs. Geo. Marks was killed yesterday afternoon in the garden by lightning. She was adjusting a cord around an iron hook at the time.

JOPLIN, May 17.—James Robinson lost his life by falling down the shaft of the Kelly mine at Lehigh yesterday.

Stock Prospects in Montana.

HELENA, Mont., May 17.—Prominent stockmen just returned from a tour of their ranges report an unexcelled prospect for a fine grass crop. The losses of cattle during the winter were large, fully 25 per cent, but with better prices in prospect cattlemen, they say, will hardly feel it.

SEE the nobby line of children's suits at 55c, $1.50 and $2.50 in the great reduction sale at the GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

SALAMANDERS.

Two of the Japanese Terrors Brought to New York.

NEW YORK, May 17.—About ten days ago Chas. Reiche & Bros., dealers in animals, received two salamanders from the interior of Japan. These Japanese terrors have excited great attention, not only because they are the only ones ever imported into this country, but on account of their bad reputations. Anything that they touch is rendered poisonous. Water in which they have poked their noses becomes so deadly as to kill any living thing that touches it. The reputation of the salamander with regard to fire is well known. It is believed that these animals have many other bad habits about which they are silent. On Sunday the two warty beasts were left in a shallow tub and yesterday morning both had escaped. The larger of the two was found in a corner of the room, and without much difficulty was picked up on a cloth and put back in the tub. The little one had left a watery trail in its flight which led out of the door and half way down a flight of stairs to a hole just big enough for the creature to squeeze through. The wandering salamander must have made a quick descent to the cellar floor, where a young black bear of great amiability of character was chained to the walls.

The fall probably soured the salamander's temper and made him anxious to smash things, for when the store was opened up yesterday morning the bear was lying dead in its corner with froth about its muzzle, and its body drawn up as if it had died with the colic. No marks could be found in the bear's body, and no autopsy was made. That will come in due time to-day, for everybody wants to know just how the salamander gets in its deadly work. The cellar of the store was thoroughly searched during the day but the lizard was not to be found. Last night a stream of water was left trickling down into an iron basin in the hopes that the pleasant sound would attract the salamander, which must be very dry indeed by this time. The unfortunate part of the affair is that nobody knows whether the salamander kills its victim by biting, spitting or merely getting into the same county. This uncertainty makes the hunt peculiarly exciting.

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EAST ST. LOUIS.

Some Sensational Developments Looked for at the Council Meeting—Notes.

The experts employed to examine the books of the City Treasurer and City Clerk have concluded their labors and will present their report to the City Council to-morrow afternoon. Nothing definite as to what the report would disclose could be ascertained to-day, but it is hinted that the examination showed that the appropriation for the last fiscal year was overdrawn $20,000, and that a number of transactions which would make good grounds for indictments were brought to light. It has been generally suspected that the affairs of the city had been left in a very bad state by the last administration, and as there has been a general interest taken in the result of the experts' examination of the treasurer's and clerk's book, it is expected that there will be a large crowd in attendance at the Council to-morrow afternoon to hear the report of the experts read.

Last evening Sarah West, colored, swore out warrants for the arrest of Henry and Annie Cross, also colored, on a charge of disturbing the peace. The case was tried before a colored jury in 'Squire Bunyan's Court this morning, and the defendants were found not guilty and discharged.

Judge Canby has gone to Carlyle, Clinton County, to hold court at the request of Judge Snyder.

The Catholic Knights of America meet this evening at the Herald office.

State Agent of the Humane Society Eggman shot a horse, belonging to Sam Roberts, which had been struck by an L. & N. train this morning at the St. Clair avenue crossing.

''A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.''

Catarrh is not simply an inconvenience, unpleasant to the sufferer and disgusting to others—it is an advanced outpost of approaching disease of worse type. Do not neglect its warning; it brings deadly evils in its train. Before it is too late use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It reaches the seat of the ailment, and is the only thing that will. You may dose yourself with quack medicines 'till it is too late—'till the streamlet becomes a resistless torrent. It is the matured invention of a scientific physician. ''A word to the wise is sufficient.''

Amusement Notes.

Prof. O. R. Gleason gave a very entertaining exhibition of horse-training at the Olympic last evening.

''Adirondacks,'' Miss Louise Pomeroy's comedy-drama, is pleasing the audiences at the People's.

The rehearsals for the ''Empress'' indicate a clever presentation of Mr. Dierkes' drama at the Grand Thursday night.

The sale of season tickets for the engagement of the National Opera Company at Music Hall Thursday morning promises to be large. The repertoire for the engagement is a brilliant one, the production of ''Nero'' being one of the finest ever attempted in this country.



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Our very latest is a line of Satin-Chenille Neckwear, in the new style long Tecks and Four-in-Hands, six different shades, 60c—PRICE—60c.

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Will Open June 11; the Hotel June 23.
D. M. & W. E. HILDRETH.
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Opens June 25.
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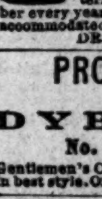
Benton's Hair Grower.

All who are BALD, all who are becoming BALD, all who do not want to be BALD, all who are troubled with DANDRUFF or ITCHING of the scalp, should use Benton's Hair Grower. EIGHTY PER CENT of those using it have grown hair. It never fails to stop the hair from falling. Through sickness and fevers the hair sometimes falls off in a short time, and although the person may have remained bald for years, if you use Benton's Hair Grower according to directions you are sure of a growth of hair. In hundreds of cases we have produced a good growth of hair on those who have been bald and glazed for years. We have fully substantiated the following facts: We grow Hair in 80 cases out of 100, no matter how long bald. Unlike other preparations, it contains no sugar of lead, or vegetable or mineral poisons. It is a specific for falling hair, dandruff and itching of the scalp. The Hair Grower is a hair food, and its composition is almost exactly like the oil which supplies the hair with its vitality.

DOUBLE AND TRIPLE STRENGTH.

When the skin is very tough and hard, and the follicle is apparently effectually closed, the single strength will sometimes fail to reach the papilla; in such cases the double or triple strength should be used in connection with the single, using them alternately. Price, Single strength, $1; Double strength, $2; Triple strength, $3. If your druggists have not got it we will send it prepaid on receipt of price.

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DIVIDEND NOTICES.

JUMBO MINING AND MILLING CO.—Office, 121 N. Third st., St. Louis, Mo. Dividend No. 3. The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of two and one-half (2½) cents per share of stock, payable May 20, 1887, out of the net earnings for month ending 10th inst. Transfer books close May 13 and re-open May 20, 1887. GEO. E. [illegible]